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# MAYBANK GLOBAL WEALTH CONSERVATIVE-I FUND

Annual report For the financial year ended 31 December 2024

#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

#### **MANAGER**

Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (199701006283) (421779-M) Level 12 Tower C Dataran Maybank No.1 Jalan Maarof 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Telephone +603 2297 7888 Facsimile +603 2715 0071 www.maybank-am.com.my

#### **EXTERNAL INVESTMENT MANAGER ("EIM")**

Maybank Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd (201301012623) (1042461-K) Level 12 Tower C Dataran Maybank No.1 Jalan Maarof 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

#### **TRUSTEE**

TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad (200301008392) (610812-W) Level 13, Menara 1 Sentrum 201, Jalan Tun Sambanthan Brickfields, 50470 Kuala Lumpur W.P. Kuala Lumpur Telephone +603 2382 4288 Facsimile +603 2026 1451 www.tmf-group.com malaysia@tmf-group.com

#### **SHARIAH ADVISER**

Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd (200501007003) (684050-H) Level 13A-2, Menara Tokio Marine Life 189 Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur Telephone +603 2161 0260 Facsimile +603 2161 0262

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#### Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024

#### A. Fund Information

#### 1. Name of Fund

Maybank Global Wealth Conservative-I Fund (the "Fund")

#### 2. Type of Fund

Income and growth

#### 3. Category of Fund

Mixed Assets (Islamic)

#### 4. Duration of Fund

The Fund is an open-ended fund.

#### 5. Fund launch date

Classes of units	Launch date
MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class	13 February 2023
USD (Decumulation) Class	13 February 2023

#### 6. Fund's investment objective

The Fund aims to provide income and possible capital growth over medium to long term.

#### Note:

There is no guarantee that the Fund's investment objective will be achieved and your capital may be at risk

Any material change to the investment objective of the Fund would require Unit Holders' approval.

#### 7. Fund's distribution policy

Distribution will be made on a quarterly basis or at such other frequency as the Manager may decide in its absolute discretion.

As the Classes are intended to be a decumulating classes, the Fund may distribute from realised income, realised gains, unrealised income and/ or unrealised gains to enable the Fund to distribute income on a regular basis in accordance with the distribution policy of the Classes. Any declaration and payment of distribution will have the effect of lowering the net asset value ("NAV") of the Fund.

In addition, any distribution out of the Fund's capital may amount to a reduction of part of the Unit Holders' original investment and may also result in reduced future returns to Unit Holders. When a substantial amount of the original investment is being returned to the Unit Holders, it has a risk of eroding the capital of the Fund and may, over time, cause the NAV of the Classes to fall. The greater the risk of capital erosion that exists, the greater the likelihood that, due to capital erosion, the value of future returns would also be diminished.

#### 8. Fund's performance benchmark

Maybank 12-month MYR Islamic fixed deposit rate + 2.00%.

#### 9. The Fund's investment policy and principal investment strategy

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in global fixed and floating rate Sukuk issued by governments, government agencies, supranationals and companies, global Shariah-compliant equities, global Shariah-compliant equity-related securities (including Shariah-compliant American Depository Receipts ("ADRs"), Shariah-compliant Global Depository Receipts ("GDRs") and Shariah-compliant warrants), Islamic money market instruments and Islamic deposits.

#### Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

#### A. Fund Information (cont'd)

#### 9. The Fund's investment policy and principal investment strategy (cont'd)

The Fund may also invest in Islamic collective investment schemes ("CIS"), including but are not limited to, Islamic real estate investment trusts ("REITs") and Islamic exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") which may be based on commodities such as gold. The Fund will invest in Eligible Markets.

#### 10. Net income distribution for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

The Fund declared distribution from MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class USD 2,007,393 and USD (Decumulation) Class USD 21,051 to unitholders during the financial year.

Distribution date (ex-date)	Before distribution	After distribution	Gross/ Net distribution per unit	Changes (%)
MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) C	lass (RM sen)			
26 March 2024	0.5105	0.5015	0.90	(1.76)
25 June 2024	0.5091	0.5027	0.64	(1.26)
26 September 2024	0.5102	0.4992	1.10	(2.16)
26 December 2024	0.4866	0.4776	0.90	(1.85)
USD (Decumulation) Class (USD	cent)			
26 March 2024	0.5160	0.5070	0.90	(1.74)
25 June 2024	0.5206	0.5106	1.00	(1.92)
26 September 2024	0.5189	0.4989	2.00	(3.85)

#### **B.** Performance Review

#### 1. Key performance data of the Fund

		13.02.2023
Category	01.01.2024	(date of
Category	to	launch) to
	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
Portfolio composition		
Shariah-compliant quoted equities (%)	42.14	23.65
Australia	0.07	0.26
Canada	0.55	0.22
China	0.96	0.43
Denmark	0.48	0.95
France	1.20	0.59
Germany	1.40	0.39
Great Britain	3.61	4.61
Hong Kong	0.54	0.23
Ireland	-	0.11
Italy	-	0.17
Japan	1.20	1.01
/::\		

#### Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

#### B. Performance Review (cont'd)

#### 1. Key performance data of the Fund (cont'd)

		13.02.2023
Category	01.01.2024	(date of
	to	launch) to
	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
Portfolio composition (cont'd)		
Shariah-compliant quoted equities (%)		
Netherlands	0.63	0.39
Norway	0.14	-
South Korea	0.54	0.54
Spain	0.39	0.40
Sweden	-	0.09
Switzerland	0.50	-
Taiwan	1.61	0.79
United States of America	28.32	12.47
Sukuk (%)	51.03	69.06
Cayman Islands	21.98	28.74
Indonesia	7.36	10.67
Malaysia	13.26	20.66
Saudi Arabia	2.83	3.33
United Arab Emirates	5.60	5.66
Cash and other net assets (%)	6.83	7.29
Total (%)	100.00	100.00
MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class		
NAV (USD'000)	27,473	31,964
NAV (RM'000)	122,922	147,027
Units in circulation (units 000)	258,734	291,109
NAV per unit (RM)	0.4751	0.5051
Highest NAV per unit (RM)	0.5114	0.5051
Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	0.4751	0.4723
Net distributions (USD'000)	2,007	_
Net distributions (RM'000)	9,010	-
Distribution date	Refer to Note 15	-
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (RM sen)	3.54	-
Annual return (%) (1)		
- Capital growth (%)	(5.94)	1.02
- Income distribution (%)	7.35	02
Total return (%)	0.97	1.02
Benchmark (%)	4.64	4.07
201101111111111111111111111111111111111	7.0-1	1.07

#### Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

#### B. Performance Review (cont'd)

#### 1. Key performance data of the Fund (cont'd)

Category	01.01.2024 to 31.12.2024	13.02.2023 (date of launch) to 31.12.2023
USD (Decumulation) Class		
NAV (USD'000)	487	647
Units in circulation (units 000)	998	1,275
NAV per unit (USD)	0.4881	0.5076
Highest NAV per unit (USD)	0.5176	0.5076
Lowest NAV per unit (USD)	0.4870	0.4716
Net distributions (USD'000)	21	-
Distribution date	Refer to Note 15	-
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (USD cent)	3.90	-
Annual return (%) (1)		
- Capital growth (%)	(3.84)	1.52
- Income distribution (%)	7.95	-
Total return (%)	3.80	1.52
Benchmark (%)	4.64	4.07
Total Expense Ratio ("TER") (%) <sup>(2)</sup>	1.98	1.67
Portfolio Turnover Ratio ("PTR") (times) <sup>(3)</sup>	0.69	0.72

#### Note:

- (1) Annual return of the Fund for the financial year/ period is computed based on the daily average NAV per unit, net of Manager and Trustee's fees.
- (2) The Fund's TER increased to 1.98% due to higher expenses in the current financial year under review.
- (3) The Fund's PTR decreased to 0.69 times due to lower trading activities in the current financial year under review.

Investors are reminded that past performance of the Fund is not necessarily an indicative of its future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

#### Manager's report

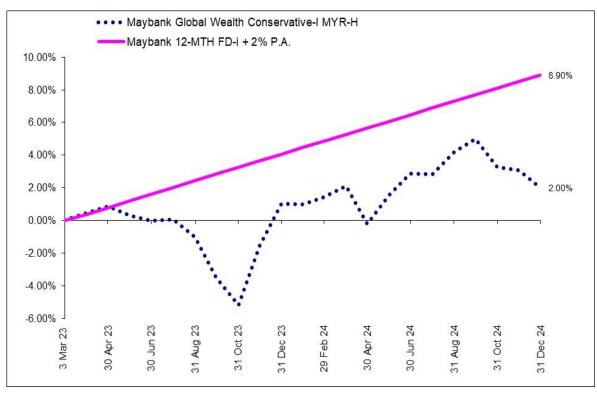
For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

#### B. Performance Review (cont'd)

#### 2. Performance of the Fund up to 31 December 2024

MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class

	1 year	Since
Category	to	inception to
Cutogory	31.12.2024	31.12.2024
	%	%
Capital growth	(5.94)	(4.98)
Income distribution	7.35	7.35
Total return of the Fund	0.97	2.00
Benchmark	4.64	8.90
Average total return	0.97	1.09



Source: Lipper, as at 31 December 2024

#### Manager's report

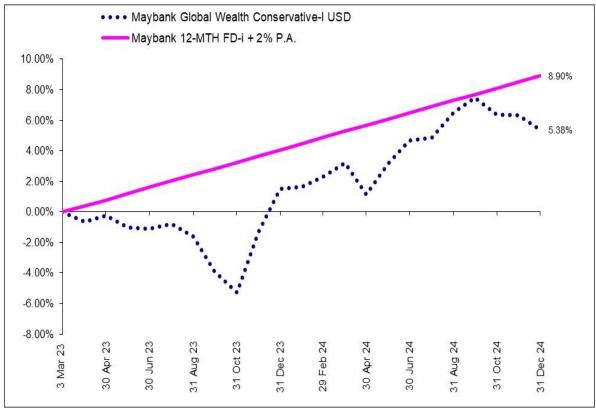
For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

#### B. Performance Review (cont'd)

#### 2. Performance of the Fund up to 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

#### USD (Decumulation) Class

Category	1 year to 31.12.2024 %	Since inception to 31.12.2024
Capital growth	(3.84)	(2.38)
Income distribution	7.95	7.95
Total return of the Fund	3.80	5.38
Benchmark	4.64	8.90
Average total return	3.80	2.90



Source: Lipper, as at 31 December 2024

#### Manager's report

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

#### B. Performance Review (cont'd)

#### 2. Performance of the Fund up to 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

For the year under review, the Fund's MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class and USD (Decumulation) Class registered total returns of 0.97% and 3.80%, respectively. Against the benchmark, this implies an underperformance of 3.67% and 0.84%, respectively (benchmark total return: +4.64%).

Although the Fund did not manage to beat the benchmark, it did provide a positive return in absolute terms. Equities led the Fund's performance, with strong returns from global equities, which helped to weather the volatility in fixed income markets, driven by fluctuating expectations around interest rates throughout the period. In equities, the sectors that performed well during the period were Information Technology ("IT") (due to the general Artificial Intelligence ("Al") frenzy), Communication Services (Al adjacencies/ beneficiaries), and Consumer Discretionary (driven by better stock selection). The bottom contributors were in Healthcare (due to weak pharma earnings and United States ("US") election outcomes favoring cyclicals over defensives), Energy (due to weak demand in the commodity space), and Materials (due to the economic slowdown in China).

