

# **Asset Management**

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# MAMG SYSTEMATIC ASIA PACIFIC EQUITY ABSOLUTE RETURN FUND

Annual report For the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024

# **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

# **MANAGER**

Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (199701006283) (421779-M) Level 12 Tower C Dataran Maybank No.1 Jalan Maarof 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Telephone +603 2297 7888 Facsimile +603 2715 0071 www.maybank-am.com.my

# **TRUSTEE**

TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad (200301008392) (610812-W) Level 13 Menara 1 Sentrum No.201 Jalan Tun Sambanthan 50470 Kuala Lumpur Telephone +603 2382 4288 Facsimile +603 2026 1451

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# Manager's report

For the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024

#### A. Fund Information

# 1. Name of Fund

MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund (the "Fund")

# 2. Type of Fund

Growth

# 3. Category of Fund

Wholesale Feeder Fund

#### 4. Classes of Units

Classes of units	Currency Denomination
MYR Class	Ringgit Malaysia ("RM")
MYR (Hedged) Class	RM
USD Class	United States Dollar ("USD")
SGD (Hedged) Class	Singapore Dollar ("SGD")
AUD (Hedged) Class	Australian Dollar ("AUD")

#### 5. Duration of Fund

The Fund is an open-ended fund.

# 6. Fund's date of launch

8 January 2024

# 7. Fund's investment objective

The Fund seeks to provide capital growth by investing in BSF BlackRock Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund ("Target Fund").

# 8. Fund's distribution policy

Distribution, if any, shall be incidental and at the discretion of the Manager. Distribution, will be made from realised income and/ or realised gains of the Fund.

# 9. Fund's performance benchmark

3 months Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") compounded in arrears plus 26.1 basis point.

Note: The performance benchmark is the benchmark of the Target Fund to allow for a similar comparison with the performance of the Target Fund. However, the risk profile of the Fund is different from the risk profile of the performance benchmark. This is not a guaranteed return and is only a measurement of the Fund's performance.

# 10. Fund's investment policy and principal investment strategy

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing a minimum of 90% of its Net Asset Value ("NAV") into the Class A2 USD of the Target Fund.

The Target Fund is a sub fund of BlackRock Strategic Funds, established and domiciled in Luxembourg and established on 22 February 2017.

# Manager's report

For the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024 (cont'd)

# A. Fund Information (cont'd)

# 10. Fund's investment policy and principal investment strategy (cont'd)

The Fund may employ currency hedging strategies to fully or partially hedge the foreign currency exposure to manage the currency risk. Although the Fund is passively managed, the Manager will ensure proper and efficient management of the Fund so that the Fund is able to meet redemption requests by unitholders.

In addition, the Manager may, in consultation with the Trustee and subject to unitholder's approval, replace the Target Fund with another fund of a similar objective if, in the Manager's opinion, the Target Fund no longer meets the Fund's investment objective.

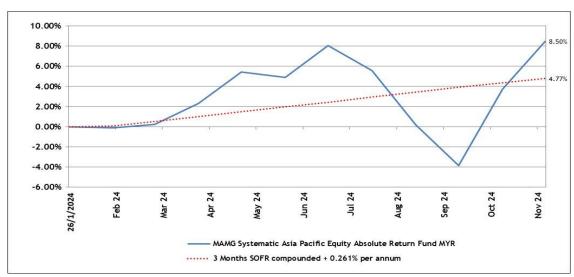
#### **B.** Performance Review

Performance of MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund - MYR Class for the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024 are as follows:

**MYR Class** 

Financial period	The Fund %	Benchmark %
Since Inception to 30 November 2024	8.50	4.77

<sup>\*</sup>The Inception date for MYR Class was on 26 January 2024



Source: Lipper, as at 30 November 2024

Investors are reminded that past performance of the Fund is not necessarily indicative of its future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

The MYR Class has generated a net return of 8.50% for the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024.

# Manager's report

For the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024 (cont'd)

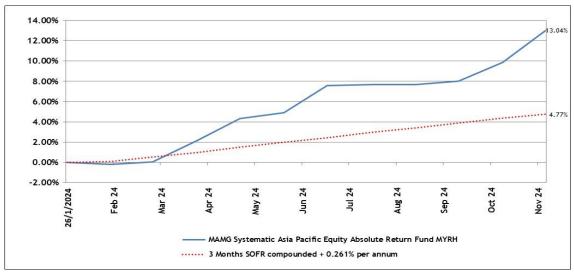
# B. Performance Review (cont'd)

Performance of MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund - MYR (Hedged) Class for the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024 are as follows:

MYR (Hedged) Class

Financial period	The Fund %	Benchmark %
Since Inception to 30 November 2024	13.04	4.77

<sup>\*</sup>The Inception date for MYR (Hedged) Class was on 26 January 2024



Source: Lipper, as at 30 November 2024

The MYR (Hedged) Class has generated a net return of 13.04% for the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024.

# Manager's report

For the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024 (cont'd)

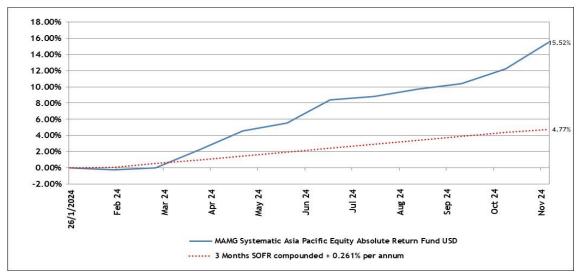
# B. Performance Review (cont'd)

Performance of MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund - USD Class for the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024 are as follows:

**USD Class** 

Financial period	The Fund %	Benchmark %
Since Inception to 30 November 2024	15.52	4.77

<sup>\*</sup>The Inception date for USD Class was on 26 January 2024



Source: Lipper, as at 30 November 2024

The USD Class has generated a net return of 15.52% for the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024.

