

Asset Management

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MAYBANK BLUEWATERZ TOTAL RETURN FUND

Annual report For the financial year ended 31 December 2024

CORPORATE INFORMATION

MANAGER

Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (199701006283) (421779-M) Level 12 Tower C Dataran Maybank No.1 Jalan Maarof 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Telephone +603 2297 7888 Facsimile +603 2715 0071 www.maybank-am.com.my

TRUSTEE

SCBMB Trustee Berhad (201201021301) (1005793-T) Level 25, Plaza Equatorial Jalan Sultan Ismail 50250 Kuala Lumpur Telephone +603 7682 9710/ +603 7682 9704 www.sc.com/my/trustee

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Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024

A. Fund Information

1. Name of Fund

Maybank Bluewaterz Total Return Fund (the "Fund")

2. Type of Fund

Growth

3. Category of Fund

Feeder fund (unquoted fixed income securities)

4. Duration of Fund

The Fund is an open-ended fund.

5. Fund's launch date

Share Class	Launch date
RM Class	24 July 2015
USD Class	18 June 2018

6. Fund's investment objective

The Fund aims to achieve long-term consistent positive return by investing in the Maybank Bluewaterz Total Return Bond Fund ("Target Fund").

7. Fund's distribution policy

The Fund is not expected to distribute income. However, incidental distribution can be declared whenever appropriate.

8. Fund's performance benchmark

Absolute return of 6.50% per annum ("p.a.") for RM Class and 5.00% p.a. for USD Class.

9. Fund's investment policy and principal investment strategy

The Fund will invest between 80% - 98% of its Net Asset Value ("NAV") in the Class A Participating Shares of the Target Fund which is denominated in United States Dollar ("USD"). The Manager will also invest between 2% - 20% of the Fund's NAV in liquid assets.

The Fund may employ currency hedging strategies to fully or partially hedge the foreign currency exposure into Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") in order to manage foreign exchange currency risk.

As the Fund is a wholesale feeder fund, the investments of the Fund will consist of a single collective investment scheme, i.e. the Target Fund, and liquid assets.

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

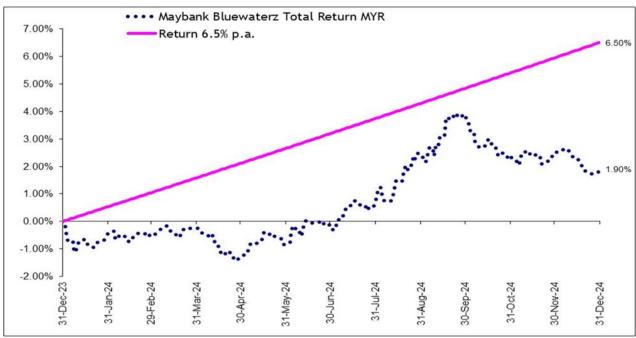
B. Performance Review

Performance of Maybank Bluewaterz Total Return Fund - RM Class for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 are as follows:

RM Class

Period	The Fund	Benchmark
Period	%	%
1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024	1.90	6.50

Performance of the RM Class for the financial year ended 31 December 2024:



Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn Bhd, as at 31 December 2024

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

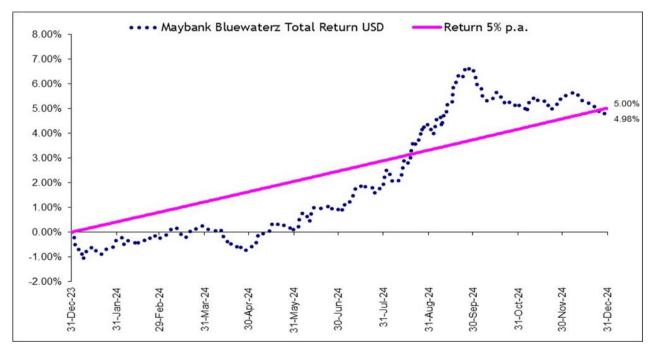
B. Performance Review (cont'd)

Performance of Maybank Bluewaterz Total Return Fund - USD Class for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 are as follows:

USD Class

Period	The Fund %	Benchmark %
1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024	4.98	5.00

Performance of the USD Class for the financial year ended 31 December 2024:



Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn Bhd, as at 31 December 2024

Investors are reminded that past performance of the Fund is not necessarily indicative of its future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

The Fund generated a return of 1.90% (USD class: 4.98%) for the year under review, compared to its absolute benchmark's 6.50% (USD class: 5.00%). The underperformance was primarily due to higher yields in the fixed income segment, as well as foreign exchange ("fx") hedging costs. It was also affected by the absolute performance benchmark of 6.50% per annum ("p.a."), net of fees.

Manager's report For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

C. Market Review

For the new year of 2024, statements from the United States ("US") Federal Reserve ("Fed") pushed back against expectations of early rate cuts. United States Treasury ("UST") securities traded higher, and the probability of a Fed rate cut in March 2024 was reduced to below 50%, compared to less than 80% at the end of last year. UST yields surged by 31 basis points ("bps") to 37 bps across the curve in 1Q24. Weighed down by stronger than expected economic data, market pricing for total rate cuts in 2024 has been revised down to approximately 75 bps (3 cuts), compared to the previous expectation of 150 bps (6 cuts).

The US Dollar Index ("DXY") climbed by around 3.00% since the beginning of 4Q2024, driven by signs of US economic resilience, concerns that the Fed's easing trajectory might pause or be more limited after the 50 bps rate cut in September 2024, and increased risk aversion ahead of the US presidential elections. The latter was fuelled by candidate Trump's rising polling numbers, raising concerns about higher and wider tariff impositions, which could negatively affect sentiment and global growth. As a result, Association of Southeast Asian Nations ("ASEAN") local yields were higher following the jump in UST yields.

UST yields traded mixed in the eventful month of November 2024, marked by Trump's "victory 2.0" and a 25 bps Fed rate cut, as anticipated. However, Emerging Markets ("EM") faced challenges due to concerns about trade tariffs. In commodities, energy prices showed mixed results: Brent Crude oil remained stable, while European wholesale gas prices hit new year-to-date ("YTD") highs. Gold declined, whereas bitcoin surged, approaching the \$100,000 mark.