#### 3. Basis of calculation made in calculating the returns:

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/ decline in NAV after taking into account all the distributions payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follows:

Capital return = (NAV per unit end/ NAV per unit begin) - 1

Income return = Income distribution per unit/ NAV per unit ex-date

Total return = (1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) - 1

#### 4. Annual total return of the Fund

#### MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class

For the financial year/ period	01.01.2024	Since
	to	inception to
or the initialistal year, period	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
	%	%
Capital growth	(5.94)	1.02
Income distribution	7.35	-
Total return	0.97	1.02
Benchmark	4.64	4.07

#### **USD (Decumulation) Class**

For the financial year/ period	01.01.2024	Since
	to	inception to
l of the initiational year, period	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
	%	%
Capital growth	(3.84)	1.52
Income distribution	7.95	-
Total return	3.80	1.52
Benchmark	4.64	4.07

Manager's report For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

#### C. Market Review

#### Fixed Income Review

During the financial year under review, yields initially rose driven by the US Federal Reserve ("Feds") decisions and indications to keep its US profit rates high to combat inflation. This saw the 10-year United States Treasury ("UST") yield peaked at a high of 4.74% on 25 April 2024, an 86 basis points ("bps") increase from its closing in end-December 2023. This overturned in the beginning of May 2023 as the US Feds indicated a more neutral stance amidst signs of moderating inflations and slowing economic growth which shifted market expectations towards the US Feds reaching its tail-end of its hiking cycle. After keeping its federal funds rate at 5.25% to 5.50% in eight consecutive meetings, the central banks commenced rate cutting in September 2024 with a 50 bps cut followed by a 25 bps cuts in November 2024 and December 2024. The 10-year UST rallied to a low of 3.60% by 17 September 2024 to see 114 bps decrease to lead a general gains in Sukuks. However, the market saw the Treasuries retracted its gains in the fourth quarter of 2024 on signs of rate cuts will be more moderate that market expected into 2025, leading to the 10-year UST yields to close 95 bps higher at 4.57%. These volatilities impacted the Sukuks valuations in the Fund throughout the period under review.

#### **Equity Review**

2024 delivered strong returns across global equities, with a notable increase in dispersion compared to 2023. While markets initially grappled with headlines dominated by geopolitical conflicts, the US Presidential election, and debates on soft versus hard economic landings, it was ultimately fundamentals that dictated trajectory of returns. The headline returns of more than 20.00% for US equities were largely driven by the "Magnificent 7" stocks, underpinned by strong earnings growth and outside of Nvidia, the price to earnings ratio ("P/ E") multiples did not expand notably. This signified healthy stock performance, in our view.

US large-cap equities emerged as the standout performer, with gains in excess of 20.00% that helped in turn lead the Standard and Poor's 500 ("S&P 500") to returns of similar magnitude (24.00% in USD terms) following a strong 2023. This marked a historic milestone, as consecutive gains of this magnitude have only occurred four times since 1900. Large cap returns were also backed by earnings growth, unlike small-cap equities which faced negative earnings growth yet were able to still post a solid 11.80% return on the year, buoyed by optimism surrounding potential deregulation and corporate tax cuts following the US election.

Emerging market ("EM") equities also had a strong year, led by China's rebound following significant fiscal and monetary stimulus measures announced in September 2024. Taiwan and India were also strong performers for EM. In contrast, developed market ("DM") equities lagged, posting a modest 3.40% rise as European and Japanese markets lagged, as growth slowed and currencies weighed on these two in particular.

#### D. Market Outlook & Strategy

#### Fixed Income Outlook and Strategy

In fixed income, we believe there is some room in the near term for yields to move higher given our soft-landing view. We have therefore downgraded our view on duration to negative and have reduced our exposures to Sukuks across most of our Multi-Asset portfolios. In the longer term, we recognise that Sukuks, hopefully at higher yield levels, will have a role to play in the portfolio to hedge against recession risks.

## Manager's report For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

#### D. Market Outlook & Strategy (cont'd)

#### Fixed Income Outlook and Strategy (cont'd)

Over time, the normalisation of the yield curve should also help Sukuks to regain their attractiveness as growth diversifiers. For now, we plan on maintaining our bearish view on this asset class as we believe market expectations for rate cuts are too optimistic. On strategy, we prefer to maintain our exposure in investment grade Sukuks during current volatile period for the asset class and business sentiment worldwide. We continue to avoid the long end of the US yield curve due to ongoing concerns about government debt levels and current inversion. Corporate and household balance sheets remain strong, standing them in good stead to digest tightening financial conditions and moderate growth, without a significant pick up in default risks.

#### **Equity Outlook and Equity Strategy**

As we look ahead to 2025, economic growth is expected to remain positive, though likely at a more moderate pace compared to 2024. Despite lingering uncertainties, the year still offers opportunities, particularly in innovation, sustainability, and emerging trends. The global economic outlook for 2025 is one of cautious optimism. Al is set to be a major driver of growth, transitioning from infrastructure development to widespread adoption across industries. Companies with strong Al capabilities, especially in software, are positioned to benefit as Al adoption enhances productivity and transforms sectors like infrastructure, utilities, energy, and data management. Sustainability will remain another critical theme, with the global shift toward clean energy and electric vehicles continuing despite potential policy slowdowns in the US. Additionally, geopolitical resilience will shape the investment landscape as incoming administrations are unlikely to want to curtail growth in their respective jurisdictions in our view.

Navigating such risks will be essential for 2025. Higher-for-longer profit rates could pressure growth stocks, creating opportunities in value-oriented sectors such as financials and industrials. While high valuations in the US market may lead to volatility, disciplined investing in quality companies with strong fundamentals will help mitigate risks. Unexpected policy shifts under the new US administration, such as changes in tariffs or tax policies, could disrupt markets, but proactive positioning in resilient sectors like technology, selected parts of healthcare, and infrastructure can provide stability. Fiscal risks, including an uncontrolled federal deficit, highlight the importance of diversifying into assets in addition to the aforementioned geopolitical risks which remain.

Equities are expected to see a broader-based recovery in 2025, moving beyond the dominance of megacap tech stocks. Growth is anticipated in sectors like industrials, healthcare, and mid-cap stocks, supported by deregulation and infrastructure investment. The Fund is currently positioned for this with its equity book, against underweights on the commodity-centric sectors of Materials and Energy, where returns could be dampened by a stronger for longer USD and an uncertain demand outlook. In conclusion, 2025 presents a dynamic and promising investment landscape. By focusing on key themes such as AI, sustainability, and emerging markets, investors can capitalize on long-term growth opportunities while managing potential risks.