# Manager's report

For the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024 (cont'd)

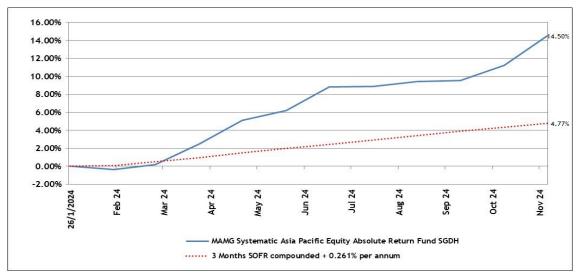
# B. Performance Review (cont'd)

Performance of MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund - SGD (Hedged) Class for the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024 are as follows:

SGD (Hedged) Class

Financial period	The Fund %	Benchmark %
Since Inception to 30 November 2024	14.50	4.77

<sup>\*</sup>The Inception date for SGD (Hedged) Class was on 26 January 2024



Source: Lipper, as at 30 November 2024

The SGD (Hedged) Class has generated a net return of 14.50% for the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024.

# Manager's report

For the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024 (cont'd)

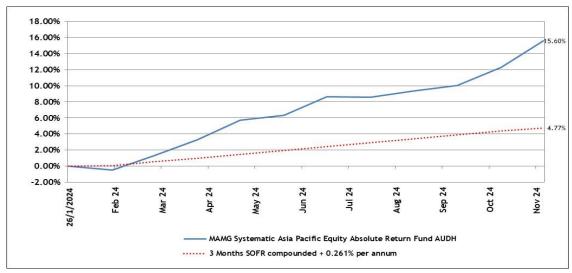
# B. Performance Review (cont'd)

Performance of MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund - AUD (Hedged) Class for the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024 are as follows:

**AUD (Hedged) Class** 

Financial period	The Fund %	Benchmark %
Since Inception to 30 November 2024	15.60	4.77

<sup>\*</sup>The Inception date for AUD (Hedged) Class was on 26 January 2024



Source: Lipper, as at 30 November 2024

The AUD (Hedged) Class has generated a net return of 15.60% for the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024.

# Manager's report

For the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024 (cont'd)

# B. Performance Review (cont'd)

For the period under review from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024, the total return of Fund - MYR Class, MYR (Hedged) Class, USD Class, SGD (Hedged) Class, AUD (Hedged) Class were 8.50%, 13.04%, 15.52%, 14.50% and 15.60% respectively, outperforming the benchmark of 4.77%. 4.2 The Fund has achieved the investment objective, with both sector and country allocations driving outperformance. Sector allocation contributed 20.46% to returns, majority with Materials, Info Tech, and Consumer Discretionary, contributing 5.33%, 3.50%, and 2.93%, respectively. Country allocation contributed 20.39% to returns, majority with Taiwan, Japan, and Australia contributing 6.27%, 3.78%, and 2.23%, respectively.

#### C. Market Review

In year 2024, both large cap and small cap segments posted gains driven by all three dimensions of insights – Fundamental, Sentiment and Macro. Very few detractors made a significant impact. Quality-focused insights monitoring levels of equity dilution and external financing at companies kept the Target Fund well positioned, effectively navigating the impact of monetary policy shifts within Asia and wider global markets. Machine-learned complex of insights continued to demonstrate efficacy over the period through turbulent macro environment, industry trends and reversals in different Asia-Pacific ("APAC") countries.

The Target Fund was positioned from key market drivers along both sector and country dimension over the year. So far, both sector and country dimension were additive to performance this year. Taiwan continued to be the paramount alpha contributor from a country perspective, as Momentum-focused insights kept the Fund well-positioned within the chemicals industry and Artificial Intelligence ("AI") beneficiaries across Semiconductors and Electronic Equipment. Japan followed, with the majority of gains also from Chemicals and Electronic Equipment names, largely driven by insights capturing the quality dimension of companies.

# D. Market Outlook

The Target Fund manager continues to monitor developments in both Japan and China as the Japanese political situation unfolds. In China, further stimulus measures will be seen as positives, particularly as a Trump victory in the United States ("US") should spell negative news for the China-US relationship.

On a high level, the Target Fund manager remains long in tech and communication services, with short positions in real estate and materials. On the country dimension, the Fund has aggregate long positions in Korea and Malaysia, offset by shorts in Taiwan, Japan and Australia. On a more granular level, some of the larger industry positions are within banks, where the Fund is generally long Malaysia, Japan, Singapore, Thailand and Australia, and short onshore Chinese and Indian banks. Within materials, the Fund is short both Japanese and Taiwanese Chemical companies.

# Manager's report

For the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024 (cont'd)

#### E. Soft Commissions and Rebates

The Manager and its delegates will not retain any form of soft commissions and rebates from or otherwise share in any commission with any broker in consideration for directing dealings in the investments of the Fund unless the soft commissions received are retained in the form of goods and services such as financial wire services and stock quotations system incidental to investment management of the Fund. All dealings with brokers are executed on best available terms.

During the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024, the Manager and its delegates did not receive any soft commissions and rebates from brokers or dealers but have retained soft commissions in the form of goods and services such as research materials and advisory services that assist in decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund (i.e. research materials, data and quotation services, computer hardware and software incidental to the investment management of the Fund and investment advisory services) which were of demonstrable benefits to the unitholders.

#### F. Asset allocation

Asset allocation	30.11	30.11.2024	
	USD	%	
Collective investment scheme	33,490,502	95.74	
Cash, deposit with a licensed financial			
institution and other net assets	1,489,307	4.26	
Total NAV	34,979,809	100.00	

# G. Significant Financial Risk of the Fund

As the base currency of the Fund is denominated in USD and the currency denomination of the Classes may be denominated in other than USD, the Classes not denominated in USD are exposed to currency risk. Any fluctuation in the exchange rates between USD and the currency denomination of the Class (other than USD Class) will affect the unitholders' investments in those Classes (other than USD Class). The impact of the exchange rate movement between the base currency of the Fund and the currency denomination of the Class (other than USD Class) may result in a depreciation of the unitholder's holdings as expressed in the base currency of the Fund.