The Fed delivered a rate cut in December 2024, accompanied by a more hawkish than expected Federal Open Market Committee ("FOMC"), which earlier had slashed its 2025 median rate cut expectations to 50 bps due to persistent inflation and a strong labor market. This pushed UST yields to 4.60%, ending the year with modest losses, even as activity remained subdued ahead of an uncertain 2025. The 2s10s curve spread widened to 32.5 bps, its highest since November 2022, after having inverted in September 2024 for 26 months. For the DXY index, it climbed to 108.49, its highest since November 2023, underpinned by resilient US growth data and the more hawkish tone of the FOMC.

D. Market Outlook & Strategies

Amidst the challenging global backdrop and the unsynchronized monetary cycles among markets (with the Fed still in an easing cycle, albeit a shallower one, the European Central Bank ("ECB") looking to cut more aggressively, and the Bank of Japan ("BOJ") aiming to hike further), we prefer to remain short-duration to manage the volatility ahead. Additionally, existing credit spreads are prone to widening, given the expected increase in supply at the beginning of the year.

Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

D. Market Outlook & Strategies (cont'd)

Within credit, we prefer short- to medium-dated Investment Grade ("IG") credits, while increasing our exposure to selective high-yield credits (yielding 6.50% to 7.50%), supplemented by certain Additional Tier 1 bonds ("AT1") to enhance carry. We continue to focus on income generation, given the relatively high Asia United States Dollar ("USD") credit yields.

Asian FX is expected to face challenges and risks in 1Q25, but the movement may not be uniform on a relative basis. We expect low-yielding, export-oriented currencies such as the Korean won ("KRW"), Thai baht ("THB"), Malaysian ringgit ("MYR"), Singapore dollar ("SGD"), and Taiwanese dollar ("TWD") to come under more pressure than higher-yielding, domestic-driven currencies like the Indian rupee ("INR"), Indonesian rupiah ("IDR"), and Philippine peso ("PHP"). On a tactical basis, we are long USD against most Asian FX in 1Q25, while letting Trump-related trades play out as the market seeks more clarity from the incoming administration.

E. Asset Allocation

As at 31 December 2024, the Fund was 99.41% (2023: 95.48%) invested in the Target Fund, with the remaining in cash, deposit with a licensed financial institution and other net assets.

F. NAV as at 31 December 2024

Below is the summary of the NAV of the Fund:

RM Class

	2024	2023	Changes (%)
NAV (RM)	236,119,738	376,508,046	(37.29)
Units in circulation (units)	255,189,748	393,842,469	(35.21)
NAV per unit (RM)	0.9253	0.9560	(3.21)

USD Class

<u> </u>			
	2024	2023	Changes (%)
NAV (RM)	9,841,391	15,993,979	(38.47)
Units in circulation (units)	2,313,067	3,639,428	(36.44)
NAV per unit (USD)	0.9519	0.9574	(0.57)

Manager's report For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

G. Soft Commissions and Rebates

The Manager and its delegates will not retain any form of soft commissions and rebates from or otherwise share in any commission with any broker in consideration for directing dealings in the investments of the Fund unless the soft commissions received are retained in the form of goods and services such as financial wire services and stock quotations system incidental to investment management of the Fund. All dealings with brokers are executed on best available terms.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the Manager and its delegates did not receive any soft commissions and rebates from brokers or dealers but have retained soft commissions in the form of goods and services such as research materials and advisory services that assist in decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund (i.e. research materials data and quotation services, computer hardware and software incidental to the investment management of the Fund and investment advisory services) which were of demonstrable benefits to the unitholders.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK BLUEWATERZ TOTAL RETURN FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

We have acted as Trustee of Maybank Bluewaterz Total Return Fund (the "Fund") for the financial year ended 31 December 2024. In our opinion and to the best of our knowledge, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd, (the "Manager"), has operated and managed the Fund in accordance with the following:

- (a) Limitation imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the Deeds, the Securities Commission's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework and other applicable laws;
- (b) Valuation/ Pricing has been carried out in accordance with the Deeds and any regulatory requirements;
- (c) Creation and cancellation of units have been carried out in accordance with the Deeds and relevant regulatory requirements; and
- (d) The distribution of returns for the year are tied to and reflect the objectives of the Fund.

For and on behalf of **SCBMB Trustee Berhad**

Lor Yuen Ching Trustee Services Manager **Lee Kam Weng**Trustee Services Manager

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 24 February 2025

STATEMENT BY MANAGER

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK BLUEWATERZ TOTAL RETURN FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

We, Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim and Muhammad Hishamudin Bin Hamzah, being two of the directors of Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Maybank Bluewaterz Total Return Fund as at 31 December 2024 and of its results, changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 and comply with the requirements of the Deeds.

For and on behalf of the Manager

Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim Chairman **Muhammad Hishamudin Bin Hamzah**Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 24 February 2025

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Bluewaterz Total Return Fund

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Maybank Bluewaterz Total Return Fund (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024 and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 7 to 35.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund ("the Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Bluewaterz Total Return Fund (cont'd)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Bluewaterz Total Return Fund (cont'd)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the
 Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to
 those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis
 for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
 higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
 omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Bluewaterz Total Return Fund (cont'd)

Other matters

This report is made solely to the Unitholders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants Yeo Beng Yean 03013/10/2026 J Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 24 February 2025

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Profit/ Interest income Dividend income Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")		186,832 22,102,976	301,353 31,673,352
- Realised loss - Unrealised loss		(1,431,244) (7,235,258)	(1,366,662) (6,269,856)
Net loss on foreign exchange and derivatives	3	(7,344,187) 6,279,119	(10,364,244) 13,973,943
EXPENSES			
Trustee's fee Auditors' remuneration	5	59,781 9,270	76,155 9,270
Tax agent's fee		3,900	6,900
Administrative expenses		6,840 79,791	3,602 95,927
Net income before distribution and taxation Distribution to unitholders		6,199,328	13,878,016
- RM Class	14(a)	(16,380,244)	(23,610,104)
- USD Class	14(b)	(941,543)	(1,488,421)
Net loss before taxation	_	(11,122,459)	(11,220,509)
Taxation	6		-
Net loss after distribution and taxation, representing total comprehensive loss for the financial year		(11,122,459)	(11,220,509)
Net loss after distribution and taxation is made up of the following:			
Net realised income/ (loss)		17,655,362	(13,111,120)
Net unrealised (loss)/ income		(28,777,821)	1,890,611
Distribution for the financial year:		(11,122,459)	(11,220,509)
RM Class			
Net distributions (in Fund currency)	14	16,380,244	23,610,104
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (RM sen)		4.90	5.76
Distribution dates (ex-date)		Refer to N	ote 14
USD Class			
Net distributions (in Fund currency)	14	941,543	1,488,421
Net distributions (in Class currency) Gross/ Net distribution per unit (USD cont)		210,659	328,352
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (USD cent) Distribution dates (ex-date)		5.25 Refer to N	6.85
Distribution dates (ex-date)		Keiei iü N	016 14

