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# MAYBANK MALAYSIA GROWTH-I FUND

# Unaudited Semi-annual report For the financial period from 1 May 2023 to 31 October 2023

# **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

# MANAGER

Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (199701006283) (421779-M) Level 12 Tower C Dataran Maybank No.1 Jalan Maarof 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Telephone +603 2297 7888 Facsimile +603 2715 0071 www.maybank-am.com.my

# EXTERNAL INVESTMENT MANAGER

Maybank Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd (201301012623) (1042461-K) Level 12, Tower C, Dataran Maybank No. 1 Jalan Maarof 59000 Kuala Lumpur Telephone +603 2297 7888 Facsimile +603 2297 7898

# TRUSTEE

AmanahRaya Trustees Berhad (200701008892) (766894-T) Tingkat 14, Wisma AmanahRaya No. 2, Jalan Ampang 50508 Kuala Lumpur Telephone +603 2036 5129/ 5000 Facsimile +603 2072 0321

#### SHARIAH ADVISOR

Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd (200501007003) (684050-H) Level 13A-2, Menara Tokio Marine Life No. 189, Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur Telephone +603 2161 0260 Facsimile +603 2161 0262

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Manager's report For the financial period from 1 May 2023 to 31 October 2023

## A. Fund Information

- 1. Name of the Fund Maybank Malaysia Growth-I Fund ("Fund")
- 2. Type of Fund Growth Fund (Shariah)
- 3. Category of Fund Equity Fund
- **4. Duration of the Fund** The Fund is an open-ended Fund.
- 5. Fund launch date/ Commencement date 24 November 2000/ 15 December 2000

#### 6. Fund's investment objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to achieve a steady capital growth over the medium term (three to five years) to long-term period (more than five years) through the investments permissible under Shariah principles.

# 7. Fund distribution policy

Income distribution (if any) is expected to be distributed annually at the Manager's discretion, subject to the approval from the Trustee. The amount distributed varies depending on the performance of the Fund and prevailing economic conditions. Any distributions declared, will be reinvested as additional units. No sales charge is charged on the reinvestment of income distributions.

#### 8. Fund's performance benchmark

- 90% of the FTSE Bursa Malaysia ("FBM") EMAS Shariah Index ("FBM EMAS Index"); and
- 10% of 1-month General Investment Account ("GIA") rates of commercial banks.

# 9. The Fund's investment policy and principal investment strategy

The principal activity of the Fund is to invest between 70% to 98% of the Fund's net asset value ("NAV") in Shariah-compliant equities in the Asia Pacific markets. The Fund may also invest up to 10% of the NAV of the Fund in unlisted Shariah-compliant securities.

The Fund will also invest between 2% to 30% of the Fund's NAV in Islamic liquid assets including Islamic money market instruments and placement in Islamic deposits for liquidity purposes and/ or Shariah-compliant collective investment schemes.

#### 10. Net income distribution for the financial period from 1 May 2023 to 31 October 2023

There was no distribution declared by the Fund for the financial period from 1 May 2023 to 31 October 2023.

# Manager's report For the financial period from 1 May 2023 to 31 October 2023 (cont'd)

# **B.** Performance Review

# 1. Key performance data of the Fund

Category	31.10.2023	31.10.2022	30.04.2023
Portfolio	%	%	%
Shariah-compliant equities - local			
Construction	16.02	9.92	14.43
Consumer Products & Services	2.02	2.57	5.57
Energy	10.90	4.15	7.11
Financial Services	2.59	8.70	5.53
Healthcare	-	2.82	3.63
Industrial Products & Services	9.60	6.41	2.12
Plantation	-	2.08	-
Technology	8.86	10.29	4.94
Telecommunications & Media	7.64	6.64	7.94
Transportation & Logistics	-	5.72	4.31
Utilities	9.74	6.17	11.21
Shariah-compliant equities - foreign			
Hong Kong	10.85	1.44	11.54
Indonesia	3.54	3.96	1.06
Philippines	2.08	1.09	2.01
Thailand	5.99	-	3.43
Cash and other net assets	10.17	28.04	15.17
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00
NAV (RM'000)	13,358	13,939	13,934
Units in circulation (units'000)	27,765	31,664	30,539
NAV per unit (RM)	0.4811	0.4402	0.4563
Highest NAV per unit (RM)	0.5125	0.5125	0.5125
Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	0.4321	0.4321	0.4321
Net income distributed (RM'000)	-	-	-
Distribution date	-	-	-
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	-	-	-
Net distribution per unit (sen)	-	-	-
Annual return (%) <sup>(1)</sup>			
- Capital growth (%)	5.39	(14.11)	(10.93)
- Income distribution (%)		(14.11) -	(10.00)
Benchmark (%)	0.99	(11.76)	(9.26)
			<b>.</b>
Total Expense Ratio ("TER") (%) <sup>(2)</sup>	0.98	0.93	2.14
Portfolio Turnover Ratio ("PTR") (times) <sup>(3)</sup>	0.40	0.31	0.66

# Manager's report For the financial period from 1 May 2023 to 31 October 2023 (cont'd)

### **B.** Performance Review

# 1. Key performance data of the Fund (cont'd)

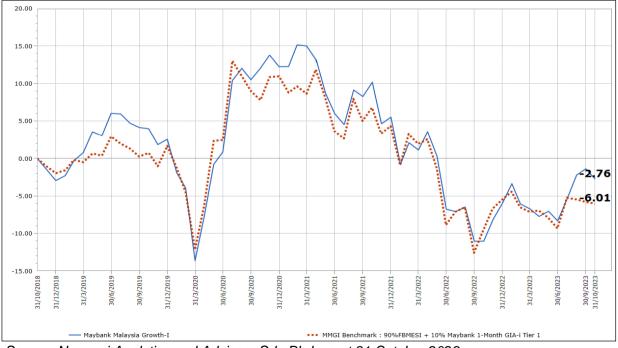
## Notes:

- (1) Actual return of the Fund for the financial period is computed based on the daily average NAV per unit, net of Manager's and Trustee's fees.
- (2) The Fund's TER increased to 1.01% due to higher expenses in the current financial period ended 31 October 2023.
- (3) The Fund's PTR increase to 0.40 times due to increase trading activities in the current financial period ended 31 October 2023.