In order to manage currency risk, the Manager may employ currency hedging strategies to fully or partially hedge the foreign currency exposure of the Class not denominated in USD. Currency hedging may reduce the effect of the exchange rate movement for the Class being hedged (other than USD Class) but it does not entirely eliminate currency risk between the Class and the base currency of the Fund. The unhedged portion of the Class will still be affected by the exchange rate movements and it may cause fluctuation of NAV of the Class.

# TRUSTEE'S REPORT

To the unit holders of MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund (the "Fund"),

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

For and on behalf of **TMF TRUSTEES MALAYSIA BERHAD** (Company No: 200301008392/ 610812-W)

NORHAYATI BINTI AZIT DIRECTOR - FUND SERVICES

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 23 January 2025

#### STATEMENT BY MANAGER

# TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAMG SYSTEMATIC ASIA PACIFIC EQUITY ABSOLUTE RETURN FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 8 JANUARY 2024 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 30 NOVEMBER 2024

We, Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim and Muhammad Hishamudin Bin Hamzah, being two of the Directors of Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund as at 30 November 2024 and of its results, changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the financial period then ended and comply with the requirements of the Deed.

For and on behalf of the Manager

**Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim** Chairman

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 23 January 2025 **Muhammad Hishamudin Bin Hamzah**Director

# Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund

# Report on the audit of the financial statements

# Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund ("the Fund"), which comprise statement of financial position of the Fund as at 30 November 2024, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial period from 8 January 2024 (date of launch) to 30 November 2024, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information as set out on pages 7 to 34.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 November 2024, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors'* responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund ("the Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

# Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund (cont'd)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

# Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund (cont'd)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
  forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund (cont'd)

# Other matters

This report is made solely to the Unitholders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants Yeo Beng Yean 03013/10/2026 J Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 23 January 2025

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 8 JANUARY 2024 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 30 NOVEMBER 2024

		08.01.2024 (Date of Launch) to
I	Note	30.11.2024 USD
INVESTMENT INCOME		
Profit/ Interest income Net gain from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"):		25,182
- Realised gain		67,738
- Unrealised gain		3,272,764
Net income on foreign exchange and derivatives	3	66,916
		3,432,600
EXPENSES		
Manager's fee	4	55,322
Trustee's fee	5	7,376
Auditors' remuneration		2,197
Tax agent's fee		859
Administrative expenses		5,088
		70,842
Net income before taxation		3,361,758
Taxation	6	<u></u> _
Net income after taxation, and total comprehensive income for the financial period		3,361,758
Net income after taxation is made up of the following	a:	
Net realised income	<b>J</b> •	274,643
Net unrealised income		3,087,115
		3,361,758

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2024

	Note	30.11.2024 USD
ASSETS		
Financial assets at FVTPL Deposit with a licensed financial institution Derivative assets Profit/ Interest receivables Amount due from Manager Cash at bank TOTAL ASSETS	7 8 9 10 11	33,490,502 1,385,724 25,290 228 316,384 405,882 35,624,010
LIABILITIES		
Derivative liabilities Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Other payables and accruals TOTAL LIABILITIES	9 10 12	211,055 426,532 1,126 5,488 644,201
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF TH	HE FUND	34,979,809
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOL OF THE FUND COMPRISE:	DERS	
Unitholders' contribution Retained earnings	13(a) 13(b) & 13(c)	31,618,051 3,361,758 34,979,809
NET ASSET VALUE		
MYR Class MYR (Hedged) Class USD Class SGD (Hedged) Class AUD (Hedged) Class		16,554,662 14,536,312 2,112,467 1,346,942 429,426 34,979,809

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2024

		30	0.11.2024 USD
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION (UNITS)	13(a)		
MYR Class		13	5,785,765
MYR (Hedged) Class		114	4,463,427
USD Class		;	3,657,423
SGD (Hedged) Class		;	3,154,910
AUD (Hedged) Class		<u> </u>	1,140,995
		258	8,202,520
NAV PER UNIT			
MYR Class		RM	0.5425
MYR (Hedged) Class		RM	0.5652
USD Class		USD	0.5776
SGD (Hedged) Class		SGD	0.5724
AUD (Hedged) Class		AUD	0.5780

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 8 JANUARY 2024 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 30 NOVEMBER 2024

	Unitholders' contribution Note 13(a) USD	Retained earnings Note 13(b) & 13(c) USD	Net assets attributable to unitholders USD
At 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) Total comprehensive income for the	-	-	-
financial period	-	3,361,758	3,361,758
Creation of units	47,058,455	-	47,058,455
Cancellation of units	(15,440,404)	<u>-</u>	(15,440,404)
At 30 November 2024	31,618,051	3,361,758	34,979,809

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 8 JANUARY 2024 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 30 NOVEMBER 2024

	08.01.2024 (Date of Launch) to 30.11.2024 USD
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Net payment for purchase of financial assets at FVTPL Net proceeds from sale of financial assets at FVTPL Profit/ Interest received Net settlement of realised foreign exchange loss Net receipt of realised forward foreign exchange Manager's fee paid Trustee's fee paid Payment of other fees and expenses Net cash used in operating and investing activities	(31,300,000) 1,150,000 24,954 (8,263) 197,965 (46,878) (6,250) (2,645) (29,991,117)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from creation of units Payment for redemption of units Net cash generated from financing activities	46,763,575 (15,063,722) 31,699,853
NET CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE DATE OF LAUNCH Effect on foreign exchange	1,708,736 - 82,870
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	1,791,606
Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:  Deposit with a licensed financial institution with original maturity of less than 3 months (Note 8)  Cash at bank (Note 11)	1,385,724 405,882 1,791,606

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 8 JANUARY 2024 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 30 NOVEMBER 2024

## 1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

MAMG Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund (the "Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Deed(s) dated 7 December 2023, between the Manager, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MAM") and the Trustee, TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad and the registered holder of the Fund.