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the audited financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
ASSETS			
Financial assets at FVTPL	7	244,515,044	374,755,246
Deposit with a licensed financial institution	8	7,635,087	4,192,855
Profit/ Interest receivable		617	1,017
Derivative assets	9	924,661	6,529,192
Amount due from financial Institution		-	5,508,360
Amount due from Manager	10	-	2,250,246
Cash at bank	11 .	1,867,511	3,665,487
TOTAL ASSETS		254,942,920	396,902,403
LIABILITIES			
Derivative liabilities	9	8,512,347	515,563
Amount due to Manager	10	442,642	3,860,277
Amount due to Trustee	12	3,887	6,017
Other payables and accruals	_	22,915	18,521
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,981,791	4,400,378
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND		245,961,129	392,502,025
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND COMPRISE:			
Unitholders' contribution	13(a)	309,937,405	445,355,842
Accumulated losses	13(b) & (c)	(63,976,276)	(52,853,817)
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	•		
NET ASSET VALUE		000 440 700	070 500 040
- RM Class		236,119,738	376,508,046
- USD Class		9,841,391 245,961,129	15,993,979 392,502,025
	•	243,301,123	392,302,023
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION (UNITS)			
- RM Class		255,189,748	393,842,469
- USD Class		2,313,067	3,639,428
		257,502,815	397,481,897
NAV PER UNIT		DM 0 0050	DM 0.0500
- RM Class		RM 0.9253	RM 0.9560
- USD Class	•	USD 0.9519	USD 0.9574

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Unitholders' contribution Note 13(a) RM	Accumulated losses Note 13(b) and 13(c) RM	Net assets attributable to unitholders RM
At 1 January 2024	445,355,842	(52,853,817)	392,502,025
Total comprehensive loss for the financial year	-	(11,122,459)	(11,122,459)
Creation of units	48,120,201	-	48,120,201
Reinvestment of units	16,434,722	-	16,434,722
Cancellation of units	(199,973,360)	-	(199,973,360)
At 31 December 2024	309,937,405	(63,976,276)	245,961,129
At 1 January 2023	464,184,023	(41,633,308)	, ,
Total comprehensive loss for the financial year	-	(11,220,509)	, , ,
Creation of units	85,228,993	-	85,228,993
Reinvestment of units	22,643,388	-	22,643,388
Cancellation of units	(126,700,562)	-	(126,700,562)
At 31 December 2023	445,355,842	(52,853,817)	392,502,025

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	2024 RM	2023 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net purchase of investments	(31,710,839)	(48,112,440)
Net proceeds from sale of investments	152,845,880	81,688,750
Profit/ Interest received	186,432	301,298
Dividend received	22,187,702	31,673,352
Net settlement for realised foreign exchange loss	(24,877)	(76,645)
Net receipt/ (settlement) on forward foreign exchange contracts	12,223,460	(21,102,579)
Trustee's fee paid	(61,911)	(76,655)
Payment of other fees and expenses	(15,616)	(17,519)
Net cash generated from operating and investing activities	155,630,231	44,277,562
<u> </u>		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from creation of units	50,489,720	82,978,747
Payments for cancellation of units	(203,390,995)	(123,692,605)
Distributions to unitholders	(887,065)	(2,455,137)
Net cash used in financing activities	(153,788,340)	(43,168,995)
NET CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	1,841,891	1,108,567
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	7,858,342	6,552,085
Effect on foreign exchange	(197,635)	197,690
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END	(197,033)	197,090
OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	9,502,598	7,858,342
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
Cash at bank (Note 11)	1,867,511	3,665,487
Deposit with a licensed financial institution with	, - ,-	,, -
maturity of less than 3 months (Note 8)	7,635,087	4,192,855
·	9,502,598	7,858,342

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Maybank Bluewaterz Total Return Fund (the "Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 9 April 2015, between the Manager, Maybank Asset Management Sdn. Bhd. ("MAM") and the Trustee, SCBMB Trustees Berhad and the registered holder of the Fund. Subsequently, the following Supplemental Deeds have been issued between MAM and the Trustee:

- First Supplemental Deed dated 21 May 2018; and
- Second Supplemental Deed dated 19 December 2018.

The Deed and Supplemental Deeds are collectively referred to as "Deeds".

The Fund aims to achieve long-term consistent positive return by investing in the Maybank Bluewaterz Total Return Bond Fund ("Target Fund") offered in Singapore.

The Target Fund was incorporated as an exempted fund incorporated on 24 February 2009, under the laws of Cayman Islands with limited liability and has registered with the Cayman Islands Monetary Authority pursuant to section 4(3) of the Mutual Funds Law. The Target Fund is subject to regulation under the Mutual Funds Law. The Target Fund is managed by an investment manager, Maybank Asset Management Singapore Pte. Ltd. ("MAMS").

The principal activity of the Fund is to invest between 80% to 98% of its NAV in Class A Participating Shares of the Target Fund which is denominated in United States Dollar ("USD"). The Manager will also invest between 2% to 20% of the Fund's NAV in Liquid Assets. As the Fund is a wholesale feeder Fund, the investment of the Fund will consist of a single collective investment scheme, i.e. the Target Fund, and liquid assets.

The Fund launched 2 share classes of units as at the date of this report, which are RM Class and USD Class.

The Manager of the Fund is MAM, a company incorporated in Malaysia. It is a holder of the Capital Markets Services License with fund management as its regulated activity under the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 ("CMSA"). The principal place of business of MAM is at Level 12, Tower C, Dataran Maybank, No. 1 Jalan Maarof, 59000 Kuala Lumpur. MAM is a subsidiary of Maybank Asset Management Group Berhad ("MAMG"), which in turn is a subsidiary of Malayan Banking Berhad ("MBB").

The Investment Manager of the Target Fund, MAMS, is a subsidiary of MAMG.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors (the "Directors") of the Manager in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 24 February 2025.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards, the Deeds and any regulatory requirements.