# 2. Performance of the Fund up to 31 October 2023

Category	6 months to 31.10.2023 %	1 year to 31.10.2023 %	3 years to 31.10.2023 %	5 years to 31.10.2023 %
Capital growth	5.39	9.29	(20.68)	(11.10)
Income distribution	-	-	9.38	9.38
Total return of the Fund	5.39	9.29	(13.23)	(2.76)
Benchmark	0.99	3.86	(12.82)	(6.01)
Average total return	-	9.29	(4.62)	(0.56)

Investors are reminded that past performance of the Fund is not necessarily an indicative of its future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.



Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn Bhd, as at 31 October 2023

# Manager's report For the financial period from 1 May 2023 to 31 October 2023 (cont'd)

#### **B.** Performance Review (cont'd)

# 2. Performance of the Fund up to 31 October 2023 (cont'd)

For the period under review, the Fund registered a total return of 5.39% compared to the relative benchmark return of 0.99%. This implies an outperformance of 4.40%. Against the benchmark, main outperformers came from industrials, energy, and communication services. Industrial benefitted impressive contract wins for some of the construction players, while energy stocks benefitted from the higher oil prices. Lastly, our stock selection in the communication services helped the portfolio as we underweight in some of the underperforming telco stocks. On the other hand, detractors came from information technology, utilities, and materials as the Fund had underweight in these sectors in addition to negative stock selection in some the sectors. Stocks such as Petronas Chemical, despite its poor near-term outlook gained during the period under review as investors "bottom-fish" these heavy-weights.

## 3. Total return of the Fund

For the financial	31.10.2023	30.04.2023	30.04.2022	30.04.2021	30.04.2020
period/ year	%	%	%	%	%
Capital growth	5.39	(10.93)	(12.84)	17.74	(10.90)
Income distribution	-	-	4.95	4.23	-
Total return	5.39	(10.93)	(8.53)	22.72	(10.90)
Benchmark	0.99	(9.26)	(8.32)	19.29	(6.84)

#### 4. Basis of calculation made in calculating the returns:

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/ decline in NAV after taking into account all the distributions payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follows:

Capital return	=	(NAV per unit end/ NAV per unit begin) - 1
Income return	=	Income distribution per unit/ NAV per unit ex-date
Total return	=	(1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) - 1

# Manager's report For the financial period from 1 May 2023 to 31 October 2023 (cont'd)

#### C. Market Review

Global financial markets during the period under review were broadly mixed, as investors were faced with sharp rise in inflation, monetary policy tightening, risks of a global recession, rising bond yields, and finally a geopolitical conflict in the Middle East. While global equity markets were mixed by the end of the review period, it suffered several monthly selloffs throughout the period. The year started well as the outlook for the global economy looks better than expected, with the United States ("US") and Europe showing resiliency helped by the lower energy prices and the re-opening economy in China. However, this was quickly dampened by the developments in the global banking sector that posed new uncertainty on the direction of monetary policy. While the developed markets' financial sector events were distinctive and has stopped short of a systematic risk, it does potentially lead to tighter lending environment and slower economic activity. Markets saw resilient economic data, which cushioned fears of imminent recession. However, these sparked concerns of a ramp-up in monetary tightening. This led to higher bond yields, affecting equity valuations post the latest US Federal Reserves ("Fed") meeting in September 2023, maintaining rates but more hawkish than expected.

In equities, the main US markets were mixed, with National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations ("Nasdaq") gaining 5.10%, outperforming Standard and Poor's 500 ("S&P 500") 0.60% return and Dow Jones loss by 6.80%. Nasdaq climb was concentrated to the magnificent 7, beneficiary of the artificial intelligence ("AI") frenzy in the technology sector, as investors rush into stocks chip manufacturers such as Nvidia. European markets were broadly lower, as the Financial Times Stock Exchange 100 ("FTSE 100") and German Dax both fell 7.00% while the Stoxx 50 fell 6.80%. It more of a mix picture in Asia, as Hong Kong, China (Shanghai), and South Korea declined 14.00%, 9.20%, and 8.90% respectively. On the flipside, Japan, India, and Taiwan gained 6.90%, 4.50%, and 2.70% respectively. In Association of Southeast Asian Nations ("ASEAN"), Malaysia was the clear outperformer, the sole gainer by 1.80% during the period. Worst performer came from Philippines and Thailand that fell 9.80% and 9.60% respectively. This was followed by decline in Singapore and Indonesia of 6.20% and 2.40% respectively.

# D. Market Outlook and Strategy

As we move towards the end of 2023, global growth is expected continue to pick-up, mainly driven by the US on the back of solid labour market conditions. Inflation is expected to remain elevated, made worse by Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries ("OPEC") and its allies' recent move to cut crude oil production. Adding to this, geopolitical tensions will also continue to weigh on sentiment with the recent escalation of the decades-long conflict in the Middle East. With US inflation data expected to remain sticky, we are expecting interest rates to remain higher-for-longer, which would in turn result in persistent United States Dollar ("USD") strength. While we recognise this narrative has somewhat shifted recently, we remain cautious and will monitor closely on these developments.

# Manager's report For the financial period from 1 May 2023 to 31 October 2023 (cont'd)

## D. Market Outlook and Strategy (cont'd)

Strategy wise, we maintain cautiously positive on Malaysian equity markets moving forward on the back of the economic recovery and the follow through of re-opening activities as there are still sectors below pre-covid levels. While we remain wary of the risks at hand, such as geopolitical and sluggish global growth, we are however increasing allocation into specific thematic stocks. For example, sectors that are related to the recently announced National Energy Transformation Roadmap ("NETR"), high-speed rail and Mass Rapid Transit ("MRT") 3. Nonetheless, we remain nimble in our approach as the market continues to be somewhat volatile.

#### E. Soft Commissions and Rebates

The Manager an its delegates will not retain any form of soft commissions and rebates from or otherwise share in any commission with any broker in consideration for directing dealings in the investments of the Fund unless the commission received is retained in the form of goods and services such as financial wire services and stock quotations systems incidental to investment management of the Fund. All dealings with broker are executed on best available terms.