## Manager's report For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (cont'd)

#### E. Soft Commissions and Rebates

The Manager and its delegates will not retain any form of soft commissions and rebates from or otherwise share in any commission with any broker in consideration for directing dealings in the investments of the Fund unless the commission received is retained in the form of goods and services such as financial wire services and stock quotations system incidental to investment management of the Fund. All dealings with brokers are executed on best available terms.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the Manager and its delegates did not receive any rebates from the brokers or dealers but have retained soft commissions in the form of goods and services such as research materials and advisory services that assist in decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund (i.e. research materials, data and quotation services, computer hardware and software incidental to the investment management of the Fund and investment advisory services) which were of demonstrable benefits to the unitholders.

#### TRUSTEE'S REPORT

## TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK GLOBAL WEALTH CONSERVATIVE-I FUND ("FUND")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- (a) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the Deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- (b) Valuation and pricing were carried out in accordance with the Deed;
- (c) Any creation and cancellation of units were carried out in accordance with the Deed and regulatory requirements; and
- (d) We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

#### For TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad

(Company No: 200301008392/610812-W)

Norhayati Binti Azit Director- Fund Services

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 24 February 2025

#### STATEMENT BY MANAGER

## TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK GLOBAL WEALTH CONSERVATIVE-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

We, Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim and Muhammad Hishamudin Bin Hamzah, being two of the Directors of Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Maybank Global Wealth Conservative-I Fund as at 31 December 2024 and of its results, changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the financial year then ended and comply with the requirements of the Deeds.

For and on behalf of the Manager

**Dr Hasnita Binti Dato' Hashim** Chairman

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 24 February 2025 **Muhammad Hishamudin Bin Hamzah**Director

#### REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISER

## TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MAYBANK GLOBAL WEALTH CONSERVATIVE-I FUND FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

We hereby confirm the following:

- 1. To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") has operated and managed Maybank Global Wealth Conservative-I Fund ("the Fund") during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- 2. The asset of the Fund comprises of instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant.

For and on behalf of Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd.

Tan Sri Dr Mohd Daud Bakar Executive Chairman

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 24 February 2025

## Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Global Wealth Conservative-I Fund

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Maybank Global Wealth Conservative-I Fund (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024, and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 8 to 60

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund ("the Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

## Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Global Wealth Conservative-I Fund (cont'd)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

## Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Global Wealth Conservative-I Fund (cont'd)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Maybank Global Wealth Conservative-I Fund (cont'd)

#### Other matters

This report is made solely to the Unitholders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 24 February 2025 Yeo Beng Yean 03013/10/2026 J Chartered Accountant

#### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

		01.01.2024 to	13.02.2023 (date of launch) to
	Note	31.12.2024 USD	31.12.2023 USD
INVESTMENT INCOME/ (LOSS)			
Dividend income Profit income Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"):	3	109,656 814,801	74,970 783,015
<ul> <li>Realised gain</li> <li>Unrealised (loss)/ gain</li> <li>Net loss on foreign exchange and forward</li> </ul>		1,282,932 (215,323)	69,418 592,369
currency contracts	4	(345,313) 1,646,753	(1,698,454) (178,682)
EXPENSES			
Manager's fee	5	513,243	443,748
Trustee's fee Auditor's remuneration	6	11,405 2,374	9,861 2,357
Tax agent's fee Brokerage and other transaction fees		2,451 42,885	3,564 25,494
Shariah advisory fee Administrative expenses		3,292 30,278	2,887 16,659
		605,928	504,570
Net results before distribution and taxation Distribution to unitholders		1,040,825	(683,252)
MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class USD (Decumulation) Class	15(a) 15(b)	(2,007,393) (21,051) (2,028,444)	- -
Net loss before taxation Taxation	7	(987,619) (38,938)	(683,252) (78,777)
Net loss after taxation, representing total comprehensive loss for the financial year/ period		(1,026,557)	(762,029)
Net loss after taxation is made up of the following:			
Net realised income/ (loss) Net unrealised (loss)/ income		540,027 (1,566,584)	(1,870,717) 1,108,688
		(1,026,557)	(762,029)

#### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

TOR THE I MANCIAE TEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 202-	•		
			13.02.2023
		01.01.2024	(date of launch)
		to	to
		31.12.2024	31.12.2023
		USD	USD
Distributions for the financial year/ period:	15		
MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class			
Net distributions (USD)		2,007,393	
Net distributions (RM)		9,009,844	-
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (RM sen)		3.54	-
Distribution dates (ex-date)		Refer to Note 15	
USD (Decumulation) Class			
Net distributions (USD)		21,051	<u>-</u>
Gross/ Net distribution per unit (USD cent)		3.90	-
Distribution dates (ex-date)		Refer to Note 15	-
		·	·

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Note	31.12.2024 USD	31.12.2023 USD
ASSETS			
Financial assets at FVTPL Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed	8	26,062,879	30,232,122
Islamic financial institution	9	509,997	316,349
Derivative assets	10	620	468,600
Dividend receivables		9,269	5,746
Profit income receivables Amount due from brokers		213,284	171,429
Amount due from Manager	11	111,325 35	139,752
Cash at bank	12	1,829,400	1,705,561
TOTAL ASSETS		28,736,809	33,039,559
LIABILITIES			
Derivative liabilities	10	711,311	_
Amount due to Manager	11	57,414	358,520
Amount due to Trustee	13	969	1,052
Provision for tax		-	66,303
Distribution payable		4	-
Other payables and accruals		6,857	2,964
TOTAL LIABILITIES		776,555	428,839
NET ASSETS VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND		27,960,254	32,610,720
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS COMPRISE OF: Unitholders' contribution	14(0)	20.749.940	22 272 740
Accumulated losses	14(a) 14(b) & (c)	29,748,840 (1,788,586)	33,372,749 (762,029)
7.00umulated 103303	14(6) & (6)	27,960,254	32,610,720
NET ASSETS VALUE - MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class		27 472 066	24 062 504
- WTK (Heaged) (Decumulation) Class - USD (Decumulation) Class		27,473,066 487,188	31,963,594 647,126
- OOD (Decumulation) Class		27,960,254	32,610,720
		, ,	, ,
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION (UNITS)			
- MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class		258,734,461	291,109,152
- USD (Decumulation) Class		998,166 259,732,627	1,274,976 292,384,128
		203,132,021	232,004,120
NET ASSETS VALUE PER UNIT			
- MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class		RM 0.4751	RM 0.5051
- USD (Decumulation) Class		USD 0.4881	USD 0.5076