The Fund has adopted the MFRS Accounting Standards, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations Committee ("IC") Interpretations which have become effective during the financial year ended 31 December 2024. The adoption of the new pronouncements did not result in any material impact to the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as disclosed in the accounting policies in Note 2.3 to Note 2.15.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM").

2.2 Standards, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective

The following are Standards, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 121: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7: Amendments to the Classifications and	
Measurement of Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 1: First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial	
Reporting Standards	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 7: Financial Instruments: Disclosures	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 9: Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 107: Statement of Cash Flows	1 January 2026
MFRS 18: Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027
MFRS 19: Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	1 January 2027
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets	
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

Except for MFRS 18, the Fund expects that the adoption of the above Standards and Amendments to Standards will not have any material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application. The Fund is currently in the process of assessing the potential effects of MFRS 18.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.3 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.4 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the assets.

(i) Financial assets at amortised cost

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents, profit/ interest income receivables, amount due from financial institution and amount due from Manager as financial assets at amortised cost.

These assets are subsequently measured using the effective profit rate ("EPR")/ effective interest rate ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. The EPR/ EIR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial asset and of allocating and recognising the profit/ interest income in profit or loss over the relevant period.

Unless designated as at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") on initial recognition, debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment loss:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objectives is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit/ interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that do not meet the criteria above are classified as either fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or FVTPL.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Investments in collective investment scheme and derivatives are classified as FVTPL, unless the Fund designates an investment that is not held for trading as FVTOCI on initial recognition.

A financial asset is recognised at FVTPL if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is part of the portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Fund manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instruments or a financial guarantee.

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet the amortised cost criteria but are designated as at FVTPL are measured at FVTPL. A debt instrument may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

Debt instruments are reclassified from amortised cost to FVTPL when the business model is changed such that the amortised cost criteria are no longer met. Reclassification of debt instruments that are designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition is not allowed.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. Accumulated unrealised gains or losses are reclassified to realised gains or losses when the associated assets are sold.

Profit/ Interest income on debt instruments as at FVTPL is disclosed separately in the profit or loss.

Changes in the fair value of FVTPL investments are recognised in unrealised gain or loss on FVTPL investments in profit or loss. Accumulated unrealised gains or losses are reclassified to realised gain or loss on FVTPL investments in profit or loss when the associated assets are sold.

(iii) Impairment

Credit losses are recognised based on the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model. The Fund recognises loss allowances for ECL on financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL. The impairment model does not apply to equity investments.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

(iii) Impairment (cont'd)

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. It is measured as follows:

- Financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the reporting date.

 As the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive).
- Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date.
 As the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

At each reporting date, the Fund assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- Significant downgrade in credit rating of the instrument by a rating agency;
- A breach of contract such as a default or past due event; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

For balances with short-term nature full impairment will be recognised on uncollected balances after the grace period.

(iv) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Fund recognises its retained profit/ interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Fund retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Fund continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of financial asset classified as FVTPL, the cumulative unrealised gain or loss previously recognised is transferred to realised gain or loss on disposal in profit or loss. On derecognition of financial asset at amortised cost, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

2.5 Financial liabilities

(i) Classification

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee, and other payables and accruals as other financial liabilities.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.5 Financial liabilities (cont'd)

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Fund's financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EPR/ EIR method.

The EPR/ EIR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial liability and of allocating and recognising the profit/ interest expense in profit or loss over the relevant year.

(iii) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Fund's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

2.6 Derivatives and hedge accounting

Derivatives are financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss categorised as held for trading unless they are designated hedges.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments comprise forward foreign currency contracts. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value.

The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and the nature of the item being hedged. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are classified as held for trading and accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy for FVTPL.

The Fund does not apply hedge accounting to the forward currency contracts entered during the financial year. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to apply the hedge accounting in the future.

2.7 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Fund.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.7 Fair value measurement (cont'd)

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (iii) Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting date.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Fund has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

2.8 Functional and foreign currency

(a) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in RM, which is also the Fund's functional currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions or valuations where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.9 Unitholders' contribution

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund are classified as liabilities under the requirements of MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* as they are puttable instruments whereby the unitholders have the right to redeem their units in the Fund at their option.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial period if unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund. Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

2.10 Distributions

Any distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income except where dividend is sourced out of distribution equalisation which is accounted for as a deduction from unitholders' contribution. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is declared at the discretion of the Fund Manager based on the availability of distributable income. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unitholders on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date which is also the time of creation.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and deposit with a licensed financial institution with original maturity of three (3) months or less which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.12 Revenue/Income

Revenue/ Income is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Profit/ Interest income from short-term deposits is recognised on the accruals basis using the EPR/ EIR method.

Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established.

Realised gain or loss on disposal of investment in collective investment scheme is accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments.

Other revenue/ income is generally recognised when the Fund satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service or an asset to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

2.13 Taxation

Current tax expense is determined according to Malaysian tax laws at the current tax rate based upon the taxable profit/ interest earned during the financial year.

No deferred tax is recognised as no temporary differences have been identified.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

2.14 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

2.15 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgements, estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

No major judgement have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

3. NET LOSS OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND DERIVATIVES

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Net realised income on foreign exchange	1,947,740	2,511,708
Net unrealised (loss)/ income on foreign exchange	(7,941,248)	16,957,951
Net realised income/ (loss) on derivatives	12,250,636	(21,036,419)
Net unrealised loss on derivatives	(13,601,315)	(8,797,484)
	(7,344,187)	(10,364,244)

4. MANAGER'S FEE

The manager's fee is charged by the Target Fund at 1.25%* (2023: 1.50%) per annum ("p.a.") of the net asset value of the Class B Participating Shares of the Target Fund.

The management fee charged by the Target Fund will be paid out of the management fee charged by the Manager at the Fund level. Unitholders will incur a management fee at the Fund's level only and there is no double charging of management fee.

* Effective from 14 May 2024, the manager's fee is charged by the Target Fund at 1.25%.

5. TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee's fee is computed on a daily basis at 0.018% p.a. of the NAV of the Fund, subject to a minimum fee of RM6,000.00 p.a. (2023: 0.018% of the NAV of the Fund, subject to a minimum fee of RM6,000.00 p.a.) before deducting the Manager's fee and Trustee's fees for that particular day.

6. TAXATION

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2023: 24%) of the estimated assessable income for the financial year.

