

Asset Management

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MAYBANK CORPORATE MONEY MARKET-I FUND

Annual report For the financial year ended 30 June 2024

CORPORATE INFORMATION

MANAGER

Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (199701006283) (421779-M) Level 12 Tower C Dataran Maybank No.1 Jalan Maarof 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Telephone +603 2297 7888 Facsimile +603 2715 0071 www.maybank-am.com.my

EXTERNAL INVESTMENT MANAGER ("EIM")

Maybank Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd (201301012623) (1042461-K) Level 12, Tower C, Dataran Maybank No.1 Jalan Maarof 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Telephone +603 2297 7872 Facsimile +603 2297 7898

TRUSTEE

AmanahRaya Trustees Berhad (200701008892) (766894-T) Tingkat 14, Wisma AmanahRaya No. 2 Jalan Ampang 50508 Kuala Lumpur Telephone +603 2036 5129/ 5000 Facsimile +603 2072 0321

SHARIAH ADVISER

Maybank Islamic Berhad (200701029411) (787435-M) Level 15, Tower A, Dataran Maybank No.1 Jalan Maarof 59000 Kuala Lumpur Telephone +603 2297 2001 Facsimile +603 2297 2002

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Manager's report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2024

A. Fund Information

1. Name of the Fund

Maybank Corporate Money Market-I Fund ("Fund")

2. Type of Fund

Income

3. Category of Fund

Islamic money market fund

4. Duration of the Fund

The Fund is an open-ended Fund.

5. Launch date

Class	Currency denomination	Launch date
Α	Malaysian Ringgit (MYR)	6 July 2011
В	Malaysian Ringgit (MYR)	18 October 2019

6. Fund's investment objective

The Fund aims to provide investors with high-level liquidity and regular income stream to meet cash flow requirements based on Shariah principles while maintaining capital preservation*.

* Capital preservation does not signify that the capital/ principal invested is guaranteed/ protected by any party.

7. Fund's distribution policy

Income distribution will be on a monthly basis depending on the level of income (if any) the Fund generates as may be determined by the Manager in consultation with the Trustee.

8. Fund's performance benchmark

Maybank Islamic Overnight rate.

9. The Fund's asset allocation policy

The Fund will invest 100% in short term Islamic deposits and short term Islamic money market instruments.

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2024 (cont'd)

A. Fund Information (cont'd)

10. Net income distribution for the financial year ended 30 June 2024

The Fund distributed a net income of RM30,116,909 from Class A and RM18,494,936 from Class B to unitholders for the financial year ended 30 June 2024. Below is the impact of the distributions to the Fund's NAV:

	Before	After	Gross/ Net	Changes
Entitlement date (Ex-dates)	distribution	distribution	distribution	%
, ,	RM	RM	sen	
Class A				
3 July 2023	0.5116	0.5104	0.12	(0.23)
1 August 2023	0.5118	0.5107	0.11	(0.21)
1 September 2023	0.5123	0.5114	0.09	(0.18)
2 October 2023	0.5130	0.5117	0.13	(0.25)
1 November 2023	0.5132	0.5118	0.14	(0.27)
1 December 2023	0.5133	0.5120	0.13	(0.25)
2 January 2024	0.5136	0.5123	0.13	(0.25)
2 February 2024	0.5139	0.5126	0.13	(0.25)
1 March 2024	0.5140	0.5128	0.12	(0.23)
1 April 2024	0.5144	0.5132	0.12	(0.23)
2 May 2024	0.5147	0.5133	0.14	(0.27)
4 June 2024	0.5149	0.5136	0.13	(0.25)
			1.49	
Class B				
3 July 2023	1.0184	1.0157	0.27	(0.27)
1 August 2023	1.0187	1.0166	0.21	(0.21)
1 September 2023	1.0198	1.0178	0.20	(0.21)
2 October 2023	1.0210	1.0183	0.20	(0.26)
1 November 2023	1.0215	1.0187	0.28	(0.27)
1 December 2023	1.0216	1.0188	0.28	(0.27)
2 January 2024	1.0210	1.0196	0.26	(0.27)
2 February 2024	1.0222	1.0200	0.29	(0.28)
1 March 2024	1.0229	1.0203	0.29	(0.25)
	1.0229	1.0203	0.26	,
1 April 2024 2 May 2024	1.0235		0.28	(0.25)
4 June 2024	1.0240	1.0212 1.0217		(0.27)
4 Julie 2024	1.0245	1.0217	0.28 3.14	(0.27)
			3.14	

The distributions to Class A and Class B unitholders are subject to 24% Malaysian withholding tax, effective 1 January 2022.