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Unitholders' contribution Note 14(a) USD	Accumulated losses Note 14(b) and 14(c) USD	Net assets attributable to unitholders USD
At 1 January 2024	33,372,749	(762,029)	32,610,720
Total comprehensive loss for the			
financial year	-	(1,026,557)	(1,026,557)
Creation of units	8,165,485	-	8,165,485
Reinvestment of units	51	-	51
Cancellation of units	(11,789,445)	-	(11,789,445)
At 31 December 2024	29,748,840	(1,788,586)	27,960,254
At 13 February 2023 (date of launch) Total comprehensive loss for the	-	-	-
financial period	-	(762,029)	(762,029)
Creation of units	39,853,785	-	39,853,785
Cancellation of units	(6,481,036)	-	(6,481,036)
At 31 December 2023	33,372,749	(762,029)	32,610,720

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	01.01.2024	13.02.2023 (date of launch)
	to	to
	31.12.2024 USD	31.12.2023 USD
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net proceeds from sale of investments	22,103,330	5,761,492
Net purchase of investments	(17,128,163)	(35,367,065)
Net receipt/ (settlement) on forward currency contracts	1,128,692	(1,843,110)
Net (settlement)/ receipt for realised foreign exchange (loss)/ gain	(127,204)	36,856
Dividend received	76,480	56,750
Profit income received	682,346	611,586
Manager's fee paid	(516,957)	(396,408)
Trustee's fee paid	(11,488)	(8,809)
Taxation paid	(91,682)	-
Payment of other fees and expenses	(27,318)	(22,196)
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating and investing activities	6,088,036	(31,170,904)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from creation of units	8,307,906	39,651,363
Payments for cancellation of units	(12,087,554)	(6,164,781)
Distribution to unitholders	(2,029,646)	
Net cash (used in)/ generated from financing activities	(5,809,294)	33,486,582
NET CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR/ PERIOD CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE	278,742	2,315,678
BEGINNING OF THE YEAR/ DATE OF LAUNCH	2,021,910	-
Effect of exchange rate differences	38,745	(293,768)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END		,
OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR/ PERIOD	2,339,397	2,021,910
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution		
with maturity of less than 3 months (Note 9)	509,997	316,349
Cash at bank (Note 12)	1,829,400	1,705,561
<u> </u>	2,339,397	2,021,910

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

#### 1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Maybank Global Wealth Conservative-I Fund (the "Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 17 November 2022 between the Manager, Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MAM") and the Trustee, TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad and the registered holder of the Fund.

The Fund aims to provide income and possible capital growth over medium to long term.

The Fund invests, directly and indirectly, in global fixed and floating rate Sukuk issued by governments, government agencies, supranationals and companies, global Shariah-compliant equities, global Shariah-compliant equity-related securities (including Shariah-compliant American Depository Receipts ("ADRs"), Shariah-compliant Global Depository Receipts ("GDRs") and Shariah-compliant warrants), Islamic money market instruments and Islamic deposits.

The Fund may also invest in Islamic collective investment schemes ("CIS"), including but are not limited to, Islamic real estate investment trusts ("REITs") and Islamic exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") which may be based on commodities such as gold. The Fund will invest in Eligible Markets.

The Manager of the Fund is MAM, a company incorporated in Malaysia. It is a holder of the Capital Markets Services License with fund management as its regulated activity under the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 ("CMSA"). The principal place of business of MAM is at Level 12, Tower C Dataran Maybank, No. 1 Jalan Maarof, 59000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. MAM is a subsidiary of Maybank Asset Management Group Berhad ("MAMG"), which in turn is a subsidiary of Malayan Banking Berhad ("MBB").

MAM has appointed Maybank Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd ("MIAM") as the External Investment Manager for the Fund. MIAM is a wholly owned subsidiary of Maybank Asset Management Group Berhad and is a holder of Capital Markets Services Licence ("CMSL") to carry out Islamic fund management business pursuant to Section 61 of the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 ("CMSA").

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Manager (the "Directors") in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 24 February 2025.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards, the Deeds and any regulatory requirements.

The Fund has adopted the MFRS Accounting Standards, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations Committee ("IC") Interpretations which have become effective during the financial year ended 31 December 2024. The adoption of the above did not result in material impact to the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies in Note 2.3 to Note 2.16 to the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in United States Dollar ("USD").

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.2 Standards and Amendments to Standards issued but not yet effective

The following are Standards and Amendments to Standards issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 121: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7: Amendments to the Classifications and	
Measurement of Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 1: First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial	
Reporting Standards	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 7: Financial Instruments: Disclosures	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 9: Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 107: Statement of Cash Flows	1 January 2026
MFRS 18: Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027
MFRS 19: Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	1 January 2027
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets	
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

Except for MFRS 18, the Fund expects that the adoption of the above Standards and Amendments to Standards will not have any material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application. The Fund is currently in the process of assessing the potential effects of MFRS 18.

#### 2.3 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.4 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the assets.

#### (i) Financial assets at amortised cost

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents, profit income receivables, amount due from Manager, amount due from brokers and dividend receivables as financial assets at amortised cost. These assets are subsequently measured using the effective profit rate ("EPR") method and are subject to impairment. The EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial asset and of allocating and recognising the profit income in profit or loss over the relevant year/ period.

Unless designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition, debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment loss:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objectives is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that do not meet the criteria above are classified as either fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or FVTPL.

#### (ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Investments in Shariah-compliant quoted equities, Sukuk and derivatives are classified as FVTPL, unless the Fund designates an investment that is not held for trading as FVTOCI on initial recognition.