The tax expense for the financial year is in relation to the taxable income earned by the Fund after deducting tax allowable expenses. In accordance with Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act 1967, profit/interest income earned by the Fund and dividend income derived from sources outside Malaysia are exempted from Malaysian income tax. With effect from 1 January 2022, the current income tax exemption on foreign-sourced income ("FSI") received in Malaysia by Malaysian residents has been removed.

The tax charge for the financial year is in relation to the taxable income earned by the Fund after deducting the permitted expenses. A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net loss before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate is as follows:

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Net loss before taxation	(11,122,459)	(11,220,509)
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2023: 24%) Income not subject to tax Loss not deductible for tax purposes Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(2,669,390) (8,757,164) 7,250,176 4,176,378	(2,692,922) (12,346,647) 8,992,901 6,046,668
Tax expense for the financial year	4,170,376	-

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

Details of the Fund's investments in collective investment scheme is as follows:

	Quantity Units	Cost RM	Fair value RM	% of NAV
2024	Omto	Kin	Kiii	NAV
Maybank BlueWaterz Total Return Bond Fund				
(Class B, USD)	349,435	251,193,126	244,515,044	99.41
Unrealised loss on investment *		_	(6,678,082)	
2023				
Maybank BlueWaterz Total Return Bond Fund				
(Class B, USD)	509,141	366,431,023	374,755,246	95.48
Unrealised gain on investment *		<u>-</u>	8,324,223	

^{*} The unrealised (loss)/ gain on collective investment scheme comprise the amounts arising from changes in fair values and effects of foreign exchange.

8. DEPOSIT WITH A LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTION

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Short-term placements with maturity of less than 3 months	7,635,087	4,192,855

The weighted average effective profit rates ("WAEPR")/ weighted average effective interest rates ("WAEIR") per annum and average maturity of deposit with a licensed financial institution at the reporting date were as follows:

	2024		2023		
	WAEPR/ WAEIR % p.a.	Average Maturity Days	WAEPR/ WAEIR % p.a.	Average Maturity Days	
Deposit with a licensed					
financial institution	2.95	2	2.95	4	

9. DERIVATIVE ASSETS/ (LIABILITIES)

	Notional	E-t-N	Fair Value	
	Principal amount	Fair v Assets	alue Liabilities	
2024				
Foreign exchange related contracts				
USD Currency forwards:	USD	RM	RM	
- Less than 1 year	59,015,412	513,098	(8,510,718)	
RM Currency forwards:	RM			
- Less than 1 year	45,243,731	411,563	(1,629)	
Total derivatives		924,661	(8,512,347)	
2023				
Foreign exchange related contracts				
USD Currency forwards:	USD	RM	RM	
- Less than 1 year	80,036,160	6,529,192	-	
RM Currency forwards:	RM			
- Less than 1 year	23,194,812	<u> </u>	(515,563)	
Total derivatives		6,529,192	(515,563)	

9. DERIVATIVE ASSETS/ (LIABILITIES) (CONT'D)

As at the reporting date, there are 24 (2023: 14) forward exchange contracts outstanding.

The derivative contracts entered into during the financial year were for hedging against the currencies exposure arising mainly from investments denominated in USD. As the Fund has not adopted hedge accounting during the financial year, the changes in the fair value of the derivative contracts were recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income.

10. AMOUNT DUE FROM/ TO MANAGER

The amount due from/ to Manager represents amount receivable from/ payable to the Manager for units created/ cancelled.

There is no management fees charged for the financial year ended 31 December 2024. As the Fund is investing in the Target Fund, the Target Fund's Manager fee is charged at 1.25% p.a. (2023:1.50%) on the net asset value of the Target Fund, hence there will be no double charging of the annual management fees.

		2024 RM	2023 RM
Amount due from Manager - Subscription of units	(i)	<u> </u>	2,250,246
Amount due to Manager - Cancellation of units	(ii)	442,642	3,860,277

- (i) The amount represents amount receivable from the Manager for units subscribed.
- (ii) The amount represents amount payable to the Manager for units redeemed or cancelled.

11. CASH AT BANK

The table below indicates the currencies that the Fund has in cash at bank as at the reporting date:

	2024 RM	2023 RM
USD	1,837,399	3,227,559
RM	30,112	437,928
	1,867,511	3,665,487

12. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

The amount due to Trustee relates to the amount payable to the Trustee arising from the accrued Trustee's fee at the end of the financial year. The normal credit term for Trustee's fee is 15 days (2023: 15 days).

13. NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND

	Note	2024 RM	2023 RM
Unitholders' contribution	(a)	309,937,405	445,355,842
Accumulated realised losses	(b)	(49,120,898)	(66,776,260)
Accumulated unrealised income/ (loss)	(c)	(14,855,378)	13,922,443
		245,961,129	392,502,025

(a) Unitholders' contribution

The units are distributed based on the following share classes:

	202	2024		3
	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
(i) RM Class	255,189,748	299,842,195	393,842,469	429,464,539
(ii) USD Class	2,313,067	10,095,210	3,639,428	15,891,303
	257,502,815	309,937,405	397,481,897	445,355,842

(i) RM Class

	2024		2023	
	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
At beginning of the				
financial year	393,842,469	429,464,539	406,597,102	440,169,959
Creation of units	41,993,383	39,650,486	84,873,376	81,480,402
Reinvestment of units	16,718,837	15,669,698	23,383,148	21,945,421
Cancellation of units	(197,364,941)	(184,942,528)	(121,011,157)	(114,131,243)
As at end of the				
financial year	255,189,748	299,842,195	393,842,469	429,464,539

(ii) USD Class

RM
4,064
8,591
7,967
9,319)
1,303

13. NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

(a) Unitholders' contribution (cont'd)

As at end of financial year, the total number and value of units held legally or beneficially by the Manager and a related party are as follows:

	2024	ļ	2023	
	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
The Manager (RM Class)	1,492	1,380	1,417	1,354
MBB* (RM Class)	11,837,917	10,953,625	6,640,461	6,348,281
	11,839,409	10,955,005	6,641,878	6,349,635
	2024	ļ	2023	
	No. of units	USD	No. of units	USD
The Manager (USD Class)	1,343	1,278	1,272	1,218
- ADD is the cultivasts had been				