The Fund launched 5 share classes of units as at the date of this report, which are MYR Class, MYR (Hedged) Class, USD Class, AUD (Hedged) Class and SGD (Hedged) Class which represent the classes denominated in MYR, USD, AUD and SGD respectively.

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing a minimum of 90% of its Net Asset Value ("NAV") into the Class A2 United States Dollar ("USD") of the Target Fund.

The Target Fund is a sub fund of BlackRock Strategic Funds, established and domiciled in Luxembourg and established on 22 February 2017. The Target Fund is regulated by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier, relating to undertakings for collective investment.

The Manager of the Fund is MAM, a company incorporated in Malaysia. It is a holder of the Capital Markets Services Licence with fund management as its regulated activity under the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 ("CMSA"). The principal place of business of MAM is at Level 12, Tower C, Dataran Maybank, No. 1 Jalan Maarof, 59000 Kuala Lumpur. MAM is a subsidiary of Maybank Asset Management Group Berhad ("MAMG"), which in turn is a subsidiary of Malayan Banking Berhad ("MBB").

The functional currency of the Target Fund is in United States Dollar ("USD"), and the Shares of the Target Fund in which the Fund invests in are denominated in USD.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Manager ("the Directors") in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 23 January 2025.

# 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

# 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), the Deed(s) and any regulatory requirements.

The Fund has adopted the MFRS, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations Committee ("IC") Interpretations which have become effective during the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024. The adoption of the new pronouncements did not result in any material impact to the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as disclosed in the accounting policies in Note 2.3 to Note 2.15.

The financial statements are presented in USD.

# 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

# 2.2 Standards and Amendments to Standards issued but not yet effective

The following are Standards and Amendments to Standards issued by the MASB, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 121: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7: Amendments to the Classifications and	
Measurement of Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 1: First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial	
Reporting Standards	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 7: Financial Instruments: Disclosures	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 9: Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 107: Statement of Cash Flows	1 January 2026
MFRS 18: Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027
MFRS 19: Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	1 January 2027
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets	5 (
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

Except for MFRS 18, the Fund expects that the adoption of the above Standards and Amendments to Standards will not have any material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application. The Fund is currently in the process of assessing the potential effects of MFRS 18.

# 2.3 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.4 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the assets.

# 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

# 2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

#### (i) Financial assets at amortised cost

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents, amount due from Manager and profit/ interest receivables as financial assets at amortised cost.

These assets are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate ("EIR")/ effective profit rate ("EPR") method and are subject to impairment. The EIR/ EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of financial asset and of allocating and recognising the profit/ interest income in profit or loss of the relevant period.

Unless designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition, debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment loss:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objectives is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit/ interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that do not meet the criteria above are classified as either fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or FVTPL.

# (ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Investments in collective investment scheme and derivatives are classified as FVTPL, unless the Fund designates an investment that is not held for trading as FVTOCI on initial recognition.

A financial asset is recognised at FVTPL if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is part of the portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Fund manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instruments or a financial guarantee.

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet the amortised cost criteria but are designated as at FVTPL are measured at FVTPL. A debt instrument may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

Debt instruments are reclassified from amortised cost to FVTPL when the business model is changed such that the amortised cost criteria are no longer met. Reclassification of debt instruments that are designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition is not allowed.

# 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

# (ii) Financial assets at FVTPL (cont'd)

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss.

Profit/ Interest income on debt instruments as at FVTPL is disclosed separately in the profit or loss.

Changes in the fair value of FVTPL investments are recognised in unrealised loss on FVTPL investments in profit or loss. Accumulated unrealised gains or losses are reclassified to realised loss on FVTPL investments in profit or loss when the associated assets are sold.

# (iii) Impairment

Credit losses are recognised based on the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model. The Fund recognises loss allowances for ECL on financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL. The impairment model does not apply to equity investments.

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. It is measured as follows:

- Financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the reporting date.

  As the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive).
- Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date.
   As the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

At each reporting date, the Fund assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- Significant downgrade in credit rating of the instrument by a rating agency;
- A breach of contract such as a default or past due event; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

For balances with short-term nature (e.g. amount due from Manager), full impairment will be recognised on uncollected balances after the grace period.

# 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

# 2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

# (iv) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Fund recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Fund retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Fund continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of financial asset classified as FVTPL, the cumulative unrealised gain or loss previously recognised is transferred to realised gain or loss on disposal in profit or loss.

On derecognition of financial asset at amortised cost, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

#### 2.5 Financial liabilities

#### (i) Classification

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee, and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities.

# (ii) Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

The Fund's financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR/ EPR.

# (iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

#### 2.6 Derivatives and hedge accounting

Derivatives are financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss categorised as held for trading unless they are designated hedges.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments comprise forward foreign currency contracts. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value.

# 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

# 2.6 Derivatives and hedge accounting (cont'd)

The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and the nature of the item being hedged. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are classified as held for trading and accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy for FVTPL.

The Fund does not apply hedge accounting to the forward currency contracts entered during the financial period. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to apply the hedge accounting in the future.