A financial asset is recognised at FVTPL if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is part of the portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Fund manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instruments or a financial guarantee.

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet the amortised cost criteria but are designated as at FVTPL are measured at FVTPL. A debt instrument may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

#### (ii) Financial assets at FVTPL (cont'd)

Debt instruments are reclassified from amortised cost to FVTPL when the business model is changed such that the amortised cost criteria are no longer met. Reclassification of debt instruments that are designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition is not allowed.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting year/ period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. Accumulated unrealised gains or losses are reclassified to realised gains or losses when the associated assets are sold. Profit income on debt instruments as at FVTPL is disclosed separately in the profit or loss.

Dividend income on quoted equities at FVTPL is recognised in profit and loss when the Fund's right to receive the dividends is established in accordance with MFRS 9 and is disclosed separately in the profit and loss.

#### (iii) Impairment

Credit losses are recognised based on the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model. The Fund recognises loss allowances for ECL on financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL. The impairment model does not apply to equity investments.

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. It is measured as follows:

- Financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the reporting date.

  As the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive).
- Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date.
   As the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

At each reporting date, the Fund assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- Significant downgrade in credit rating of the instrument by a rating agency;
- A breach of contract such as a default or past due event; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.4 Financial assets (cont'd)

#### (iii) Impairment (cont'd)

For balances with short-term nature, full impairment will be recognised on uncollected balances after the grace period.

#### (iv) Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Fund recognises its retained profit in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Fund retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Fund continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of financial asset classified as FVTPL, the cumulative unrealised gain or loss previously recognised is transferred to realised gain or loss on disposal in profit or loss.

On derecognition of financial asset at amortised cost, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

#### 2.5 Financial liabilities

#### (i) Classification

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee, distribution payables and other payables and accruals as other financial liabilities.

#### (ii) Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

The Fund's financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EPR method.

The EPR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of the financial liability and of allocating and recognising the profit expense in profit or loss over the relevant year/ period.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.5 Financial liabilities (cont'd)

#### (iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

#### 2.6 Derivatives and hedge accounting

Derivatives are financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss categorised as held for trading unless they are designated hedges.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments comprise forward foreign currency contracts. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value.

The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and the nature of the item being hedged. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are classified as held for trading and accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy for FVTPL.

The Fund does not apply hedge accounting to the forward currency contracts entered during the financial year/ period. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to apply hedge accounting in the future.

#### 2.7 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Fund.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that the market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that the market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.7 Fair value measurement (cont'd)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (iii) Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting date.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Fund has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

#### 2.8 Functional and foreign currency

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in USD, which is also the Fund's functional currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions or valuations where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial year/ period end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

#### 2.9 Unitholders' contribution

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund are classified as liabilities under the requirements of MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*, as they are puttable instruments whereby the unitholders have the right to redeem their units in the Fund at their option.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.9 Unitholders' contribution (cont'd)

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year/ period if unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund. Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

#### 2.10 Distributions

Any distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from profit or loss in statement of comprehensive income except where distribution is sourced out of distribution equalisation which is accounted for as an adjustment to the unitholders' contribution. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved.

Distribution is declared at the discretion of the Fund Manager based on the availability of distributable income.

Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unitholders on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date, which is also the time of creation.

#### 2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution with original maturity of three months or less which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 2.12 Revenue/Income

Revenue/ Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Dividend income is recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established. Dividend income is presented gross of any non-recoverable withholding taxes, which are disclosed separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

Profit income from Sukuk includes amortisation of premium and accretion of discount, and is recognised using the EPR method.

Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits with a licensed financial institution is recognised on the accruals basis using the EPR method.

Realised gain or loss on disposal of investments are accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.12 Revenue/Income (cont'd)

Other revenue/ income is generally recognised when the Fund satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service or an asset to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

#### 2.13 Taxation

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in net assets attributable to unitholder.

Current tax expense is determined according to Malaysian tax laws at the current tax rate based upon the taxable profit earned during the financial year/ period.

In some jurisdictions, investment income is subject to withholding tax deducted at the source of the income. Withholding tax is a generic term used for the amount of withholding tax deducted at the source of the income and is not significant to the Fund. The Fund presents the withholding tax separately from the gross investment income in the statement of comprehensive income.

No deferred tax is recognised as no temporary differences have been identified.

#### 2.14 Cleansing/ Purification of profit

The Fund is required to cleanse or purify any profit or gains generated by Shariah non-compliant activity or sources. Such Shariah non-compliant gain or income may arise as follows:

#### (i) Shariah non-compliant investment

The External Investment Manager ("EIM") will immediately dispose-off any Shariah non-compliant investment inadvertently made in the Fund. If the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant investment results in losses to the Fund, the losses are to be borne by the EIM. The said investment will be disposed/ withdrawn with immediate effect or within a month of knowing the status of the securities. Any capital gains or dividend received during or after disposal of the investment will be channelled to Baitulmal or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser.

#### (ii) Reclassification of Shariah Status of the Fund's investment

Equities which were earlier classified as Shariah-compliant equities may subsequently be reclassified as Shariah non-compliant due to certain reasons such as changes in the companies' operations.

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 2.14 Cleansing/ Purification of profit (cont'd)

#### (ii) Reclassification of Shariah Status of the Fund's investment (cont'd)

If at the time the announcement/ review is made, the value of the equities held exceeds the investment cost, such Shariah non-compliant equities will be liquidated. The Fund may keep any dividends received and capital gains arising from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant equities made at the time of the announcement/ review. However, any dividends received and excess capital gains made from the disposal after the announcement/ review day at a market price that is higher than the closing price on the announcement/ review day will be channelled to Baitulmal or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser.

If the market price of the said Shariah non-compliant equities is below the investment cost at the time the announcement/ review is made, the Fund may hold the Shariah non-compliant equities and keep dividends received during the holding period until the total amount of dividends received and the market value of the Shariah non-compliant equities held equal the investment cost. At this stage, the Fund will dispose of the said Shariah non-compliant equities.