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2024 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review

1. Key performance data of the Fund

Category	FY2024	FY2023	FY2022
Double			
Portfolio Shariah-compliant deposits (%)	99.38	99.42	98.80
Cash and other net assets (%)	99.36 0.62	0.58	1.20
Total (%)	100.00	100.00	100.00
- Total (70)	100.00	100.00	100.00
Class A			
NAV (RM'000)	920,921	1,516,236	2,831,148
Units in circulation (units '000)	1,788,706	2,964,980	5,603,319
NAV per unit (RM)	0.5149	0.5114	0.5053
Highest NAV per unit (RM)	0.5149	0.5152	0.5053
Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	0.5103	0.5053	0.5005
Annual return (%) (1)			
- Capital growth (%)	0.66	1.21	0.94
- Income distribution (%)	2.95	1.79	0.90
Total return (%)	3.63	3.02	1.85
Benchmark (%)	1.30	1.02	0.28
Net income distributed (RM)	30,116,909	31,052,436	29,598,277
Distribution dates		9 of the financial	
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (sen)	1.49	0.91	0.45
Class B			
NAV (RM'000)	531,557	882,089	897,502
Units in circulation (units '000)	519,009	866,477	888,179
NAV per unit (RM)	1.0242	1.0180	1.0105
Highest NAV per unit (RM)	1.0243	1.0312	1.0105
Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	1.0156	1.0106	1.0005
Annual return (%) (1)			
- Capital growth (%)	0.59	0.74	0.97
- Income distribution (%)	3.12	2.38	0.96
Total return (%)	3.73	3.14	1.94
Benchmark (%)	1.30	1.02	0.28
Net income distributed (RM)	18,494,936	25,173,464	14,018,713
Distribution dates	Refer to Note	9 of the financial	statements
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (sen)	3.14	2.40	0.96
Total Expense Ratio ("TER") (%) (2)	0.23	0.23	0.23
Portfolio Turnover Ratio ("PTR") (times) (3)			

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2024 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

1. Key performance data of the Fund (cont'd)

Notes:

- (1) Actual return of the Fund for the financial year is computed based on the daily average NAV per unit, net of Manager's and Trustee's fees.
- (2) The Fund's TER remain stagnant during the current financial year.
- (3) PTR is not applicable for this Fund as the Fund only made placements in Shariah-compliant deposits during the year under review.

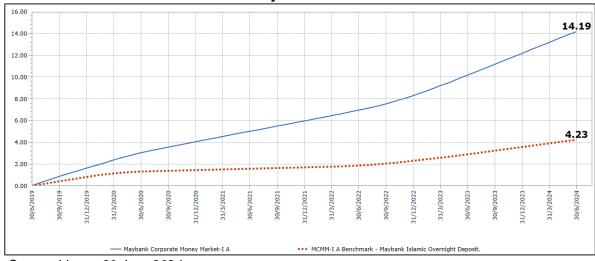
Investors are reminded that past performance of the Fund is not necessarily an indicative of its future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

2. Performance of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2024

Class A

	1 year	3 years	5 years
Category	to	to	to
Category	30.06.2024	30.06.2024	30.06.2024
	%	%	%
Capital growth	0.66	2.84	2.59
Income distribution	2.95	5.74	11.30
Total return of the Fund	3.63	8.74	14.19
Benchmark	1.30	2.62	4.23
Average total return	3.63	2.83	2.69

Performance of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2024



Source: Lipper, 30 June 2024.

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2024 (cont'd)

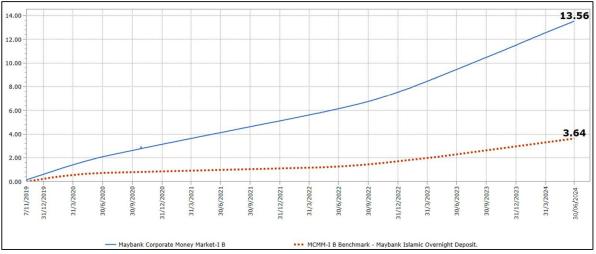
B. Performance Review (cont'd)

2. Performance of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 (cont'd)

Class B

	1 year	3 years	S.I.
Cotogory	to	to	to
Category	30.06.2024	30.06.2024	30.06.2024
	%	%	%
Capital growth	0.59	2.32	2.40
Income distribution	3.12	6.59	10.90
Total return of the Fund	3.73	9.06	13.56
Benchmark	1.30	2.62	3.64
Average total return	3.73	2.93	2.77

Performance of the Fund since inception to 30 June 2024



Source: Lipper, 30 June 2024.

Has the Fund achieved its objective?

The outperformance was mainly due to better returns from its deposits with selective financial institutions. The Fund has met the investment objective of providing investors with high-level liquidity and regular income via the monthly income distributions to meet cash flow requirements based on Shariah Principles while maintaining capital preservation.

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2024 (cont'd)

B. Performance Review (cont'd)

3. Annual total return of the Fund by Share Class

Class A

For the	30.06.2024	30.06.2023	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2020
financial year	%	%	%	%	%
Capital growth	0.66	1.21	0.94	-	(0.24)
Income return	2.95	1.79	0.90	1.91	3.28
Total return	3.63	3.02	1.85	1.91	3.04
Benchmark	1.30	1.02	0.28	0.26	1.30

Class B

For the financial year	30.06.2024	30.06.2023	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
For the financial year	%	%	%	%
Capital growth	0.59	0.74	0.97	0.01
Income return	3.12	2.38	0.96	1.99
Total return	3.73	3.14	1.94	2.00
Benchmark	1.30	1.02	0.28	0.26

4. Basis of calculation made in calculating the returns:

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/ decline in NAV after taking into account all the distributions payable (if any) during the stipulated financial year end.