#### 2.7 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Fund.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (iii) Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting date.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Fund has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

# 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

# 2.8 Functional and foreign currency

# (a) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in USD, which is also the Fund's functional currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions or valuations where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

## 2.9 Unitholders' contribution

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund are classified as liabilities under the requirements of MFRS 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation as they are puttable instruments whereby the unitholders have the right to redeem their units in the Fund at their option.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial period if unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund. Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

# 2.10 Distributions

Any distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income except where distributions are sourced out of distribution equalisation, which is accounted for as a deduction from unitholders' capital. A proposed dividend is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unitholders on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date which is also the time of creation.

# 2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and deposit with a financial institution with original maturity of three (3) months or less which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

# 2.12 Revenue/Income

Revenue/Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Profit/ Interest income from deposit with a licensed financial institution is recognised on the accruals basis using the EIR/ EPR method.

# 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.12 Revenue/Income (cont'd)

Realised gain or loss on disposal of investment in collective investment scheme is accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments.

Redemption fee income is charged to unitholders on cancellation of units before the maturity date and is recognised upon cancellation of units.

Other revenue/ income is generally recognised when the Fund satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service or an asset to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

#### 2.13 Taxation

Current tax expense is determined according to Malaysian tax laws at the current tax rate based upon the taxable profit earned during the financial period.

No deferred tax is recognised as no temporary differences have been identified.

# 2.14 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

# 2.15 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgements, estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

No major judgement have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period.

# 3. NET INCOME ON FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND DERIVATIVES

Net realised income on foreign exchange
Net unrealised income on foreign exchange
Net realised income on foreign exchange
Net unrealised income on derivatives
Net unrealised loss on derivatives
Net unrealised loss on derivatives

108.01.2024
(Date of Launch)

to

30.11.2024

USD

53,691

116

198,874

Net unrealised loss on derivatives
(185,765)

66,916

# 4. MANAGER'S FEE

The Manager's fee for the financial period is computed on a daily basis at the following rate per annum ("p.a.") of the NAV of the Fund before deducting the Manager's fee and Trustee's fee for the particular day.

	Rate
Share Class	08.01.2024 (Date of Launch)
	to
	30.11.2024
MYR	up to 1.80%
MYR (Hedged)	up to 1.80%
USD	up to 1.80%
SGD (Hedged)	up to 1.80%
AUD (Hedged)	up to 1.80%

The annual management fee is calculated and accrued daily in the Fund's base currency which is USD, which is also the Fund's functional currency and paid monthly to the Manager.

# 5. TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee's fee for the financial period is computed based on 0.04% p.a. of the NAV of the Fund (excluding foreign custodian fees and charges). The Trustee fee is calculated and accrued daily in the Base Currency and payable monthly to the Trustee.

# 6. TAXATION

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% of the estimated assessable income for the financial period. The tax charge for the financial period is in relation to the taxable income earned by the Fund after deducting tax allowable expenses.

In accordance with Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act 1967, profit/ interest income earned by the Fund is exempted from tax. With effect from 1 January 2022, the current income tax exemption on foreign-sourced income ("FSI") received in Malaysia by Malaysian residents has been removed.

	08.01.2024 (Date of Launch) to 30.11.2024 USD
Net income before taxation	3,361,758
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% Income not subject to tax Loss not deductible for tax purposes Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Tax expense for the financial period	806,822 (868,408) 44,584 17,002

# 7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

Details of the Fund's investments in a collective investment scheme is as follows:

		Quantity Unit	Cost USD	Fair value USD	Percentage of NAV
	30.11.2024				
	BSF BlackRock Systematic Asia Pacific Equity Absolute Return Fund	182,609	30,217,738	33,490,502	95.74
	Unrealised gain on FVTPL investme	nt		3,272,764	
8.	DEPOSIT WITH A LICENSED FINANCE	CIAL INSTITUT	ION		
					30.11.2024 USD
	Short term placement with a maturity o	f less than 3 mo	onths	-	1,385,724
	The weighted average effective intereaverage maturity of deposit with a licer reporting date were as follows:				
				30.11 WAEIR/ WAEPR % p.a.	.2024 Average maturity Days
	Deposit with a licensed financial institu	tion	·	3.00	3
9.	DERIVATIVE ASSETS/ (LIABILITIES)	1			
			Notional principal	Fair \	/alue
	Foreign exchange related contracts		amount USD	Asset USD	Liabilities USD
	30.11.2024				
	Currency forwards - Less than 1 year	_	15,820,000	20,749	(210,541)
			SGD	-	
	Currency forwards - Less than 1 year		168,155	4,541	-
			AUD		
	Currency forwards - Less than 1 year		108,251	-	(514)
	Total derivative assets/ (liabilities)		,	25,290	(211,055)

# 9. DERIVATIVE ASSETS/ (LIABILITIES) (CONT'D)

As at the reporting date, there were 24 forward exchange contracts outstanding.

The Fund entered into forward currency contracts during the financial period to hedge the foreign currency exposure of the MYR (Hedged) Class, AUD (Hedged) Class and SGD (Hedged) Class based on the features of the respective classes as disclosed in Note 13(a).

As the Fund has not adopted hedge accounting during the financial period, the change in the fair value of the forward currency contract is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income, and borne solely by the unitholders of the respective classes.

# 10. AMOUNT DUE FROM/ TO MANAGER

		30.11.2024 USD
Amount due from Manager:		
- Creation of units	(i)	316,384
Amount due to Manager:		
- Manager's fee	(ii)	8,440
- Cancellation of units	(iii)	418,092
		426,532

- (i) The amount represents amount receivable from the Manager for units subscribed.
- (ii) Amount due to Manager relates to the amount payable to the Fund Manager arising from the accruals for Manager's fee at the end of the financial period. The normal credit term for Manager's fee is 15 days.
- (iii) The amount represents amount payable to the Manager for units redeemed or cancelled.