The purification exercise is done by channelling the purification amount to charitable purposes as advised by the Shariah Adviser and this exercise will be performed by the Investment Manager when relevant information has been obtained. The calculation of the purification amount must further be endorsed by the Shariah Adviser for verification before the purification is done. Any purification on income resulting from investments in Shariah non-compliant investments is disclosed as a reduction of the corresponding capital gain and/ or dividend in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 2.15 Segment information

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

#### 2.16 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

No major judgement have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities.

#### 3. PROFIT INCOME

	01.01.2024	13.02.2023 (date of launch)
	to	to
	31.12.2024 USD	31.12.2023 USD
Profit income from Sukuk	711,759	630,103
Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits	12,441	45,725
Accretion of discount, net of amortisation of premium	90,601	107,187
	814,801	783,015

#### 4. NET LOSS ON FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS

	01.01.2024 to 31.12.2024 USD	13.02.2023 (date of launch) to 31.12.2023 USD
Net realised loss on foreign exchange Net unrealised (loss)/ income on foreign exchange Net realised income/ (loss) on forward currency contracts Net unrealised (loss)/ income on forward currency contracts	(122,689) (171,970) 1,128,637 (1,179,291) (345,313)	(371,792) 47,719 (1,842,981) 468,600 (1,698,454)

#### 5. MANAGER'S FEE

The Manager's fee is computed daily. The fee is based on up to 1.80% per annum ("p.a.") (13.02.2023 (date of launch) to 31.12.2023: 1.80% p.a.) on the NAV of the Fund, before deducting Manager's fee and Trustee's fee for the day.

#### 6. TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee is entitled to a trustee fee of up to 0.04% p.a. (13.02.2023 (date of launch) to 31.12.2023: 0.40% p.a.) of the NAV of the Fund accrued daily and paid monthly to the Trustee.

#### 7. TAXATION

	01.01.2024	13.02.2023 (date of launch)
	to 31.12.2024 USD	to 31.12.2023 USD
Current income tax expense Adjustment of underprovision in prior financial period	23,907 15,031	78,777 -
	38,938	78,777

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (13.02.2023 (date of launch) to 31.12.2023: 24%) of the estimated assessable income for the financial year/ period. The tax charge for the financial year/ period is in relation to the taxable income earned by the Fund after deducting tax allowable expenses.

In accordance with Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act 1967, dividend and profit income earned by the Fund is exempted from tax. Dividend income derived from sources outside Malaysia are exempted from Malaysian income tax. With effect from 1 January 2022, the current income tax exemption on foreign-sourced income ("FSI") received in Malaysia by Malaysian residents has been removed.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net loss before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate is as follows:

	01.01.2024 to 31.12.2024 USD	13.02.2023 (date of launch) to 31.12.2023 USD
Net loss before taxation	(987,619)	(683,252)
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (13.02.2023 (date of launch) to 31.12.2023: 24%) Income not subject to tax Loss not deductible for tax purposes Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income tax at source Adjustment of underprovision in prior financial period Tax expense for the financial year/ period	(237,029) (313,820) 405,426 145,423 23,907 15,031	(163,980) (422,360) 531,546 121,097 12,474

#### 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

	Note	31.12.2024 USD	31.12.2023 USD
Shariah-compliant quoted equities	(a)	11,788,888	7,714,691
Sukuk	(b)	14,273,991	22,517,431
		26,062,879	30,232,122

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

## 31.12.2024

(a) Shariah-compliant quoted equities	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
Australia				
BHP Group Ltd	800	24,551	19,588	0.07
Canada				
Canadian Pacific Kansas City Ltd	2,130	172,906	154,164	0.55
China				
Cie Financiere Richemont	610	97,938	92,834	0.33
News Contemporary Amperex Technology Co. Ltd	1,400	41,018	51,019	0.18
Novartis AG	600	59,199	58,734	0.21
Sika AG	280	88,850	66,684	0.24
	2,890	287,005	269,271	0.96
Denmark				
Novo Nordisk A/S	1,540	215,755	133,462	0.48
France				
Schneider Electric SE	1,340	316,842	334,201	1.20
Germany				
Adidas AG	120	29,483	29,419	0.11
SAP SE	1,470	298,294	359,623	1.29
	1,590	327,777	389,042	1.40

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	Great Britain				
	GSK PLC	6,120	124,596	103,205	0.37
	Relx PLC	2,530	110,665	114,987	0.41
	Linde PLC	160	73,290	66,987	0.24
	iShares Physical Gold Exchange-traded				
	Commodities ("ETC")	6,800	254,496	344,913	1.23
	Unilever PLC	5,410	305,545	308,149	1.10
	Smith & Nephew PLC	5,960	90,660	74,001	0.26
	<u> </u>	26,980	959,252	1,012,242	3.61
	Hong Kong				
	Byd Co Ltd-H	1,000	28,509	34,322	0.12
	Techtronic Industries				
	Co Ltd	9,000	128,401	118,763	0.42
	_	10,000	156,910	153,085	0.54
	Japan				
	Bridgestone Corp	2,300	96,694	78,150	0.28
	Fujifilm Holdings Corp	3,600	85,144	75,799	0.27
	Hitachi Ltd	1,300	34,411	32,566	0.12
	Murata Manucaturing Co Ltd	2,100	40,194	34,201	0.12

# 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	Japan (cont'd)				
	Recruit Holdings Co Ltd	500	20,141	35,458	0.13
	Terumo Corp	200	105,087	79,130	0.28
		10,000	381,671	335,304	1.20
	Netherlands				
	ASML Holding NV	250	249,320	175,665	0.63
	Norway				
	Norsk Hydro ASA	7,100	42,453	39,075	0.14
	South Korea				
	Kia Corp	2,200	175,972	149,983	0.54
	Spain				
	Industria De Diseno Textil	2,110	102,230	108,438	0.39
	Switzerland				
	Lindt & Spruengli AG	3	38,440	33,340	0.12
	Roche Holding AG	380	111,832	107,149	0.38
		383	150,272	140,489	0.50
	Taiwan				
	Chroma Ate Inc	2,000	25,445	24,939	0.09
	Taiwan Semiconductor				
	Manufacturing Co Ltd	13,000	303,361	426,070	1.52
		15,000	328,806	451,009	1.61