An illustration of the above would be as follows:

Capital return = (NAV per unit end/ NAV per unit begin) - 1

Income return = Income distribution per unit/ NAV per unit ex-date

Total return = (1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) - 1

C. Market Review

Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") has left the Overnight Policy Rate ("OPR") unchanged at 3.00% during its July 2024 Monetary Policy Committee ("MPC") meeting, marking its seventh consecutive pause after raising it by 25 basis points ("bps") in May 2023. On the global front, BNM turned slightly upbeat on global growth as inflation concerns ease. Global growth is anticipated to be sustained despite headwinds from tight monetary policy and reduced fiscal support, buoyed by positive labor market conditions and easing inflationary pressure. Additionally, global trade activities continue to strengthen amid the global technology upcycle gaining momentum. The Bank also noted the trend of some central banks easing monetary policy in response to declining global inflation. BNM has maintained its forecast for the economy to grow between 4.00% and 5.00% this year (2023: +3.60%).

Manager's report For the financial year ended 30 June 2024 (cont'd)

D. Market Outlook and Strategies

BNM expects sustained strength in economic activity in the second quarter of 2024, supported by stronger export performance and resilient domestic expenditure. Looking ahead, exports are anticipated to receive a further boost from the global technology upcycle, leveraging Malaysia's position in the semiconductor supply chain. Regarding inflation, following the rationalization of diesel subsidies in June 2024, BNM anticipates inflation to trend higher in the second half of 2024 but to remain manageable. The Bank highlighted that upside risks to inflation will depend on additional subsidy rationalization measures and their spillover effects on the broader market, as well as global commodity prices and financial market developments. Overall, BNM projects headline inflation and core inflation to average between 2.00% and 3.50%, and between 2.00% and 3.00%, respectively, for 2024 (Actual 2023: 2.50% and 3.00%).

The Manager closely monitors liquidity requirements to place money market deposits in appropriate tenures that satisfy these needs, while positioning the Fund to capitalize on potential movements in profit rates. Additionally, the Manager actively seeks products from licensed financial institutions offering higher yields. Consequently, the Manager has opted to maintain deposit placements for up to six months, while also keeping cash reserved in short-term tenures to meet liquidity requirements.

E. Soft Commissions and Rebates

The Manager and its delegates will not retain any form of soft commissions and rebates from or otherwise share in any commission with any broker in consideration for directing dealings in the investments of the Fund unless the commission received is retained in the form of goods and services such as financial wire services and stock quotations system incidental to investment management of the Fund. All dealings with brokers are executed on best available terms.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2024, the Manager and its delegates did not receive any rebates from the brokers or dealers but have retained soft commissions in the form of goods and services such as research materials and advisory services that assist in decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund (i.e. research materials, data and quotation services, computer hardware and software incidental to the investment management of the Fund and investment advisory services) which were demonstrable benefits to the unitholders.

Trustee's Report

For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2024

To the Unit Holders of

MAYBANK CORPORATE MONEY MARKET-I FUND ("Fund")

We, AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD, have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, MAYBANK ASSET MANAGEMENT SDN BHD has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

We are also of the opinion that:

- (a) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- (b) Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed;
- (c) Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement; and
- (d) The distributions to the unitholders during the financial year ended 30 June 2024 are consistent with the objectives of the Fund.

Yours faithfully

AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD

ZAINUDIN BIN SUHAIMI

Chief Executive Officer

STATEMENT BY MANAGER

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK CORPORATE MONEY MARKET-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

We, Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim and Muhammad Hishamudin Bin Hamzah, being two of the Directors of Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Maybank Corporate Money Market-I Fund as at 30 June 2024 and of its results, changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 and comply with the requirements of the Deeds.

For and on behalf of the Manager

Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim Chairman **Muhammad Hishamudin Bin Hamzah** Director

REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISER

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK CORPORATE MONEY MARKET-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

We hereby confirm the following:

- 1. To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- 2. The asset of the Fund comprises instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant.

For and on behalf of Maybank Islamic Berhad

Dr Akhtarzaite Binti Abdul AzizChairman of the Shariah Committee of Maybank Islamic Berhad

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Corporate Money Market-I Fund

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Maybank Corporate Money Market-I Fund (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2024, and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 8 to 29.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund ("the Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Corporate Money Market-I Fund (cont'd)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Corporate Money Market-I Fund (cont'd)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Corporate Money Market-I Fund (cont'd)

Other matters

This report is made solely to the unitholders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants Yeo Beng Yean 03013/10/2024 J Chartered Accountant

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
INCOME			
Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits		61,974,014	105,771,286
EXPENSES			
Manager's fee	3	3,441,249	7,272,828
Trustee's fee	4	261,531	432,517
Auditors' remuneration		9,556	8,908
Tax agent's fee		1,950	4,212
Shariah advisory fee		9,000	9,000
Administrative expenses		2,416	4,782
		3,725,702	7,732,247
Net income before distribution and taxation Distribution to unitholders		58,248,312	98,039,039
Class A	9	(30,116,909)	(31,052,436)
Class B	9	(18,494,936)	(25,173,464)
Net income before taxation		9,636,467	41,813,139
Taxation	5		
Net income after distribution and taxation, representing total comprehensive			
income for the financial year		9,636,467	41,813,139
Net income after taxation is made up of the following: Net realised income		9,636,467	41,813,139
Distributions for the financial year:			
Class A			
Net distributions	9(a)	30,116,909	31,052,436
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (RM sen)	9(a)	1.49	0.91
Distribution dates (ex-date)	J (J.)	Refer to Note 9	Refer to Note 9
•			
Class B			
Net distributions	9(b)	18,494,936	25,173,464
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (RM sen)	9(b)	3.14	2.40
Distribution dates (ex-date)		Refer to Note 9	Refer to Note 9