# 11. CASH AT BANK

The table below indicates the currencies that the Fund have in cash at bank as at the reporting date:

	30.11.2024 USD
Australian Dollar ("AUD")	35,358
Malaysian Ringgit ("MYR")	57,390
Singapore Dollar ("SGD")	29,852
USD	283,282_
	405,882

#### 12. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

The amount due to Trustee relates to the amount payable to the Trustee arising from the accrued Trustee's fee at the end of the financial period. The normal credit term for Trustee's fee is 15 days.

# 13. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND

	Note	30.11.2024 USD
Unitholders' contribution	(a)	31,618,051
Accumulated realised income	(b)	274,643
Accumulated unrealised income	(c)	3,087,115
		34,979,809

# (a) Unitholders' contribution

The units are distributed based on the following share classes:

	<del>-</del>		
		08.01.2024	
		(Date of Launch)	
		to	
		30.11.20	024
		No. of units	USD
(i)	MYR Class	135,785,765	14,508,037
(ii)	MYR (Hedged) Class	114,463,427	13,559,994
(iii)	USD Class	3,657,423	1,928,292
(iv)	SGD (Hedged) Class	3,154,910	1,228,171
(v)	AUD (Hedged) Class	1,140,995	393,557
		258,202,520	31,618,051
(i)	MYR Class	No. of units	USD
		No. or units	030
	At the date of launch	-	-
	Creation of units	200,861,256	21,992,582
	Cancellation of units	(65,075,491)	(7,484,545)
	As at end of the financial period	135,785,765	14,508,037
(ii)	MYR (Hedged) Class		
		No. of units	USD
	At the date of launch	-	-
	Creation of units	157,820,236	18,745,659
	Cancellation of units	(43,356,809)	(5,185,665)
	As at end of the financial period	114,463,427	13,559,994

The Fund is a multi-class Fund. The impact of the exchange rate movement between the USD and MYR may result in the appreciation or depreciation of the unitholders investments in the Fund expressed in USD. MYR (Hedged) Class represents a Class denominated in MYR which seeks to reduce the effect of currency fluctuations between the currency of the Class and the base currency of the Fund by entering into forward currency contracts to hedge the foreign currency exposure of this Class. See Note 9 for further details.

# 13. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

# (a) Unitholders' contribution (cont'd)

# (iii) USD Class

	(Date of Launch) to 30.11.2024	
	No. of units	USD
At the date of launch	-	-
Creation of units	6,549,060	3,518,683
Cancellation of units	(2,891,637)	(1,590,391)
As at end of the financial period	3,657,423	1,928,292

08.01.2024

# (iv) SGD (Hedged) Class

	No. of units	USD
At the date of launch	-	-
Creation of units	4,998,104	1,974,832
Cancellation of units	(1,843,194)	(746,661)
As at end of the financial period	3,154,910	1,228,171

The Fund is a multi-class Fund. The impact of the exchange rate movement between the USD and SGD may result in the appreciation or depreciation of the unitholders investments in the Fund expressed in SGD. SGD (Hedged) Class represents a Class denominated in SGD which seeks to reduce the effect of currency fluctuations between the currency of the Class and the base currency of the Fund by entering into forward currency contracts to hedge the foreign currency exposure of this Class. See Note 9 for further details.

# (v) AUD (Hedged) Class

	No. of units	USD
At the date of launch	-	-
Creation of units	2,316,371	826,699
Cancellation of units	(1,175,376)	(433,142)
As at end of the financial period	1,140,995	393,557

The Fund is a multi-class Fund. The impact of the exchange rate movement between the USD and AUD may result in the appreciation or depreciation of the unitholders investments in the Fund expressed in USD. AUD (Hedged) Class represents a Class denominated in AUD which seeks to reduce the effect of currency fluctuations between the currency of the Class and the base currency of the Fund by entering into forward currency contracts to hedge the foreign currency exposure of this Class. See Note 9 for further details.

As at end of financial period, there are no units held by the Manager.

# 13. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

# (b) Accumulated realised income

08.01.2024 (Date of Launch) to 30.11.2024 USD

At the date of launch

Net realised income for the financial period

As at the end of the financial period

274,643

274,643

# (c) Accumulated unrealised income

08.01.2024 (Date of Launch) to 30.11.2024 USD

At the date of launch

Net unrealised income for the financial period

As at the end of the financial period

3,087,115

3,087,115

# (d) Classes of shares

#### (i) Types of classes of units

The Fund issues cancellable units, in five classes of units as detailed below:

Classes of units	Currency denomination	Categories of investors
MYR	RM	Institutional
MYR (Hedged)	RM	Institutional
USD	USD	Institutional
SGD (Hedged)	AUD	Institutional
AUD (Hedged)	SGD	Institutional

There are different charges and features for each class as follows:

- (a) Initial investments for each class;
- (b) Additional investments;
- (c) Minimum holdings; and
- (d) Transfer, switching and conversion charges for each class.

#### (ii) NAV computation

The computation of NAV of the Fund is based on the Fund's functional currency, USD, irrespective of the multiple classes of units (denominated in other currencies). Due to multiple classes in this Fund, the non-class designated income and expenses incurred by the Fund are apportioned based on the multi-class ratio, which is the size of the respective class relative to the whole Fund. The Fund's NAV per unit of respective classes is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to members of respective classes with the total number of outstanding units of respective classes.

# 13. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

# (d) Classes of shares (cont'd)

# (iii) Redemption of units by unitholders

These units are redeemable at the unitholders' option. Redeemable units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's NAV of respective classes. The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the date of the statement of financial position if the unitholder exercises the right to put back the unit to the Fund.

There is no restriction on the putting of the units back to the Fund (i.e. redemption), subject to the minimum redemption amount of units of each class and the minimum unit holding for each class. If the unit holdings of a unitholder are, after a redemption request, falls below the minimum unit holdings for the Fund, a request for full redemption is deemed to have been made.