During the financial period under review, the Manager and its delegates did not receive any rebates from the brokers or dealers but have retained soft commissions in the form of goods and services such as research materials and advisory services that assist in decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund (i.e. research materials, data and quotation services, computer hardware and software incidental to the investment management of the Fund and investment advisory services) which were of demonstrable benefits to the unitholders.

# **TRUSTEE'S REPORT**

# TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK MALAYSIA GROWTH-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

We, AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD, have acted as Trustee of MAYBANK MALAYSIA GROWTH-I FUND for the six months financial period ended 31 October 2023. In our opinion, MAYBANK ASSET MANAGEMENT SDN BHD, the Manager, has operated and managed MAYBANK MALAYSIA GROWTH-I FUND in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the Deeds, securities laws and the applicable Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds for the six months financial period ended 31 October 2023.

We are also of the opinion that:

- (a) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- (b) Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the Deeds and any regulatory requirement; and
- (c) Creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Deed and any regulatory requirements.

Yours faithfully AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD

ZAINUDIN BIN SUHAIMI Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 12 December 2023

# STATEMENT BY MANAGER

# TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK MALAYSIA GROWTH-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 MAY 2023 TO 31 OCTOBER 2023

I, Ahmed Muzni Bin Mohamed, being a Director of Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying unaudited financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* and International Accounting Standards 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Maybank Malaysia Growth-I Fund as at 31 October 2023 and of its results, changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the financial period from 1 May 2023 to 31 October 2023 and comply with the requirements of the Deeds.

For and on behalf of the Manager

Ahmed Muzni Bin Mohamed Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 12 December 2023

# **REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISER**

# TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK MALAYSIA GROWTH-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 MAY 2023 TO 31 OCTOBER 2023

We hereby confirm the following: .

- To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") has operated and managed Maybank Malaysia Growth-I Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- 2. The asset of the Fund comprises of instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant.

For and on behalf of **Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd** 

TAN SRI DR. MOHD DAUD BAKAR Executive Chairman

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 11 December 2023

# UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 MAY 2023 TO 31 OCTOBER 2023

	Note	01.05.2023 to 31.10.2023 RM	01.05.2022 to 31.10.2022 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME/ (LOSS)			
Dividend income Profit income Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"):		231,037 23,977	133,944 32,469
- Realised gain/ (loss)		117,855	(111,390)
- Unrealised gain/ (loss)		428,282	(2,277,307)
Net gain on foreign exchange	4	112,827	47,099
		913,978	(2,175,185)
EXPENSES			
Manager's fee	5	105,350	112,608
Trustee's fee	6	5,619	6,006
Auditors' remuneration		4,537	4,537
Tax agent's fee		2,269	2,269
Brokerage and other transaction fees		29,931	25,687
Administrative expenses		18,989	13,281
		166,695	164,388
Net results before taxation		747,283	(2,339,573)
Taxation	7	(2,743)	(1,200)
Net results after taxation, and total	-1		
comprehensive income/ (loss) for the financi period	aı	744,540	(2,340,773)
Net results after taxation is made up of the foll	owing:		
Net realised gain/ (loss)	-	211,853	(135,939)
Net unrealised gain/ (loss)		532,687	(2,204,834)
		744,540	(2,340,773)

# UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2023

	Note	31.10.2023 RM	30.04.2023 RM
ASSETS			
Financial assets at FVTPL Shariah-compliant deposits with a	8	11,998,388	11,819,911
licensed Islamic financial institution	9	644,000	1,614,397
Dividend income receivables		1,188	15,514
Profit income receivables		51	355
Amount due from Manager	10	-	4,097
Amount due from broker		615,375	
Cash at bank	11	197,453	527,889
TOTAL ASSETS		13,456,455	13,982,163
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager	10	78,049	19,153
Amount due to Trustee	12	941	924
Other payables and accruals		19,705	27,878
TOTAL LIABILITIES		98,695	47,955
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND		13,357,760	13,934,208
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDER OF THE FUND COMPRISE:	S		
Unitholders' capital	13(a)	7,005,821	8,326,809
Retained earnings	13(b) & (c)	6,351,939	5,607,399
5		13,357,760	13,934,208
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION (UNITS)	13(a)	27,764,909	30,539,185
NAV PER UNIT (RM)		0.4811	0.4563

# UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 MAY 2023 TO 31 OCTOBER 2023

	Unitholders' capital Note 13(a) RM	Retained earnings Note 13(b) and (c) RM	Net assets attributable to unitholders RM
At 1 May 2023	8,326,809	5,607,399	13,934,208
Total comprehensive income for the			
financial period	-	744,540	744,540
Creation of units	12,789	-	12,789
Cancellation of units	(1,333,777)	-	(1,333,777)
At 31 October 2023	7,005,821	6,351,939	13,357,760
At 1 May 2022 Total comprehensive loss for the	9,275,415	7,426,266	16,701,681
financial period	-	(2,340,773)	(2,340,773)
Creation of units	6,265	-	6,265
Cancellation of units	(428,072)	-	(428,072)
At 31 October 2022	8,853,608	5,085,493	13,939,101

# UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 MAY 2023 TO 31 OCTOBER 2023

	01.05.2023 to 31.10.2023 RM	01.05.2022 to 31.10.2022 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net proceeds from sale of financial assets at FVTPL Net purchase of investments Dividends received Profit income received Manager's fee paid Trustee's fee paid Payment of other fees and expenses Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating and investing activities	5,490,756 (5,675,911) 245,363 24,281 (105,042) (5,602) (33,968) (60,123)	5,871,384 (3,490,126) 151,678 32,421 (115,279) (6,148) (20,951) 2,422,979
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from creation of units Payments for cancellation of units Net cash used in financing activities	16,886 (1,275,188) (1,258,302)	6,597 (435,718) (429,121)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD Effects of foreign exchange	(1,318,425) 2,142,286 17,592	1,993,858 1,955,735 18,483
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	841,453	3,968,076
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE:		
Cash at bank (Note 11) Shariah-compliant deposits with a licensed Islamic financial	197,453	892,584
institution with original maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)	644,000 841,453	3,075,492 3,968,076

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 MAY 2023 TO 31 OCTOBER 2023