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
ASSETS			
Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial institutions Profit income receivables Cash at bank TOTAL ASSETS	6	1,443,532,909 9,253,673 1,088 1,452,787,670	2,384,335,186 14,479,977 1,186 2,398,816,349
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Other payables and accruals TOTAL LIABILITIES	7	259,722 20,344 30,122 310,188	433,559 28,837 29,062 491,458
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND		1,452,477,482	2,398,324,891
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND COMPRISE:			
Unitholders' contribution Retained earnings	8(a) 8(b)	1,356,637,317 95,840,165 1,452,477,482	2,312,121,193 86,203,698 2,398,324,891
NET ASSET VALUE - Class A - Class B		920,920,668 531,556,814 1,452,477,482	1,516,235,707 882,089,184 2,398,324,891
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION (UNITS) - Class A - Class B	8(a) 8(a)	1,788,706,331 519,009,471	2,964,980,498 866,476,567
NAV PER UNIT - Class A - Class B		2,307,715,802 0.5149 1.0242	3,831,457,065 0.5114 1.0180

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Unitholders' contribution Note 8(a) RM	Retained earnings Note 8(b) RM	Net assets attributable to unitholders RM
At 1 July 2023	2,312,121,193	86,203,698	2,398,324,891
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	9,636,467	9,636,467
Creation of units	1,457,937,981	-	1,457,937,981
Reinvestment of units	37,066,575	-	37,066,575
Cancellation of units	(2,450,488,432)	-	(2,450,488,432)
At 30 June 2024	1,356,637,317	95,840,165	1,452,477,482
At 1 July 2022	3,684,260,206	44,390,559	3,728,650,765
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	41,813,139	41,813,139
Creation of units	6,100,807,924	-	6,100,807,924
Reinvestment of units	42,739,637	-	42,739,637
Cancellation of units	(7,515,686,574)	-	(7,515,686,574)
At 30 June 2023	2,312,121,193	86,203,698	2,398,324,891

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	2024 RM	2023 RM
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Withdrawal/ (Placement) in Shariah-compliant deposits with maturity more than 3 months Profit from Islamic deposits received	674,742,120 67,200,318	(1,044,000,000) 109,552,875
Manager's fee paid Trustee's fee paid Other expenses paid	(3,615,084) (270,024) (11,567,134)	(7,556,981) (443,857) (13,524,981)
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating and investing activities	726,490,196	(955,972,944)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from creation of units Payments for cancellation of units Net cash used in financing activities	1,457,937,981 (2,450,488,432) (992,550,451)	6,171,455,739 (7,558,948,296) (1,387,492,557)
NET CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING	(266,060,255)	(2,343,465,501)
OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	435,336,372 169,276,117	2,778,801,873
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE: Cash at bank Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial	1,088	1,186
institutions with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 6)	169,275,029 169,276,117	435,335,186 435,336,372

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

1. THE FUND, MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Maybank Corporate Money Market-I Fund ("the Fund") was constituted pursuant to the executed Deed dated 26 April 2011 and First Supplemental Deed dated 27 January 2016 between Amanah Mutual Berhad as the previous Manager and AmanahRaya Trustees Berhad as the Trustee. The Fund commenced operations on 6 July 2011 and will continue to be in operations until terminated by the Trustee as provided under the Deed. Effective 17 May 2018, the Manager was changed to Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MAM"). The following supplemental deeds have been issued between MAM and the Trustee:

- Second Supplemental Deed dated 4 September 2018;
- Third Supplemental Deed dated 16 August 2019;
- Fourth supplemental deed dated 16 August 2021;
- Fifth supplemental deed dated 10 February 2022; and
- Sixth supplemental deed dated 25 August 2022.

The Deed and Supplemental Deeds are subsequently referred to as "Deeds".

As at the date of this report, the Fund has 2 classes of units - Class A and Class B. The Fund's objective is to provide investors with high-level liquidity and regular income stream to meet cash flow requirements based on Shariah principles while maintaining capital preservation.

The principal activity of the Fund is to invest in Islamic deposits and Islamic money market instruments. The Islamic money market instruments invested in or issuers of the Islamic money market instruments would have a minimum local credit rating of at least A3 (long-term rating)/ P2 (short-term rating) by RAM or equivalent rating agencies.

The External Investment Manager of the Fund has been changed to Maybank Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MIAM") effective 15 August 2018. MIAM is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Maybank Asset Management Group Berhad and is a holder of Capital Markets Services Licence ("CMSL") to carry out Islamic fund management business pursuant to Section 61 of the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 ("CMSA").