^{*} MBB is the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

(b) Accumulated realised losses

	2024 RM	2023 RM
At the beginning of the financial year	(66,776,260)	(53,665,140)
Net realised income/ (loss) for the financial year	17,655,362	(13,111,120)
At the end of the financial year	(49,120,898)	(66,776,260)

(c) Accumulated unrealised (loss)/ income

	2024	2023
	RM	RM
At the beginning of the financial year	13,922,443	12,031,832
Net unrealised (loss)/ income for the financial year	(28,777,821)	1,890,611
At the end of the financial year	(14,855,378)	13,922,443

14. DISTRIBUTIONS

(a) RM Class

The composition of distributions are as follows:

	2024		2023	
	Composition			Composition
	Total	of distribution	Total	of distribution
	distribution	in percentage	distribution	in percentage
	RM	%	RM	%
Source of distribution *				
 Income distribution 	16,380,244	100.00	23,610,104	100.00
 Capital distribution 			-	
	16,380,244	100.00	23,610,104	100.00

The gross/ net distribution per unit and the distribution dates (ex-dates) are as follows:

Distribution date (ex-date)	Gross/ Net distribution per unit (RM sen)
2024	
26 March 2024 26 September 2024	2.25 2.65 4.90
2023	
29 March 2023 26 September 2023	4.00 1.76 5.76

(b) USD Class

The composition of distributions are as follows:

	2024		2023		
	Composition			Composition	
	Total	of distribution	Total	of distribution	
	distribution	in percentage	distribution	in percentage	
	RM	%	RM	%	
Source of distribution *					
 Income distribution 	941,543	100.00	1,488,421	100.00	
- Capital distribution			-		
	941,543	100.00	1,488,421	100.00	
-				·	

14. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D)

(b) USD Class (cont'd)

The gross/ net distribution per unit and the distribution dates (ex-dates) are as follows: (cont'd)

Distribution date (ex-date)	Gross/ Net distribution per unit (USD cent)
2024	
AVET	
26 March 2024	2.25
26 September 2024	3.00
20 00ptombor 202 1	5.25
Distribution data (as data)	Gross/ Net distribution per unit
Distribution date (ex-date)	(USD cent)
2023	
29 March 2023	4.00
29 March 2023 26 September 2023	4.00 2.85
29 March 2023 26 September 2023	4.00 2.85 6.85

^{*} Effective from the 1 March 2022, the Securities Commission Guidelines permit a fund to distribute out of income (which includes current year's realised income) or out of capital (which includes prior year's realised income).

15. TRANSACTIONS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

The Manager bought and sold the units in the Target Fund directly from the Manager of the Target Fund in the previous and current financial year. Details of transactions, primarily deposit with licensed financial institutions are as follows:

	2024		2023	
	Percentage			Percentage
	Transaction	of total	Transaction	of total
	value	placements	value	placements
	RM	%	RM	%
Public Islamic Bank Berhad	1,580,969,836	100.00	2,198,056,961	93.92
CIMB Bank Berhad	-	-	124,727,162	5.34
MBB *	-	-	11,948,208	0.52
Standard Chartered Bank	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	5,006,694	0.22
	1,580,969,836	100.00	2,339,739,025	100.00

^{*} MBB is the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

16. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

For the purpose of the financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Fund or the Manager if the Fund or the Manager has the ability directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decision, or vice versa, or where the Fund or the Manager and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities. In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following is the significant related party transaction and balances of the Fund during the financial year.

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, there were no significant related party transactions and balances as at the reporting date.

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Significant related party transactions		
MBB*:		
Profit/ Interest income from deposit	<u> </u>	11,794
Realised gain/ (loss) on forward foreign exchange contracts	3,860,613	(10,509,788)
		0000
	2024	2023
Significant related party balances	RM	RM
MBB*:		
Derivative assets **	144,811	2,811,940
Derivative liabilities **	4,407,276	-

- * MBB is the ultimate holding company of the Manager.
- ** The principal amount of the outstanding contracts is USD26,600,000 and RM15,404,900 (2023: USD2,811,940).

The Manager is of the opinion that the transactions and balances with the related parties have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from that obtainable in transactions with unrelated parties.

17. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. The fees and expenses include Trustee's fee and other administrative expenses. For the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the TER of the Fund was 0.02% (2023: 0.02%).

18. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund is the ratio of average acquisitions and disposals of the Fund for the financial year to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. For the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the PTR of the Fund stood at 0.28 times (2023: 0.15 times).

19. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Portfolio Management Committee (the "PMC") of the Manager, being the chief operating decision-maker, makes the strategic decisions on resources allocation of the Fund. The decisions are based on an integrated investment strategy to ensure the Fund achieves its targeted return with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio.

The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for the performance of the Fund by investing between 80% to 98% of its NAV in Class B Participating Shares of the Target Fund and between 2% to 20% of the Fund's NAV in liquid assets.

On this basis, the PMC considers the business of the Fund to have a single operating segment located in Malaysia. Asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investments strategy and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The internal reporting of the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS and IFRS.

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities were measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classifications. The material accounting policy information in Note 2.3 to Note 2.15 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured and how income and expenses are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities (excluding tax-related matters) of the Fund in the statement of financial position as at the reporting date by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

2024	Financial instruments at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	244,515,044	-	-	244,515,044
Deposit with a licensed				
financial institution	-	7,635,087	-	7,635,087
Profit/ Interest receivable	-	617	-	617
Derivative assets	924,661	-	-	924,661
Cash at bank	<u>-</u> _	1,867,511		1,867,511
Total financial assets	245,439,705	9,503,215	-	254,942,920

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd)

	Financial instruments at FVTPL	Financial assets at amortised cost	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total
2024 (cont'd)	RM	RM	RM	RM
Financial liabilities				
Derivative liabilities	8,512,347	-	-	8,512,347
Amount due to Manager	-	-	442,642	442,642
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	3,887	3,887
Other payables and				
accruals	-	<u>-</u>	22,915	22,915
Total financial liabilities	8,512,347	<u> </u>	469,444	8,981,791
2023				
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	374,755,246	-	-	374,755,246
Deposit with a licensed				
financial institution	-	4,192,855	-	4,192,855
Profit/ Interest receivable	-	1,017	-	1,017
Derivative assets	6,529,192	-	-	6,529,192
Amount due from financial				
institution	-	5,508,360	-	5,508,360
Amount due from Manager	-	2,250,246	-	2,250,246
Cash at bank	<u>-</u>	3,665,487		3,665,487
Total financial assets	381,284,438	15,617,965	-	396,902,403
Financial liabilities				
Derivative liabilities	E1E E62			E1E E62
Amount due to Manager	515,563	-	3,860,277	515,563 3,860,277
Amount due to Trustee	_	-	6,017	6,017
Other payables and	-	-	0,017	0,017
accruals	-	_	18,521	18,521
Total financial liabilities	515,563	-	3,884,815	4,400,378

The Fund's financial assets at FVTPL, derivative assets and derivative liabilities are carried at fair value.