#### 1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Maybank Malaysia Growth-I Fund ("the Fund") was constituted pursuant to the executed Deed dated 25 October 2000 between Amanah Mutual Berhad ("AMB") as the previous Manager of the Fund and AmanahRaya Trustees Berhad as the Trustee and the Registered Holders of the Fund. Subsequently, the following deeds has been issued between AMB and the Trustee:

- First supplemental deed dated 12 September 2003
- Second supplemental deed dated 26 May 2005
- Third supplemental deed dated 13 August 2008
- Fourth supplemental deed dated 17 October 2014
- Fifth supplemental deed dated 13 January 2017

The principal activity of the Fund is to invest between 70% to 98% of the Fund's NAV in Shariahcompliant equities. The Fund will also invest a minimum of 2% of the Fund's NAV in Shariahcompliant liquid assets including Shariah-compliant money market instruments and placement in Shariah-compliant deposits for liquidity purposes.

The previous Manager of the Fund is AMB, a company incorporated in Malaysia, is principally engaged in the management of unit trust funds. Amanah Saham Nasional Berhad ("ASNB") and Permodalan Nasional Berhad, companies incorporated in Malaysia, were the holding and ultimate holding company of the Manager until 16 May 2018.

Following the acquisition of AMB by Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MAM"), the immediate and ultimate holding companies of the Manager has been changed to MAM and Malayan Banking Berhad ("MBB") respectively effective 17 May 2018.

Subsequently, MAM and the Trustee has entered into the Sixth supplemental deed dated 4 September 2018, Seventh supplemental deed dated 11 July 2019 and Eighth supplemental deed dated 8 August 2022. The Deed and Supplemental Deeds are subsequently referred to as 'Deeds'.

The Manager of the Fund is MAM, a company incorporated in Malaysia. It is a holder of the Capital Markets Services License with fund management as its regulated activity under the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 ("CMSA"). The principal place of business of MAM is at Level 12, Tower C Dataran Maybank, No. 1 Jalan Maarof, 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. MAM is a subsidiary of Maybank Asset Management Group Berhad ("MAMG"), which in turn is a subsidiary of MBB.

MAM has appointed Maybank Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MIAM") as the External Investment Manager for the Fund. MIAM is a subsidiary of MAMG and is a holder of a capital markets services licence to carry out Islamic fund management business pursuant to Section 61 of the CMSA. The role and responsibilities of MIAM include management of the investment portfolio in accordance with the investment objective, subject to the CMSA and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission of Malaysia ("SC") and any other relevant guidelines issued by the SC as well as the terms and conditions of the investment management agreement between MIAM and MAM.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standard 134: Interim Financial Reporting ("MFRS 134") and International Accounting Standards 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

The Fund had adopted the MFRS, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations Committee ("IC") which have become effective during the financial period from 1 May 2021 to 31 October 2021. The adoption of the new pronouncements did not result in any material impact to the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies in Note 2.3 to Note 2.15 to the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM").

#### 2.2 Standards and Amendments issued but not yet effective

The following are Standards, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations issued by the MASB, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
MFRS 17: Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 108: Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112: Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities arising	
from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112: International Tax Reform - Pillar Two Model Rules	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 16: Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101: Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 and MFRS 7: Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets between	
an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

The Fund expects that the adoption of the above Standards and Amendments to Standards will not have any material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application.

# 2.3 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.4 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the assets.

#### (i) Financial assets at amortised cost

Unless designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition, debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment loss:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objectives is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that do not meet the criteria above are classified as either fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or FVTPL.

The Fund classifies dividend receivables, profit income receivables, amount due from Manager, amount due from broker and cash and cash equivalents as financial assets at amortised cost. These assets are subsequently measured using the effective profit rate ("EPR") method and are subject to impairment. The EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial asset and of allocating and recognising the profit income in profit or loss over the relevant period.

#### (ii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

Investments in Shariah-compliant quoted equities are classified as FVTPL, unless the Fund designates an investment that is not held for trading as FVTOCI on initial recognition.

A financial asset is recognised at FVTPL if :

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is part of the portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Fund manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee.

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet the amortised cost criteria but are designated as at FVTPL are measured at FVTPL. A debt instrument may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

#### (ii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") (cont'd)

Debt instruments are reclassified from amortised cost to FVTPL when the business model is changed such that the amortised cost criteria are no longer met. Reclassification of debt instruments that are designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition is not allowed.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss.

Dividend income on debt instruments as at FVTPL is disclosed separately in the profit or loss.

Changes in the fair value of FVTPL investments are recognised in unrealised loss on FVTPL investments in the profit or loss. Accumulated unrealised gains or losses are reclassified to'realised gain on FVTPL investments in the profit or loss when the associated assets are sold.

#### (iii) Impairment of financial assets

Credit losses are recognised based on the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model. The Fund recognises loss allowances for ECL on financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL. The impairment model does not apply to equity investments.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. It is measured as follows:

- Financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the reporting date. As the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive).
- Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date.
  As the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

At each reporting date, the Fund assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- Significant downgrade in credit rating of the instrument by a rating agency;
- A breach of contract such as a default or past due event; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

For balances with short-term nature (e.g. profit income receivables), full impairment will be recognised on uncollected balances after the grace period.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

#### (iv) Derecognition of financial assets

The Fund derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Fund recognises its retained profit in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Fund retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Fund continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of financial asset at amortised cost, the gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

On derecognition of financial asset classified as FVTPL, the cumulative unrealised gain or loss previously recognised is transferred to realised gain or loss on disposal in profit or loss.

#### 2.5 Financial liabilities

#### (i) Classification

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. The Fund classifies amount due to Trustee, amount due to Manager and other payables and accruals as other financial liabilities.

#### (ii) Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Fund's financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EPR method.

#### (iii) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Fund's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.6 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Fund.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (iii) Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting date.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Fund has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.7 Functional and foreign currency

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in RM, which is also the Fund's functional currency.