The roles and responsibilities of MIAM include management of the investment portfolio in accordance with the investment objective, subject to the CMSA and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission of Malaysia ("SC") and any other relevant guidelines issued by the SC as well as the terms and conditions of the investment management agreement between MIAM and MAM.

MAM is a company incorporated in Malaysia. It is a holder of the Capital Markets Services Licence with fund management as its regulated activity under the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 ("CMSA"). The principal place of business of MAM is at Level 12, Tower C Dataran Maybank, No. 1 Jalan Maarof, 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. MAM is a subsidiary of Maybank Asset Management Group Berhad ("MAMG"), which in turn is a subsidiary of Malayan Banking Berhad ("MBB").

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Manager (the "Directors") in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 16 August 2024.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance to Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), the Deeds and any regulatory requirements.

The Fund had adopted the MFRS, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations Committee ("IC") Interpretations which have become effective during the financial year ended 30 June 2024. The adoption of the new pronouncements did not result in any material impact to the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies in Note 2.3 to Note 2.14 to the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM").

2.2 Standards and Amendments to Standards issued but not yet effective

The following are Standards and Amendments to Standards issued by the MASB, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 16: Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101: Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 and MFRS 7: Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 121: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7: Amendments to the Classifications	
and Measurement of Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
MFRS 18: Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027
MFRS 19: Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	1 January 2027
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets	
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

The Fund expects that the adoption of the above Standards and Amendments to Standards will not have any material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application.

2.3 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.4 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the assets.

(i) Financial assets at amortised cost

Unless designated at FVTPL on initial recognition, debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment loss:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objectives is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that do not meet the criteria above are classified as either fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or FVTPL.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents and profit income receivables as financial assets at amortised cost. These assets are subsequently measured using the effective profit rate ("EPR") method and are subject to impairment. The EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial asset and of allocating and recognising the profit income in profit or loss over the relevant year end.

(ii) Impairment

Credit losses are recognised based on the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model. The Fund recognises loss allowances for ECL on financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL. The impairment model does not apply to equity investments.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. It is measured as follows:

- Financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the reporting date.
 As the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive).
- Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date.
 As the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

At each reporting date, the Fund assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

(ii) Impairment (cont'd)

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- Significant downgrade in credit rating of the instrument by a rating agency;
- A breach of contract such as a default or past due event; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

For balances with short-term nature (e.g. profit income receivable), full impairment will be recognised on uncollected balances after the grace period.

(iii) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Fund recognises its retained profit in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Fund retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Fund continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of financial asset at amortised cost, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

2.5 Financial liabilities

(i) Classification

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee and other payables and accruals as other financial liabilities.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

The Fund's financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EPR method.

The EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial liability and of allocating and recognising the profit expense in profit or loss over the relevant year end.

(iii) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Fund's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.6 Unitholders' contribution

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund are classified as liabilities under MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation.*

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

2.7 Distributions

Distribution is declared at the discretion of the Fund Manager based on the availability of distributable income. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unitholders on the distribution payment date.

Any distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction in the statement of comprehensive income except where distributions is sourced out of distribution equalisation which is accounted for as a deduction from unitholders' capital. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the financial year in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unitholders on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date, which is also the time of creation.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and deposits with financial institutions with original maturity of three (3) months or less which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.9 Revenue/Income

Revenue/Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Profit income from deposits with licensed financial institutions is recognised on the accruals basis using the EPR method.

Other revenue/ income is generally recognised when the Fund satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service or an asset to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of the asset.

2.10 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.11 Taxation

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in net asset value.

Current tax expense is determined according to Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable income earned during the financial year.

No deferred tax is recognised as there are no material temporary differences.

2.12 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures its investments at FVTPL at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Fund.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

All assets for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (iii) Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting date.

2.13 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which is also the Fund's functional currency.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.14 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

No major judgements have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

3. MANAGER'S FEE

The Manager's fee is computed daily based on % of NAV of the respective class, before deducting Manager's fee and Trustee's fee as follows:

Class	2024	2023
Class A	up to 0.50% per annum ("p.a.")	up to 0.50% p.a.
Class B	up to 0.20% p.a.	up to 0.20% p.a.

4. TRUSTEE'S FEE

Trustee fee is calculated on daily basis up to 0.08% p.a. (2023: 0.08% p.a.) of the NAV of the Fund, (before deducting annual management fee and annual trustee fee for the day) accrued daily, subject to a minimum fee of RM18,000 p.a. (2023: RM18,000 p.a.).

5. TAXATION

	2024	2023
	RM	RM
Current income tax expense	<u> </u>	

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2023: 24%) of the estimated assessable income for the financial year. In accordance with Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act 1967, dividend and profit income earned by the Fund is exempted from tax. Dividend income derived from sources outside Malaysia are exempted from Malaysian income tax. With effect from 1 January 2022, the current income tax exemption on foreign-sourced income ("FSI") received in Malaysia by Malaysian residents has been removed.

Income derived from sources outside Malaysia may be subject to tax in the country from which it is derived. Tax on dividend income from foreign quoted equities is based on the tax regime of the respective countries that the Fund invests in.