Collective investment scheme

The Fund's investment in the collective investment scheme is carried at fair value. The fair value of the collective investment scheme is determined by reference to its last published NAV per unit at the reporting date.

Derivative assets and liabilities

The fair value of over-the-counter forward foreign exchange contracts are obtained by using valuation models which incorporate various observable market inputs such as changes in spot rate, and changes in the forward points. For these financial instruments, significant inputs into models are market observable and are included within Level 2.

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Fair value hierarchy

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

2024	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM
Financial assets at FVTPL	244,515,044	-	-
Derivative assets	-	924,661	-
	244,515,044	924,661	-
Derivative liabilities		8,512,347	
2023			
Financial assets at FVTPL	374,755,246	-	_
Derivative assets	-	6,529,192	-
	374,755,246	6,529,192	-
Derivative liabilities		515,563	

(c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

Other than its financial assets at FVTPL and derivative assets and liabilities, the Fund's financial instruments were not carried at fair value but their carrying amounts were reasonable approximations of fair value due to their short-term maturity.

There were no financial instruments which were not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts were not reasonable approximations of their respective fair values.

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(a) Introduction

The Fund's objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of unitholders' value. Risk is inherent in the Fund's activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring of risks. Financial risk management is also carried out through sound internal control systems and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Deeds, SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework and CMSA.

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as profit/ interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The Fund is exposed to foreign currency risk arising from the Fund's cash and bank investments in collective investment scheme denominated in foreign currency, derivative assets and derivative liabilities. The Fund is also exposed to profit/ interest rate risk arising from deposit placed with a licensed financial institution. The Fund is not exposed to equity price risk as it does not hold any equity investments other than investment in Target Fund as at the reporting date.

(i) Profit/ Interest rate risk

Cash is sensitive to movement in profit/ interest rates. When profit/ interest rates rise, the return on cash will rise. The deposit with a licensed financial institution carries a fixed rate, and therefore, is not affected by the movements in market profit/ interest rates.

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The table below analyses the net positions of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative assets and liabilities) which are exposed to foreign exchange risk as at reporting date. As the Fund's functional currency is RM, the financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative assets and liabilities) in other currencies are exposed to the movement of foreign exchange rates. The exposure might lead to the appreciation or depreciation of the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund that may affect the value of the NAV attributable to unitholders.

2024	2023
	USD
RIVI	RM
244 545 044	274 755 246
, ,	374,755,246
1,837,399	3,227,559
	5,508,360
246,352,443	383,491,165
100,379	3,159,357
246,252,064	380,331,808
2024	2023
USD	USD
59,015,412	80,036,160
	244,515,044 1,837,399 - 246,352,443 100,379 246,252,064 2024 USD

^{*} The Fund has entered into forward currency contracts to hedge its USD exposure arising mainly from the Fund's investment in the class B participating shares of the Target Fund.

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Market risk (cont'd)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (cont'd)

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net on-balance sheet open position (excluding derivative assets and derivative liabilities) to movements in exchange rates. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the exchange rates will increase or decrease by 5% with all other variables held constant.

	202	2024		2023	
		Effects on		Effects on	
	NAV		NAV		
	Changes	Increase/	Changes	Increase/	
	in price	(Decrease)	in price	(Decrease)	
	%	RM	%	RM	
USD	+5	12,312,603	+5	19,016,590	
	-5	(12,312,603)	-5	(19,016,590)	

The impact to net loss after taxation and NAV is expected to be the same.

(iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk of unfavourable changes in the fair values of investments as the result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from profit/ interest rate risk and forward exchange currency risk). The price risk exposure arises from the Fund's investments in Target Fund.

Management's best estimate of the effect on the loss for the year due to a reasonably possible change in price, with all other variables held constant is indicated in the table below:

	2024		2023	
		Effects on		Effects on NAV
		NAV		
	Changes	Increase/	Changes	Increase/
	in price	(Decrease)	in price	(Decrease)
	%	RM	%	RM
Collective investment	+5	12,225,752	+5	18,737,762
scheme	-5	(12,225,752)	-5	(18,737,762)

The impact to net loss after taxation and NAV is expected to be the same.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer/ counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The Fund is exposed to the risk of credit-related losses that can occur as a result of an issuer/ counterparty's inability or unwillingness to honour its contractual obligations to make timely repayments of profit/ interest, principal and proceeds from realisation of investments. These credit exposures exist within financing relationships and other transactions.

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(c) Credit risk (cont'd)

The Manager manages the Fund's credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation and close monitoring of any changes to the issuer/ counterparty's credit profile to minimise such risk. It is the Fund's policy to enter into financial instruments with reputable counterparties. The Manager also closely monitors the creditworthiness of the Fund's counterparties (e.g., brokers, custodian, banks, etc.) by reviewing their credit ratings and credit profile on a regular basis.

(ii) Credit risk exposure

At the reporting date, the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial asset recognised in the statement of financial position. None of the Fund's financial assets were past due or impaired as at the reporting date.

(ii) Credit quality of financial assets

The following table analyses the Fund's cash at bank, deposit with a licensed financial institution and profit/ interest receivable by rating categories. The rating is obtained from RAM Holdings Berhad.

	2024		2023	
	As a percentage			As a
			percentage	
		of NAV		of NAV
Financial assets	RM	%	RM	%
AAA	9,503,215	3.86	7,859,359	2.00

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected.

The Fund is exposed to cash redemptions of its units on a regular basis. Units sold to unitholders by the Manager are redeemable at the unitholder's option based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of redemption calculated in accordance with the Fund's Trust Deeds.

It is the Fund's policy that the Manager monitors the Fund's liquidity position on a daily basis. The Fund also manages its obligation to redeem units when required to do so.