#### (b) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions or valuations where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

#### 2.8 Unitholders' capital

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria to be presented as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "*Financial Instruments: Presentation*". Those criteria include:

- (i) the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's NAV;
- (ii) the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- (iii) there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
- (iv) the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the statement of comprehensive income of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if unit holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund. Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

Distribution equalisation represents the average distributable amount included in the creation and cancellation prices of units. This amount is either refunded to unitholders by way of distribution and/ or adjusted accordingly when units are cancelled.

# 2.9 Distributions

Any distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserves except where distribution is sourced out of distribution equalisation which is accounted for as an adjustment to the unitholders' capital. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the financial year in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unitholders on the income payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the income payment date, which is also the time of creation.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and deposits with licensed Islamic financial institution with original maturity of three (3) months or less which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 2.11 Revenue/ Income

Revenue/ Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Dividend income on investments in equity instruments at FVTPL is recognised in profit or loss when the Fund's right to receive the dividends is established in accordance with MFRS 9 and is disclosed separately in the profit or loss.

Profit income is recognised using the effective profit rate method and disclosed separately in the profit or loss.

Realised gain or loss on disposal of investments is accounted for as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments and recognised in profit or loss.

Other revenue/ income is generally recognised when the Fund satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service or an asset to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

# 2.12 Taxation

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax expense is determined according to Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable profit earned during the financial period.

Tax on dividend income from foreign Shariah-compliant quoted securities is based on the tax regime of the respective countries that the Fund invests in.

No deferred tax is recognised as no temporary differences have been identified.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.13 Segment information

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

#### 2.14 Cleansing/ Purification of income

The Fund is required to cleanse or purify any income or gains generated by Shariah non-compliant activity or sources. Such Shariah non-compliant gain or income may arise as follows.

(i) Shariah non-compliant investment

Shariah non-compliant investment made by the Manager will be disposed of or withdrawn as soon as possible. In the event the investment results in gain (through capital gain and/ or dividend), the gain is to be channelled to Baitulmal or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser. If the disposal of the investment results in losses to the Fund, the losses are to be borne by the Manager.

(ii) Reclassification of Shariah Status of the Fund's investment

If a security is reclassified as Shariah non-compliant by the SACSC and/ or the Shariah board of the MSCI Islamic Index Series, as per the Shariah Adviser's advice, the said security shall be disposed of soonest practical, once the total amount of dividends received and the market value held equal the original investment costs.

Any capital gains arising from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant security made at the time of the announcement can be kept by the Fund. However, any excess capital gains derived from the disposal after the announcement day at a market price that is higher than the closing price on the announcement day is to be channelled to Baitulmal or any charitable bodies.

The purification exercise is done by channelling the purification amount to charitable purposes as advised by the Shariah Adviser and this exercise will be performed by the Investment Manager when relevant information has been obtained. The calculation of the purification amount must further be endorsed by the Shariah Adviser for verification before the purification is done.

Subsequent to the implementation of MFRS 9, any purification on income resulting from investments in Shariah non-compliant investments is disclosed as a reduction of the corresponding capital gain and/ or dividend in the statement of profit or loss. Prior to the implementation of MFRS 9, purification of income is disclosed as an expense in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 2.15 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

No major judgements have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

#### 3. SHARIAH INFORMATION OF THE FUND

The Shariah Adviser confirmed that the investment portfolio of the Fund is Shariah-compliant, which comprises:

- Shariah-compliant by the Shariah Advisory Council of the Securities Commission Malaysia ("SACSC"), the Shariah Advisory Council of Bank Negara Malaysia ("SACBNM") and the MSCI Islamic Index Series ("MIIS"); and
- ii) Cash placement and liquid assets in local market, which are placed with licensed Islamic financial institutions.

### 4. NET GAIN ON FOREIGN EXCHANGE

	01.05.2023 to 31.10.2023 RM	01.05.2022 to 31.10.2022 RM
Net realised gain/ (loss) on foreign exchange	8,422	(25,374)
Net unrealised gain on foreign exchange	104,405	72,473
	112,827	47,099

#### 5. MANAGER'S FEE

The Manager's fee is computed daily. The fee is computed based on 1.50% (01.05.2022 to 31.10.2022: 1.50%) per annum ("p.a.") of the NAV of the Fund, before deducting Manager's fee and Trustee's fee for the day.

### 6. TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee's fee is computed based on 0.08% (01.05.2022 to 31.10.2022: 0.08%) p.a. of the NAV of the Fund, before deducting Manager's fee and Trustee's fee for the day, subject to a minimum of RM18,000 p.a. The Trustee fee is calculated and accrued daily.

## 7. TAXATION

	01.05.2023	01.05.2022
	to	to
	31.10.2023	31.10.2022
	RM	RM
Tax expense for the financial period:		
Current income tax expense	2,743	1,200

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (01.05.2022 to 31.10.2022: 24%) of the estimated assessable income for the financial year. Dividend income derived from sources outside Malaysia are exempted from Malaysian income tax. However, such income may be subject to tax in the country from which it is derived. With effect from 1 January 2022, the current income tax exemption on foreign-sourced income ("FSI") received in Malaysia by Malaysian residents has been removed.

In accordance with Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act 1967, profit income and dividend income earned by the Fund is exempted from Malaysian tax.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net results before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate is as follows:

	01.05.2023 to 31.10.2023 RM	01.05.2022 to 31.10.2022 RM
Net results before taxation	747,283	(2,339,573)
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (01.05.2022 to 31.10.2022: 24%) Income not subject to tax Loss not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income tax at source Tax expense for the financial period	179,348 (219,355) - 40,007 <u>2,743</u> 2,743	(561,498) (57,333) 579,377 39,453 1,200 1,200

# 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

	31.10.2023		30.04.2023
	Note	RM	RM
Shariah-compliant quoted equities - local	(a)	8,998,516	9,307,330
Shariah-compliant quoted equities - foreign	(b)	2,999,872	2,512,581
		11,998,388	11,819,911