5. TAXATION (CONT'D)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Net income before taxation	9,636,467	41,813,139
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2023: 24%) Income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Tax expense for the financial year	2,312,752 (14,873,763) 12,561,011	10,035,153 (25,385,109) 15,349,956

6. SHARIAH-COMPLIANT DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial institutions with maturity of:	2024 RM	2023 RM
- less than 3 months - more than 3 months	169,275,029 1,274,257,880 1,443,532,909	435,335,186 1,949,000,000 2,384,335,186

The weighted average effective profit rates ("WAEPR") p.a. and the average remaining days to maturity of deposits as at the reporting date are as follows:

	2024		2023	
	WAEPR (% p.a.)	Average Remaining Maturity (Days)	WAEPR (% p.a.)	Average Remaining Maturity (Days)
Less than 3 months	3.29	30	3.37	28
More than 3 months	3.83	172_	3.99	165

7. AMOUNT DUE TO MANAGER

		2024 RM	2023 RM
Amount due to Manager: Manager's fee	(i)	259,722	433,559

⁽i) The amount represents amount payable to the Manager arising from the accruals for Manager's fee at the end of the financial year. The normal credit term for Manager's fee is 15 days (2023: 15 days).

8. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
Unitholders' contribution	(a)	1,356,637,317	2,312,121,193
Accumulated realised income	(b)	95,840,165	86,203,698
		1,452,477,482	2,398,324,891

(a) Unitholders' contribution

The units are distributed based on the following classes

Th	The units are distributed based on the following classes:					
		202	24	202	3	
		Units	RM	Units	RM	
(i)	Class A	1,788,706,331	847,805,135	2,964,980,498	1,449,554,682	
(ii)	Class B	519,009,471	508,832,182	866,476,567	862,566,511	
	_	2,307,715,802	1,356,637,317	3,831,457,065	2,312,121,193	
(i)	Class A					
(.,	Oldoo / t	202	24	202	3	
		Units	RM	Units	RM	
	As at the beginning					
	of the financial year	2,964,980,498	1,449,554,682	5,603,318,845	2,799,050,166	
	Creation of units	2,233,185,813	1,144,640,996	10,621,104,700	5,411,483,924	
	Reinvestment of units	44,924,383	23,010,423	46,363,436	23,607,804	
	Cancellation of units _	(3,454,384,363)	(1,769,400,966)	(13,305,806,483)	(6,784,587,212)	
	As at the end of the financial year	1,788,706,331	847,805,135	2,964,980,498	1,449,554,682	
	,		· · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, , ,	
(ii)	Class B					
		202		202	•	
		Units	RM	Units	RM	
	As at the beginning of					
	the financial year	866,476,567	862,566,511	888,179,243	885,210,040	
	Creation of units	306,799,100	313,296,985	676,508,037	689,324,000	
	Reinvestment of units	13,792,257	14,056,152	18,875,120	19,131,833	
	Cancellation of units _	(668,058,453)	(681,087,466)	(717,085,833)	(731,099,362)	
	As at the end of the financial year	519,009,471	508,832,182	866,476,567	862,566,511	

8. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

(a) Unitholders' contribution (cont'd)

As of end of the financial year, the total number and value of units held legally or beneficially by the Manager and a related party are as follows:

	20	2024		23
	No. of units	Valued at NAV RM	No. of units	Valued at NAV RM
The Manager (Class B)	1,095	1,121	1,069	1,088

The units are held beneficially by the Manager for booking purposes, and are within the prescribed limit allowed by the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds. Other than the above, there were no units held by the directors or parties related to the Manager.

(b) Accumulated realised income

	2024 RM	2023 RM
As at the beginning of the financial year	86,203,698	44,390,559
Net realised income for the financial year	9,636,467	41,813,139
As at the end of the financial year	95,840,165	86,203,698

9. DISTRIBUTIONS

The sources of distributions to the unitholders are as follows:

(a) Class A

	202	24	202	23
	Composition			Composition
	Total distribution RM	of distribution in percentage %	Total distribution RM	of distribution in percentage %
Source of distribution* - Income distribution	30,116,909	100.00	31,052,436	100.00
- Capital distribution	30,116,909	100.00	31,052,436	100.00

Distribution date (Ex-date) 2024	Gross/ Net distribution (RM sen)
3 July 2023 1 August 2023 1 September 2023 2 October 2023 1 November 2023 1 December 2023 2 January 2024	0.12 0.11 0.09 0.13 0.14 0.13

9. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D)

(a) Class A (cont'd)

Distribution date (Ex-date)	Gross/ Net distribution (RM sen)
2024 (cont'd)	
2 February 2024	0.13
1 March 2024	0.12
1 April 2024	0.12
2 May 2024	0.14
4 June 2024	0.13
	1.49
2023	
27 January 2023	0.01
24 February 2023	0.05
29 March 2023	0.68
2 May 2023	0.06
1 June 2023	0.11
	0.91

(b) Class B

	2024		2023	
	Total distribution RM	Composition of distribution in percentage %	Total distribution RM	Composition of distribution in percentage %
Source of distribution*		,,		,,
- Income distribution	18,494,936	100.00	25,173,464	100.00
 Capital distribution 	-	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	-
	18,494,936	100.00	25,173,464	100.00