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

(d) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

The Manager's policy is to always maintain a prudent and sufficient level of liquid assets so as to meet normal operating requirements and expected redemption requests by unitholders. Liquid assets comprise of cash, deposit with a financial institution and other instruments which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The following table summarises the maturity profile of the Fund's undiscounted financial liabilities and unitholders' contribution to provide a complete view of the Fund's contractual commitments and liquidity. Balances due within twelve months equal their carrying amounts, as the impact of discounting is insignificant.

Financial liabilities Derivative liabilities - 8,512,348 8,512,348 Amount due to Manager 442,642 - 442,642 Amount due to Trustee 3,887 - 3,887 Other payables and accruals 22,915 - 22,915 Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 245,961,129 - 245,961,129 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 246,430,573 8,512,348 254,942,921 Pinancial liabilities Derivative liabilities 397,240 118,323 515,563 Amount due to Manager 3,860,277 - 3,860,277 Amount due to Trustee 6,017 - 6,017 Other payables and accruals 18,521 - 18,521 Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 392,502,025 - 392,502,025 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 396,784,080 118,323 396,902,403	2024	Less than 1 month RM	More than 1 month RM	Total RM
Amount due to Manager 442,642 - 442,642 Amount due to Trustee 3,887 - 3,887 Other payables and accruals 22,915 - 22,915 Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 245,961,129 - 245,961,129 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 246,430,573 8,512,348 254,942,921 Financial liabilities Derivative liabilities 397,240 118,323 515,563 Amount due to Manager 3,860,277 - 3,860,277 Amount due to Trustee 6,017 - 6,017 Other payables and accruals 18,521 - 18,521 Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 392,502,025 - 392,502,025 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders - 392,502,025	Financial liabilities			
Amount due to Trustee 3,887 - 3,887 Other payables and accruals 22,915 - 22,915 Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 245,961,129 - 245,961,129 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 246,430,573 8,512,348 254,942,921 2023 Financial liabilities Derivative liabilities 397,240 118,323 515,563 Amount due to Manager 3,860,277 - 3,860,277 Amount due to Trustee 6,017 - 6,017 Other payables and accruals 18,521 - 18,521 Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 392,502,025 - 392,502,025 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders of the set assets attributable to unitholders and net assets attributable to unitholders	Derivative liabilities	-	8,512,348	8,512,348
Other payables and accruals Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 245,961,129 - 245,961,129 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 246,430,573 8,512,348 254,942,921 2023 Financial liabilities Derivative liabilities Derivative liabilities 397,240 118,323 515,563 Amount due to Manager 3,860,277 Amount due to Trustee 6,017 Other payables and accruals Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 392,502,025 - 392,502,025 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders	Amount due to Manager	442,642	-	442,642
Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 245,961,129 - 245,961,129 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 246,430,573 8,512,348 254,942,921 2023 Financial liabilities Derivative liabilities 397,240 118,323 515,563 Amount due to Manager 3,860,277 - 3,860,277 Amount due to Trustee 6,017 - 6,017 Other payables and accruals 18,521 - 18,521 Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 392,502,025 - 392,502,025 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders	Amount due to Trustee	3,887	-	3,887
Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 245,961,129 245,961,129 246,430,573 8,512,348 254,942,921 2023 Financial liabilities Derivative liabilities Derivative liabilities 397,240 118,323 515,563 Amount due to Manager 3,860,277 Amount due to Trustee 6,017 Other payables and accruals Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 392,502,025 - 392,502,025 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders	Other payables and accruals	22,915	-	22,915
Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 246,430,573 8,512,348 254,942,921 2023 Financial liabilities Derivative liabilities Derivative liabilities 397,240 118,323 515,563 Amount due to Manager 3,860,277 Amount due to Trustee 6,017 Other payables and accruals Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders and net assets attributable to unitholders	Net assets attributable to unitholders			
and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 246,430,573 8,512,348 254,942,921 2023 Financial liabilities Derivative liabilities Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee 6,017 Other payables and accruals Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders and net assets attributable to unitholders and net assets attributable to unitholders		245,961,129		245,961,129
of the Fund 246,430,573 8,512,348 254,942,921 2023 Financial liabilities Derivative liabilities Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee 5,017 Other payables and accruals Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 392,502,025 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders				
Financial liabilities Derivative liabilities Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Other payables and accruals Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders				
Financial liabilities Derivative liabilities 397,240 118,323 515,563 Amount due to Manager 3,860,277 - 3,860,277 Amount due to Trustee 6,017 - 6,017 Other payables and accruals 18,521 - 18,521 Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 392,502,025 - 392,502,025 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders	of the Fund	246,430,573	8,512,348	254,942,921
Derivative liabilities 397,240 118,323 515,563 Amount due to Manager 3,860,277 - 3,860,277 Amount due to Trustee 6,017 - 6,017 Other payables and accruals 18,521 - 18,521 Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 392,502,025 - 392,502,025 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders	2023			
Amount due to Manager 3,860,277 - 3,860,277 Amount due to Trustee 6,017 - 6,017 Other payables and accruals 18,521 - 18,521 Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 392,502,025 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders	Financial liabilities			
Amount due to Trustee 6,017 - 6,017 Other payables and accruals 18,521 - 18,521 Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 392,502,025 - 392,502,025 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders	Derivative liabilities	397,240	118,323	515,563
Other payables and accruals Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders 18,521 - 18,521 - 392,502,025 - 392,502,025	Amount due to Manager	3,860,277	-	3,860,277
Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund 392,502,025 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders	Amount due to Trustee	6,017	-	6,017
of the Fund 392,502,025 - 392,502,025 Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders	• •	18,521	-	18,521
Total undiscounted financial liabilities and net assets attributable to unitholders				
and net assets attributable to unitholders		392,502,025		392,502,025
of the Fund 396,784,080 118,323 396,902,403				
	of the Fund	396,784,080	118,323	396,902,403

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. When a counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Fund is required to settle its financial obligation.

Financial liabilities exclude tax-related matters such as provision for tax.

22. UNITHOLDERS' CONTRIBUTION MANAGEMENT

The unitholders' contribution can vary depending on the demand for redemptions and subscriptions to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing the unitholders' contribution are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its prospectus;
- (b) To achieve consistent returns while safeguarding capital by using various investment strategies;
- (c) To maintain sufficient liquidity to provide unitholders with regular and stable distributions and to meet the expenses of the Fund and other obligations as they arise; and
- (d) To maintain sufficient fund size to ensure that the operations of the Fund are cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the unitholders' contribution management objectives, policies or processes in the current financial year.