# 14. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

The Manager bought and sold the units in the Target Fund directly from the Manager of the Target Fund in the current financial period.

Details of transactions, primarily deposits with licensed financial institutions are as follows:

08.01.2024 (Date of Launch) to 30.11.2024

Transaction value USD	Percentage of total placements %
198,063,196	97.54
4,331,318	2.13
654,720	0.32
203,049,233	100.00
	value USD 198,063,196 4,331,318 654,720

<sup>\*</sup> MBB is the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

# 15. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

For the purpose of the financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Fund or the Manager if the Fund or the Manager has the ability directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decision, or vice versa, or where the Fund or the Manager and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities. In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following is the significant related party transaction and balances of the Fund during the financial period.

<sup>\*</sup> MIB is a subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

# 15. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONT'D)

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, there were no significant related party transactions and balances as at the reporting date.

08.01.2024 (Date of Launch) to 30.11.2024 USD

# (i) Significant related party transactions

MBB *: Interest income from deposits		
MIB *: Profit income from deposits		

30.11.2024 USD

25,182

606

# (ii) Significant related party balances

MBB *:	
Deposit with a licensed financial institution	1,385,724
Derivative liabilities	51,000

- \* MBB is the ultimate holding company of the Manager.
  - \* MIB is a subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

The Manager is of the opinion that the transactions and balances with the related parties have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from that obtainable in transactions with unrelated parties.

# 16. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. The fees and expenses include Manager's fee, Trustee's fee and other administrative expenses. For the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024, the TER of the Fund was 0.32%.

# 17. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund is the ratio of average acquisitions and disposals of the Fund for the financial period to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. For the financial period from 8 January 2024 (Date of Launch) to 30 November 2024, the PTR of the Fund stood at 0.74 times.

# 18. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Portfolio Management Committee (the "PMC") of the Manager, being the chief operating decision maker, makes the strategic decisions on resources allocation of the Fund. The decisions are based on an integrated investment strategy to ensure the Fund achieves its targeted return with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio.

# 18. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

The PMC of the Manager is responsible for the Fund's performance by investing at least 90% of the Fund's NAV in the shares of the Target Fund and the remaining 2% to 10% of the Fund's NAV in liquid assets.

As the Fund is a feeder fund, the Target Fund Manager is the ultimate decision-maker on the investment strategy to ensure the Target Fund achieves its targeted return with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio.

The internal reporting of the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS and IFRS.

There were no changes in the reportable operating segments during the financial period.

#### 19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

# (a) Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities were measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classifications. The material accounting policy information in Note 2.3 to Note 2.15 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured and how income and expenses are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities (excluding prepayment, tax-related matters and NAV attributable to unitholders) of the Fund in the statement of financial position as at the reporting date by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

	Financial	Financial	Financial	
	assets and liabilities at	assets at	liabilities at amortised	
	FVTPL	amortised cost	cost	Total
30.11.2024	USD	USD	USD	USD
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	33,490,502	-	-	33,490,502
Deposit with a licensed				
financial institution	-	1,385,724	-	1,385,724
Derivative assets	25,290	-	-	25,290
Profit/ Interest receivables	-	228	-	228
Amount due from Manager	-	316,384	-	316,384
Cash at bank	-	405,882	-	405,882
Total financial assets	33,515,792	2,108,218	-	35,624,010
Financial liabilities				
Derivative liabilities	211,055	-	-	211,055
Amount due to Manager	-	-	426,532	426,532
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	1,126	1,126
Other payables and accruals	_	_	5,488	5,488
Total financial liabilities	211,055		433,146	644,201
				,

# 19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets at FVTPL, derivative assets and derivative liabilities are carried at fair value.

#### Collective investment scheme

The Fund's investment in the collective investment scheme is carried at fair value. The fair value of the collective investment scheme is determined by reference to its last published NAV per unit at the reporting date.

# Derivative assets and liabilities

The fair value of over-the-counter forward foreign exchange contracts are obtained by using valuation models which incorporate various observable market inputs such as changes in spot rate, and changes in the forward points. For these financial instruments, significant inputs into models are market observable and are included within Level 2.

#### (c) Fair value hierarchy

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset

or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data

(unobservable inputs).

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

30.11.2024	Level 1 USD	Level 2 USD	Level 3 USD	Total USD
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL Derivative assets	33,490,502	25,290 25,290	- - -	33,490,502 25,290 33,515,792
Financial liabilities				
Derivative liabilities		211,055	<u>-</u>	211,055

# (d) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

Other than its financial assets at FVTPL and derivative assets and liabilities, the Fund's financial instruments were not carried at fair value but their carrying amounts were reasonable approximations of fair value due to their short-term maturity.

There were no financial instruments which were not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts were not reasonable approximations of their respective fair values.

#### 20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

#### (a) Introduction

The Fund's objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of unitholders' value. Risk is inherent in the Fund's activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring of risks.

Financial risk management is also carried out through sound internal control systems and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Deed(s), SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework and CMSA.

#### (b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as profit/ interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The Fund is exposed to foreign currency risk arising from the Fund's financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. The Fund is also exposed to profit/ interest rate risk arising from deposit placed with a licensed financial institution. The Fund does not hold any equity exposure. Nevertheless, price risk exposure arises from investment in Target Fund as at the reporting date.

# (i) Profit/ Interest rate risk

Cash is sensitive to movement in profit/ interest rates. When profit/ interest rates rise, the return on cash will rise. The deposit with a licensed financial institution carries a fixed rate, and therefore, is not affected by the movements in market profit/ interest rates.

# (ii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk of unfavourable changes in the fair values of investments as the result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from profit/ interest rate risk and currency risk). The price risk exposure arises primary from the Fund's investments in shares of the Target Fund.