31.	10	.20	23
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(a) Shariah-compliant quoted equities - local	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Construction				
AME Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITs")	284,100	340,641	352,284	2.64
Gamuda Bhd	162,829	614,102	755,527	5.66
IJM Corporation Bhd	315,000	535,863	598,500	4.48
Sunway Construction Group Bhd	226,700	371,182	432,997	3.24
-	988,629	1,861,788	2,139,308	16.02
Consumer Products & Services				
Sime Darby Bhd	118,000	270,578	270,220	2.02
Energy				
Dayang Enterprise Holdings Bhd	234,800	352,259	436,728	3.27
Deleum Bhd	150,000	145,440	143,250	1.07
Hibiscus Petroleum Bhd	222,800	520,934	594,876	4.45
Wasco Bhd	289,900	238,077	281,203	2.11
-	897,500	1,256,710	1,456,057	10.90
<b>F</b>				

# **Financial Services**

Syarikat Takaful Malaysia Keluarga Bhd	94,164	306,966	346,524	2.59
Industrial Products				
Cypark Resources Bhd	475,000	420,716	463,125	3.47
HSS Engineers Bhd	151,200	139,104	141,372	1.06

# 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

# 31.10.2023 (cont'd)

(a) Shariah-compliant quoted equities - local (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Industrial Products (cont'd)				
Press Metal Aluminium Holdings Bhd	29,400	134,839	144,648	1.08
Samaiden Group Bhd	147,600	186,081	162,360	1.22
Sunway Bhd	200,000	388,920	370,000	2.77
	1,003,200	1,269,660	1,281,505	9.60
Technology				
Agmo Holdings Bhd	916	543	522	-
CTOS Digital Berhad	195,000	272,205	282,750	2.12
Frontken Corporation Bhd	84,700	260,560	269,346	2.02
MyEG Services Bhd	475,000	355,772	370,500	2.77
Vitrox Corporation Bhd	37,800	252,541	260,064	1.95
	793,416	1,141,621	1,183,182	8.86
Telecommunication and Media				
Telekom Malaysia Bhd	109,500	507,450	555,165	4.16
TIME dotCom Bhd	87,500	325,732	465,500	3.48
	197,000	833,182	1,020,665	7.64
Utilities				
Mega First Corporation Bhd	79,500	249,366	261,555	1.96
Tenaga Nasional Bhd	105,000	1,041,173	1,039,500	7.78
	184,500	1,290,539	1,301,055	9.74
Total Shariah-compliant quoted equities - local	4,276,409	8,231,044	8,998,516	67.37

# 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

31.10.2023 (cont'd)

(b) Shariah-compliant quoted equities - foreign	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Hong Kong				
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	8,700	448,509	423,781	3.17
Anta Sports Products Ltd	2,500	142,197	134,402	1.01
BYD Co Ltd	3,000	404,191	433,374	3.24
Tencent Holdings Ltd	2,600	472,431	457,543	3.43
-	16,800	1,467,328	1,449,100	10.85
Indonesia				
Indofood Sukses Makmur TBK PT	95,000	205,485	189,525	1.42
Telekomunikasi Indonesia (Persero) TBK PT	270,000	327,992	282,690	2.12
-	365,000	533,477	472,215	3.54
Philippines				
Wilcon Depot Inc	167,500	363,965	278,254	2.08
Thailand				
Airports of Thailand PCL	56,000	511,297	493,225	3.69
Com7 PCL	87,000	322,516	307,078	2.30
-	143,000	833,813	800,303	5.99
Total Shariah-compliant quoted equities - foreign	692,300	3,198,583	2,999,872	22.46
Total Shariah-compliant quoted equities	4,968,709	11,429,627	11,998,388	89.83
Unrealised gain on FVTPL investm	ents*	-	568,761	

\* The unrealised gain on FVTPL investments comprise the amounts arising from changes in fair values and effects from foreign exchange.

# 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

30.04.2023

(a) Shariah-compliant quoted equities - local (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Construction				
AME REITS	166,100	192,673	197,659	1.42
Gamuda Bhd	189,829	707,462	787,790	5.65
IJM Corporation Bhd	450,000	765,519	702,000	5.04
Sunway Construction Group Bhd	185,000	282,751	323,750	2.32
	990,929	1,948,405	2,011,199	14.43
Consumer Products & Services				
Bermaz Auto Bhd	95,000	210,550	219,450	1.57
Sime Darby Bhd	183,000	419,625	397,110	2.85
UMW Holdings Bhd	41,300	158,229	159,831	1.15
	319,300	788,404	776,391	5.57
Energy				
Hibiscus Petroleum Bhd	557,000	520,934	568,141	4.08
Wah Seong Corporation Bhd	520,800	421,224	421,848	3.03
	1,077,800	942,158	989,989	7.11
Financial Services				
Bank Islam Malaysia Bhd	145,400	548,606	292,254	2.10
Syarikat Takaful Malaysia Keluarga Bhd	145,264	473,548	477,919	3.43
	290,664	1,022,154	770,173	5.53
Health Care				
IHH Healthcare Bhd	66,000	422,130	378,180	2.71
Kossan Rubber Industries Bhd	9,100	12,649	11,375	0.08
Top Glove Corporation Bhd	120,000	135,420	117,600	0.84
	195,100 22	570,199	507,155	3.63

# 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

30.04.20	23
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(a) Shariah-compliant quoted equities - local (cont'd)	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Industrial Products				
Press Metal Aluminium Holdings Bhd	57,400	263,257	295,610	2.12
Technology				
CTOS Digital Bhd	200,000	281,340	282,000	2.02
Frontken Corporation Bhd	52,700	150,610	160,208	1.15
Vitrox Corporation Bhd	30,800	194,234	246,092	1.77
	283,500	626,184	688,300	4.94
Telecommunications and Media				
Telekom Malaysia Bhd	113,000	517,965	560,480	4.02
TIME dotCom Bhd	99,500	370,404	546,255	3.92
	212,500	888,369	1,106,735	7.94
Transportation and Logistics				
Malaysia Airports Holdings Bhd	42,700	293,575	301,035	2.16
MISC Bhd	41,000	269,977	299,300	2.15
	83,700	563,552	600,335	4.31
Utilities				
Gas Malaysia Bhd	97,500	305,826	324,675	2.33
Mega First Corporation Bhd	107,900	314,870	369,018	2.65
Tenaga Nasional Bhd	97,500	972,098	867,750	6.23
	302,900	1,592,794	1,561,443	11.21
Total Shariah-compliant quoted equities - local	3,813,793	9,205,476	9,307,330	66.79