Distribution date (Ex-date)	Gross/ Net distribution (RM sen)
2024	
3 July 2023	0.27
1 August 2023	0.21
1 September 2023	0.20
2 October 2023	0.27
1 November 2023	0.28
1 December 2023	0.28
2 January 2024	0.26
2 February 2024	0.29
1 March 2024	0.26
1 April 2024	0.26

9. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D)

(b) Class B (cont'd)

Distribution date (Ex-date)	Gross/ Net distribution (RM sen)
2024 (cont'd)	
2 May 2024 4 June 2024	0.28 0.28 3.14
2023	
27 January 2023 24 February 2023 29 March 2023 2 May 2023 1 June 2023	0.01 0.10 1.92 0.13 0.24 2.40

Effective from the 1 March 2022, the Securities Commission Guidelines permit a fund to distribute out of income (which includes current year's realised income) or out of capital (which includes prior year's realised income).

10. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION AND BALANCES

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Fund or the Manager if the Fund or the Manager has the ability directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decision, or vice versa, or where the Fund or the Manager and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities. In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following is the significant related party transaction and balances of the Fund during the financial year.

The Manager is of the opinion that the transactions with the related parties have been entered into the normal course of the business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from that obtainable with unrelated parties.

(i) Significant related party transactions	2024 RM	2023 RM
Maybank Islamic Bhd ("MIB")*: Profit income received	3,523,645	9,487,608
(ii) Significant related party balances		
MIB*: Shariah-compliant deposits	206,205,000	1,508,000
Profit income receivable	2,713,917	120
Cash at bank	1,088	1,186

^{*} MIB is a subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

11. TRANSACTIONS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Details of transaction, primarily deposits with licensed financial institutions for the current financial year is as follows:

	2024		2023	
		Percentage		Percentage
	Value of	of total	Value of	of total
	placement	placements	placement	placements
Financial institutions	RM	%	RM	%
Hong Leong Islamic				
Bank Bhd	14,242,149,666	44.00	10,524,440,234	9.61
Public Islamic Bank Bhd	7,902,238,004	24.42	38,885,151,404	35.50
MIB *	4,461,979,000	13.79	14,552,623,000	13.29
CIMB Islamic Bank Bhd	3,099,135,249	9.58	6,989,901,497	6.38
Bank Islam Malaysia Bhd	764,298,164	2.36	918,520,548	0.84
AmBank Islamic Bhd	690,000,000	2.13	750,000,000	0.68
Affin Islamic Bank Bhd	529,308,826	1.64	9,596,989,407	8.76
MBSB Bank Berhad	485,073,811	1.50	434,000,000	0.40
RHB Islamic Bank Bhd	100,000,000	0.30	2,035,249,534	1.86
Kuwait Finance House	90,107,397	0.28	150,029,534	0.14
Bank Kerjasama Rakyat				
Malaysia Bhd	-	-	19,196,970,205	17.53
Bank Simpanan Nasional	-	-	4,478,655,625	4.09
SME Development				
Bank (M) Bhd	-	-	530,374,548	0.48
Bank Pembangunan Malaysia				
Bhd			485,000,000	0.44
	32,364,290,117	100.00	109,527,905,536	100.00

^{*} MIB is a subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

12. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

TER is calculated based on the ratio of the total fees and recovered expenses for the year, to the average daily NAV of the Fund. For the financial year ended 30 June 2024, the TER of the Fund stood at 0.23% (2023: 0.23%).

13. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund is the ratio of average of the total acquisitions and disposals of the investments in the Fund for the financial year to the daily average NAV of the Fund. PTR is not applicable for this Fund for the current and previous financial years as it only made placements in Shariah-compliant deposits.

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

(a) Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities were measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classifications. The material accounting policies in Note 2.3 to 2.14 to the financial statements describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured and how income and expenses are recognised.

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd)

The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities (excluding tax-related matters) of the Fund in the statement of financial position as at the reporting date by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

	Financial assets at amortised cost	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total
2024	RM	RM	RM
Financial assets Shariah-compliant deposits with			
licensed financial institutions	1,443,532,909	-	1,443,532,909
Profit income receivables	9,253,673	-	9,253,673
Cash at bank	1,088	-	1,088
Total financial assets	1,452,787,670		1,452,787,670
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to Manager	-	259,722	259,722
Amount due to Trustee	-	20,344	20,344
Other payables and accruals	<u> </u>	30,122	30,122
Total financial liabilities		310,188	310,188
2023			
Financial assets Shariah-compliant deposits with			
licensed financial institutions	2,384,335,186	-	2,384,335,186
Profit income receivables	14,479,977	-	14,479,977
Cash at bank	1,186	-	1,186
Total financial assets	2,398,816,349	_	2,398,816,349
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to Manager	-	433,559	433,559
Amount due to Trustee	-	28,837	28,837
Other payables and accruals	<u>-</u> .	29,062	29,062
Total financial liabilities	-	491,458	491,458

(b) Fair value hierarchy

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

(c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

Other than its investments at FVTPL, the Fund's financial instruments were not carried at fair value but their carrying amounts were reasonable approximations of fair value due to their short-term maturity.

15. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Portfolio Management Committee (the "PMC") of the Manager, being the chief operating decision-maker makes the strategic decisions on resources allocation of the Fund. The decisions are based on an integrated investment strategy to ensure the Fund achieves its targeted return with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio.

The Fund will invest at least 90% of the Fund's NAV in Islamic deposits, Islamic money market instruments, and Sukuk with maturity of not more than 365 days and up to 10% of the Fund's NAV may be invested in Sukuk which have a remaining maturity period of more than 365 days but less than 732 days.

The remaining balance of the Fund's NAV will be invested in liquid assets. On this basis, the PMC considers the business of the Fund to have a single operating segment located in Malaysia. Asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investments strategy and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The internal reporting of the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS and IFRS.

There were no changes in the reportable operating segments during the financial year.

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(a) Introduction

The Fund maintains investment portfolios in a variety of listed and unlisted financial instruments as dictated by its Deeds and investment management strategy.

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks including market risk (which includes profit rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Whilst these are the most important types of financial risks inherent in each type of financial instruments, the Manager and the Trustee would like to highlight that this list does not purport to constitute an exhaustive list of all the risks inherent in an investment in the Fund.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as profit rates. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments equals their fair value. The market risk is managed through consistent monitoring and swift response to various factors that may adversely affect the Fund.

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Market risk (cont'd)

(i) Profit rate risk

The Fund's deposits with licensed financial institutions carries profit rate and is short-term in nature, and therefore is not affected by movements in market profit rate.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer/ counterparty to a financial instrument will default on its contractual obligation resulting in a financial loss to the Fund. The Fund is exposed to the risk of credit-related losses that can occur as a result of an issuer/ counterparty's inability or unwillingness to honour its contractual obligations to make timely repayments of profit, principal and proceeds from realisation of investments. These credit exposures exist within financing relationships and other transactions.

The Manager manages the Fund's credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation and close monitoring of any changes to the issuer/ counterparty's credit profile to minimise such risk. It is the Fund's policy to enter into financial instruments with reputable counterparties. The Manager also closely monitors the creditworthiness of the Fund's other counterparties (e.g. brokers, custodian, banks, etc.) by reviewing their credit ratings and credit profile on a regular basis.

(i) Credit risk exposure

At the reporting date, the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial asset recognised in the statement of financial position. None of the Fund's financial assets were past due or impaired as at the reporting date.

The following table analyses the Fund's cash at bank, Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial institutions and profit income receivable on Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions by rating categories. The ratings for cash at bank, Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial institutions and profit income receivables on Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial institutions were obtained from RAM's official website.

(ii) Credit quality of financial assets

	202	4	202	23
		As a		As a
		percentage		percentage
		of NAV		of NAV
Financial assets	RM	%	RM	%
A A A	000 074 440	00.00	4 075 447 000	44.04
AAA	999,274,416	68.80	1,075,417,868	44.84
AA2	102,722,438	7.07	100,665,753	4.20
AA3	350,790,816	24.15	1,032,353,331	43.04
A1	<u> </u>	-	190,379,397	7.94
	1,452,787,670	100.02	2,398,816,349	100.02
	1,452,787,670	100.02	2,398,816,349	100.02

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. The Fund is exposed to cash redemptions of its units on a regular basis. Units sold to unitholders by the Manager are redeemable at the unitholders' option based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of redemption calculated in accordance with the Fund's Deeds.

The Manager's policy is to always maintain a prudent and sufficient level of liquid assets so as to meet normal operating requirements and expected redemption requests by unitholders. Liquid assets comprise cash at bank, Shariah-compliant deposits with financial institutions and other receivables which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The following table summarises the maturity profile of the Fund's financial liabilities. Balances due within twelve months equal their carrying amounts, as the impact of discounting is insignificant.

	Less than	More than	
	1 month	1 month	Total
2024	RM	RM	RM
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to Manager	259,722	-	259,722
Amount due to Trustee	20,344	-	20,344
Other payables and accruals	30,122	-	30,122
Net assets attributable to			
unitholders of the Fund	1,452,477,482	-	1,452,477,482
Total undiscounted financial liabilities			_
and net assets attributable to			
unitholders of the Fund	1,452,787,670	-	1,452,787,670
2023			
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to Manager	433,559	-	433,559
Amount due to Trustee	28,837	-	28,837
Other payables and accruals	29,062	-	29,062
Net assets attributable to			
unitholders of the Fund	2,398,324,891	-	2,398,324,891
Total undiscounted financial liabilities			
and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund	2,398,816,349		2,398,816,349

Notes:

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. When a counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Fund can be required to pay.

17. UNITHOLDERS' CONTRIBUTION MANAGEMENT

The unitholders' contribution of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for redemptions and subscriptions to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing unitholders' contribution are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and generate higher returns than the prescribed benchmark as indicated in its prospectus;
- (b) To achieve consistent returns while safeguarding capital by using various investment strategies;
- (c) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet redemption requests as they arise; and
- (d) To maintain sufficient fund size to ensure that the operations of the Fund are cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the unitholders' contribution management objectives, policies or processes in the current financial year.