# Price risk sensitivity

Management's best estimate of the effect on the Fund's NAV due to a reasonably possible change in price, with all other variables held constant is indicated in the table below:

	30.11	.2024
		Effects on NAV
	Changes in price %	Increase/ (Decrease) USD
Collective investment scheme	+5 -5	1,674,525 (1,674,525)

The impact to net income after taxation is expected to be the same as the effects on NAV.

# 20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

# (b) Market risk (cont'd)

# (iii) Currency risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The base currency of the Fund is USD. As the investments of the Fund may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency, any fluctuation in the exchange rate between USD and the currencies in which the Fund's assets are denominated in may have an impact on the fair value of the Fund's assets. If the currencies in which the assets are denominated depreciate against the base currency, this will have an adverse effect on the NAV of the Fund in the base currency and vice versa. Any gains or losses arising from the fluctuation in the exchange rate may further increase or decrease the returns of the investment and of the Fund.

The Fund is a multi-class Fund. The impact of the exchange rate movement between USD and the foreign currency of MYR, MYR (Hedged), AUD (Hedged) and SGD (Hedged) may result in a depreciation of the unitholders' investment in the Fund as expressed in USD.

The table below analyses the net position of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative assets and liabilities) which are exposed to foreign exchange risk as at 30 November 2024. As the Fund's functional currency is USD, the financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative assets and liabilities) in other currencies are exposed to the movement of foreign exchange rates as for the Fund are MYR, AUD and SGD. The exposure might lead to the appreciation or depreciation of the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund that may affect the value of the NAV attributable to unitholders.

30.11.2024	MYR USD	SGD USD	AUD USD	Total USD
Financial assets				
Deposit with a licensed				
financial institution	1,385,724	-	-	1,385,724
Amount due from Manager	239,632	-	73,014	312,646
Cash at bank	57,390	29,852	35,358	122,600
Total financial assets	1,682,746	29,852	108,372	1,820,970
Financial liabilities  Amount due to Manager	401,583	-	16,509	418,092
Other payables and accruals	5,488	-	-	5,488
Total financial liabilities excluding NAV attributable to				
unitholders	407,071	_	16,509	423,580
Net on-balance sheet open position	1,275,675	29,852	91,863	1,397,390

# 20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

# (b) Market risk (cont'd)

# (iii) Currency risk (cont'd)

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net on-balance sheet open position (excluding derivative assets and derivative liabilities) to movements in exchange rates. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the exchange rates will increase or decrease by 5% with all other variables held constant.

30.11.2024 Currency	Changes in exchange rates %	Effects on NAV Increase/ (Decrease) USD
MYR	+5 -5	63,784 (63,784)
SGD	+5 -5	1,493 (1,493)
AUD	+5 -5	4,593 (4,593)

The impact to net income after taxation is expected to be the same as the effects on NAV.

#### (c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer/ counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The Fund is exposed to the risk of credit-related losses that can occur as a result of an issuer/ counterparty's inability or unwillingness to honour its contractual obligations to make timely repayments of profit/ interest, principal and proceeds from realisation of investments. These credit exposures exist within financing relationships and other transactions.

The Manager manages the Fund's credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation and close monitoring of any changes to the issuer/ counterparty's credit profile to minimise such risk. It is the Fund's policy to enter into financial instruments with reputable counterparties. The Manager also closely monitors the creditworthiness of the Fund's counterparties (e.g., brokers, custodian, banks, etc.) by reviewing their credit ratings and credit profile on a regular basis.

# (i) Credit risk exposure

At the reporting date, the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial asset recognised in the statement of financial position. None of the Fund's financial assets were past due or impaired as at the reporting date.

# 20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

# (c) Credit risk (cont'd)

# (ii) Credit quality of financial assets

The following table analyses the Fund's cash at bank, deposit with a licensed financial institution and profit/ interest receivables by rating categories. The rating is obtained from RAM Holdings Berhad.

	30.11.202	24
		As a % of
Financial assets	USD	NAV
AAA	1,791,834	5.12

# (d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected.

The Fund is exposed to cash redemptions of its units on a regular basis. Units sold to unitholders by the Manager are redeemable at the unitholder's option based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of redemption calculated in accordance with the Fund's Deed(s). It is the Fund's policy that the Manager monitors the Fund's liquidity position on a daily basis. The Fund also manages its obligation to redeem units when required to do so.

The Manager's policy is to always maintain a prudent and sufficient level of liquid assets so as to meet normal operating requirements and expected redemption requests by unitholders. Liquid assets comprise of cash at bank, deposit with a licensed financial institution and other instruments which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The following table summarises the maturity profile of the Fund's financial liabilities:

30.11.2024	Less than 1 month USD	More than 1 month USD	Total USD
Financial liabilities			
Derivative liabilities	158,529	52.526	211,055
Amount due to Manager	426,532	-	426,532
Amount due to Trustee	1,126	-	1,126
Other payables and accruals	5,488	-	5,488
Net assets attributable to unitholders			
of the Fund	34,979,809	<u>-</u>	34,979,809
Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders			
of the Fund	35,571,484	52,526	35,624,010

# 20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

# (d) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. When a counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Fund can be required to pay.

Financial liabilities exclude tax-related matters such as tax payables, if any.

### 21. UNITHOLDERS' CONTRIBUTION MANAGEMENT

The unitholders' contribution can vary depending on the demand for redemptions and subscriptions to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing the unitholders' contribution are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its information memorandum;
- (b) To achieve consistent returns while safeguarding capital by using various investment strategies;
- (c) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet redemption requests as they arise; and
- (d) To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the unitholders' contribution management objectives, policies or processes in the current financial period.

# 22. COMPARATIVES

There are no comparative figures presented as this is the Fund's first reporting period since the Fund was launched on 8 January 2024.