# 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

# 30.04.2023 (cont'd)

(b) Shariah-compliant quoted equities - foreign	Quantity Unit	Aggregate cost RM	Market value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Hong Kong				
Tencent Holdings LTD	2,600	472,431	508,789	3.65
Alibaba Group Holding LTD	8,700	448,509	405,601	2.91
BYD Company Ltd	3,500	471,556	469,333	3.37
Meituan Inc	2,960	264,206	223,689	1.61
	17,760	1,656,702	1,607,412	11.54
Indonesia				
Indofoods Sukses Makmur Tbk PT	75,600	142,001	148,236	1.06
Philippines				
Wilcon Depot Inc	120,000	276,218	279,657	2.01
Thailand				
Com7 PCL	75,000	280,910	247,509	1.78
Airports of Thailand PCL	24,000	216,642	229,767	1.65
	99,000	497,552	477,276	3.43
Total Shariah-compliant quoted equities - foreign	312,360	2,572,473	2,512,581	18.04
Total Shariah-compliant quoted equities	4,126,153	11,777,949	11,819,911	84.83
Unrealised gain on FVTPL investm	ents*		41,962	

\* The unrealised gain on FVTPL investments comprise the amounts arising from changes in fair values and effects from foreign exchange.

#### 9. SHARIAH-COMPLIANT DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED ISLAMIC FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	31.10.2023 RM	30.04.2023 RM
Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions of less than 3 months	644,000	1,614,397

The weighted average effective profit rates ("WAEPR") per annum and average maturity of Shariahcompliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions as at the reporting date were as follows:

	31.10.2023		30.04.2023	
	WAEPR % p.a.	Average Maturity Days	WAEPR % p.a.	Average Maturity Days
Shariah-compliant deposits with maturity of less than 3 months	2.90	1	2.68	4
AMOUNT DUE FROM/ (TO) MANAGER				
			31.10.2023 RM	30.04.2023 RM
Amount due from Manager is in respect o	f:			
Creation of units	(i)	-	-	4,097
Amount due to Manager is in respect of:				
Cancellation of units	(ii)		60,415	1,826
Managers fee	(iii)		17,634	17,327
			78,049	19,153

(i) The amount represents amount receivable from the Manager for units created.

- (ii) The amount represents amount payable from the Manager for units redeemed/ cancelled.
- (iii) The amount relates to the amount payable to the Fund Manager arising from the accruals for Manager's fee at the end of the financial period/ year. The normal credit term for Manager's fee is 15 days (30.04.2023: 15 days).

#### 11. CASH AT BANK

10.

The table below indicates the currencies that the Fund have in cash at bank as at the reporting date.

	31.10.2023 RM	30.04.2023 RM
Malaysian Ringgit ("RM")	1,517	14,017
United States Dollar ("USD")	195,936	513,872
	197,453	527,889

#### 12. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

Amount due to Trustee relates to the amount payable arising from the accrual for Trustee's fee at the end of the financial period/ year. The normal credit term is 15 days. (30.04.2023: 15 days).

#### 13. NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

			31.10.2023	30.04.2023
		Note	RM	RM
Unitholders' capital		13(a)	7,005,821	8,326,809
Accumulated realised income		13(b)	5,672,624	5,460,771
Accumulated unrealised income		13(c)	679,315	146,628
			13,357,760	13,934,208
(a) Unitholders' capital		_		
	01.05.2 to		01.05.; to	-
	31.10.2		30.04.2	
	Units	RM	Units	RM
As at beginning of the				
financial period/ year	30,539,185	8,326,809	32,589,235	9,275,415
Creation of units	27,083	12,789	149,198	68,748
Cancellation of units	(2,801,360)	(1,333,777)	(2,199,248)	(1,017,354)
As at end of the				
financial period/ year	27,764,909	7,005,821	30,539,185	8,326,809

There were no units held by the directors or parties related to the Manager during the current financial period and previous financial year.

### (b) Accumulated realised income

	01.05.2023 to 31.10.2023 RM	01.05.2022 to 30.04.2023 RM
As at beginning of the financial period/ year	5,460,771	5,994,460
Net realised gain/ (loss) for the financial period/ year	211,853	(533,689)
As at end of the financial period/ year	5,672,624	5,460,771

### (c) Accumulated unrealised income

	01.05.2023 to 31.10.2023 RM	01.05.2022 to 30.04.2023 RM
As at beginning of the financial period/ year	146,628	1,431,806
Net unrealised gain/ (loss) for the financial period/ year As at end of the financial period/ year	532,687 679,315	(1,285,178) 146,628

### 14. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION AND BALANCES

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Fund or the Manager if the Fund or the Manager has the ability directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decision, or vice versa, or where the Fund or the Manager and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties maybe individuals or other entities.

In addition to that disclose elsewhere in the financial statements, there were no other significant related party transactions and balances entered into by the Fund during the financial period.

#### (i) Significant related party transactions

		01.05.2023 to 31.10.2023 RM	01.05.2022 to 31.10.2022 RM
-	<u>Maybank Islamic Bhd ("MIB"):</u> Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits	11,208	17,919
(ii)	Significant related party balances	31.10.2023 RM	30.04.2023 RM
-	<u>MIB:</u> Shariah-compliant deposits	644,000	684,000
	Profit income receivables	51	149
		644,051	684,149

The Manager is of the opinion that the transactions with the related parties have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from that obtainable with unrelated parties.

#### 15. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS/ DEALERS/ FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Details of transaction with brokers/ dealers in terms of trade values are as follows:

01.05.2023 to 31.10.2023	Value of trade RM	Percentage of trade %	Brokerage fees RM	Percentage of brokerage fees %
TA Securities Sdn Bhd UOB Kay Hian Securities (M)	3,180,667	26.99	3,211	18.64
Sdn Bhd	2,205,513	18.71	4,411	25.61
Maybank Investment Bank Bhd				
("MIBB")*	1,924,615	16.33	2,951	17.13
Hong Leong Investment Bank Bhd	1,918,214	16.28	3,331	19.34
JF Apex Securities Bhd	1,868,866	15.86	1,934	11.23
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd	687,236	5.83	1,384	8.04
	11,785,110	100.00	17,222	100.00

JF Apex Securities Bhd4,298,73145.904,29940.85TA Securities Sdn Bhd3,440,10636.733,44032.69MIBB*1,367,92114.611,93918.42Hong Leong Investment Bank Bhd75,0000.801501.43Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd75,3840.801511.43CIMB Investment Bank Bhd63,8500.681371.30Direct Broker44,9700.484083.88	01.05.2022 to 31.10.2022	Value of trade RM	Percentage of trade %	Brokerage fees RM	Percentage of brokerage fees %
MIBB*1,367,92114.611,93918.42Hong Leong Investment Bank Bhd75,0000.801501.43Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd75,3840.801511.43CIMB Investment Bank Bhd63,8500.681371.30Direct Broker44,9700.484083.88	JF Apex Securities Bhd	4,298,731	45.90	4,299	40.85
Hong Leong Investment Bank Bhd      75,000      0.80      150      1.43        Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd      75,384      0.80      151      1.43        CIMB Investment Bank Bhd      63,850      0.68      137      1.30        Direct Broker      44,970      0.48      408      3.88	TA Securities Sdn Bhd	3,440,106	36.73	3,440	32.69
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd      75,384      0.80      151      1.43        CIMB Investment Bank Bhd      63,850      0.68      137      1.30        Direct Broker      44,970      0.48      408      3.88	MIBB*	1,367,921	14.61	1,939	18.42
CIMB Investment Bank Bhd      63,850      0.68      137      1.30        Direct Broker      44,970      0.48      408      3.88	Hong Leong Investment Bank Bhd	75,000	0.80	150	1.43
Direct Broker      44,970      0.48      408      3.88	Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd	75,384	0.80	151	1.43
	CIMB Investment Bank Bhd	63,850	0.68	137	1.30
	Direct Broker	44,970	0.48	408	3.88
9,365,962 100.00 10,524 100.00		9,365,962	100.00	10,524	100.00

#### 15. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS/ DEALERS/ FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (CONT'D)

\* MIBB is a wholly owned subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

Details of transactions, primarily cash placements with financial institutions are as follows:

01.05.2023	01.05.2022
to	to
31.10.2023	30.04.2023

	Value of placements RM	Percentage of total placements %	Value of placements RM	Percentage of total placements %
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Bhd	108,599,754	53.20	303,245,118	48.52
MIB **	95,542,000	46.80	321,803,000	51.48
	204,141,754	100.00	625,048,118	100.00

\*\* MIB is a subsidiary of Malayan Banking Bhd, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

#### 16. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. For the financial period ended 31 October 2023, the TER of the Fund stood at 1.01% (01.05.2022 to 31.10.2022: 0.93%).

### 17. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund is the ratio of average acquisitions and disposals of the Fund for the financial period to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. For the financial period ended 31 October 2023, the PTR of the Fund stood at 0.40 times (01.05.2022 to 31.10.2022: 0.31 times).

#### **18. SEGMENT REPORTING**

The Portfolio Management Committee (the "PMC") of the Manager, being the chief operating decision-maker, makes the strategic decisions on the resources allocation of the Fund. The decisions are based on an integrated investment strategy to ensure the Fund achieve its targeted return with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio.

The PMC is responsible for the performance of the Fund by investing between 70% to 98% of the Fund's NAV in Shariah-compliant equities. The Fund may invest up to 25% of its NAV in Shariah-compliant equities in the Asia Pacific markets. The Fund will also invest between 2% to 30% of the Fund's NAV in Islamic liquid assets including Islamic money market instruments and placement in Islamic deposits for liquidity purposes.

On this basis, the PMC considers the business of the Fund to have a single operating segment located in Malaysia. Asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investments strategy and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The internal reporting for the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS and IFRS.

There were no changes in the reportable operating segments during the financial period.

#### **19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

#### (a) Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities were measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classifications. The significant accounting policies in Note 2.3 to Note 2.15 to the financial statements describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured and how income and expenses are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities (excluding prepayment, tax-related matters and NAV attributable to unitholders) of the Fund in the statement of financial position as at the reporting date by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

31.10.2023	Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	11,998,388	-	_	11,998,388
Shariah-compliant deposits with a licensed Islamic financia				11,000,000
institution	-	644,000	-	644,000
Dividend income receivables	-	1,188	-	1,188
Profit income receivables	-	51	-	51
Amount due from broker	-	615,375	-	615,375
Cash at bank	-	197,453	-	197,453
Total financial assets	11,998,388	1,458,067	-	13,456,455

#### 19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd)

31.10.2023 (cont'd)	Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	78,049	78,049
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	941	941
Other payables and accruals	-	-	19,705	19,705
Total financial liabilities	-	-	98,695	98,695
30.04.2023				
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	11,819,911	-	-	11,819,911
Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic				
financial institutions	-	1,614,397	-	1,614,397
Dividend receivables	-	15,514	-	15,514
Profit income receivables	-	355	-	355
Amount due from Manager	-	4,097	-	4,097
Cash at bank	-	527,889	-	527,889
Total financial assets	11,819,911	2,162,180		13,982,163
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	19,153	19,153
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	924	924
Other payables and accruals	-	-	27,878	27,878
Total financial liabilities	-	-	47,955	47,955

#### (b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets at FVTPL consists of quoted equities and is measured at fair value.

Fair value is determined by reference to their published price at the reporting date. For equities quoted on Bursa Malaysia, the market prices are determined by reference to the theoretical closing market price as published by Bursa Malaysia.

For equities quoted on stock exchanges other than Bursa Malaysia, the market prices are determined by reference to the theoretical closing market price as quoted by the respective foreign stock exchanges of the respective countries.

#### 20. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1 : Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 : Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 : Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

31.10.2023	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
Financial assets at FVTPL	11,998,388	-	-	11,998,388
30.04.2023				
Financial assets at FVTPL	11,819,911			11,819,911

#### 21. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for redemptions and subscriptions to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected returns indicated in its prospectus;
- (b) To achieve consistent returns while safeguarding capital by using various investment strategies;
- (c) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet redemption requests as they arise; and
- (d) To maintain sufficient fund size to ensure that the operations of the Fund are cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current financial period and previous financial year.