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	United States of America				
	Abbvie Inc	60	10,254	10,662	0.04
	Adobe Inc	220	114,340	97,830	0.35
	Advanced Micro Devices Inc	70	6,726	8,455	0.03
	Alphabet Inc	3,210	557,152	607,653	2.17
	Amazon.com Inc	2,190	407,017	480,464	1.72
	Amer Sports Inc	1,640	41,966	45,854	0.16
	Amphenol Corp	1,340	79,712	93,063	0.33
	Apple Inc	1,780	369,482	445,748	1.59
	Arista Networks Inc	840	68,830	92,845	0.33
	Arm Holdings Plc	200	28,184	24,672	0.09
	Booking Holdings Inc	40	150,188	198,737	0.71
	Boston Scientific Corp	1,380	102,316	123,262	0.44
	Broadcom Inc	1,010	169,621	234,158	0.84
	Cadence Design Sys Inc	150	42,167	45,069	0.16
	Coca-Cola Co	2,930	178,366	182,422	0.65
	Conoco Phillops Corp	350	41,846	34,710	0.12
	Coterra Energy Inc	5,260	142,383	134,340	0.48
	Deckers Outdoor Corp	180	24,331	36,556	0.13
	Ebay Inc	500	25,391	30,975	0.11

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	United States of America (cont'd)				
	Ecolab Inc	210	46,050	49,207	0.18
	Eli Lilly and Co	240	205,995	185,280	0.66
	Equinix Inc	30	26,292	28,287	0.10
	Fair Isaac Corp	20	46,596	39,819	0.14
	First Solar Inc	470	104,139	82,833	0.30
	Fortinet Inc	520	39,710	49,130	0.18
	Gartner Inc	260	109,226	125,962	0.45
	Ge Vernova Inc	150	36,876	49,340	0.18
	Intuitive Surgical Inc	120	51,993	62,635	0.22
	Mastercard Inc	100	47,947	52,657	0.19
	Merck & Co Inc	1,840	235,999	183,043	0.65
	Meta Platforms Inc	610	295,760	357,161	1.28
	Microsoft Corp	1,890	831,207	796,635	2.85
	Moody's Corp	400	163,332	189,348	0.68
	Motorola Solutions Inc	410	164,900	189,514	0.68
	MSCI Inc	20	10,984	12,000	0.04
	NVIDIA Corp	5,380	656,874	722,480	2.58
	O'Reilly Automotive Inc	50	48,068	59,290	0.21
	Oracle Corp	660	119,965	109,982	0.39

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	United States of America (cont'd)				
	Parker Hannifin Corp	280	162,637	178,088	0.64
	Procter & Gamble Co	1,030	167,901	172,680	0.62
	Salesforce Inc	470	134,303	157,135	0.56
	Servicenow Inc	80	75,790	84,810	0.30
	Sharkinja Inc	280	21,968	27,261	0.10
	Sherwin-Williams Co	200	60,353	67,986	0.24
	Tesla Inc	70	27,185	28,269	0.10
	Texas Instruments Inc	870	170,310	163,134	0.58
	Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc	300	165,309	156,069	0.56
	TJX Companies Inc	930	112,595	112,353	0.40
	Uber Technologies Inc	290	23,073	17,493	0.06
	Unitedhealth Group Inc	70	39,260	35,410	0.13
	VISA Inc	1,050	278,232	331,842	1.19
	Walmart Inc	1,320	112,964	119,262	0.43
	_	43,970	7,354,065	7,923,870	28.32
	Total Shariah-compliant				
	quoted equities	128,283	11,245,787	11,788,888	42.14

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(b)	Sukuk	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	Cayman Islands				
	Al Rajhi Sukuk Ltd				
	- 4.75%/ 05.04.2028	1,400,000	1,404,410	1,388,520	4.97
	DIB Sukuk Limited				
	- 4.8%/ 16.08.2028	1,200,000	1,202,497	1,186,908	4.24
	KSA Sukuk Ltd				
	- 3.63%/ 20.04.2027	500,000	488,702	485,720	1.74
	- 2.25%/ 17.05.2030	300,000	308,508	300,063	1.07
	- 2.25%/ 17.05.2031	300,000	262,692	250,104	0.89
	MAF Sukuk Ltd				
	- 4.64%/ 28.02.2029	800,000	788,269	781,240	2.79
	- 3.93%/ 28.02.2030	400,000	382,126	377,048	1.35
	Saudi Electricity Global Sukuk Company				
	- 4.47%/ 27.09.2028	900,000	909,949	892,134	3.19
	- 4.63%/ 11.04.2033	500,000	499,967	485,350	1.74
	=	6,300,000	6,247,120	6,147,087	21.98
	Indonesia				
	SBSN Indo III				
	- 1.50%/ 09.06.2026	500,000	481,242	475,237	1.70
	- 2.55%/ 09.06.2031	500,000	446,760	425,877	1.52
	- 4.70%/ 06.06.2032	1,200,000	1,203,524	1,158,609	4.14
	_	2,200,000	2,131,526	2,059,723	7.36
	Malaysia				
	Axiata SPV2 Berhad				
	- 4.38%/ 24.06.2026	1,000,000	994,772	990,860	3.54
	- 2.16%/ 19.08.2030	900,000	793,258	766,179	2.74

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

Sukuk (cont'd)	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
Malaysia (cont'd)				
Khazanah Global Sukuk Berhad - 4.68%/ 01.06.2028 - 4.68%/ 05.09.2029	500,000 200,000	499,981 199,989	495,135 195,784	1.77 0.70
MY Wakala Sukuk - 2.07%/ 28.04.2031	900,000	810,357	766,761	2.74
TNB Global Ventures Capital Bhd				
- 4.85%/ 01.11.2028	500,000	503,370	495,930	1.77
<u> </u>	4,000,000	3,801,727	3,710,649	13.26
Saudi Arabia				
Banque Saudi Fransi - 4.75%/ 31.05.2028	800,000	797,122	790,088	2.83
United Arab Emirates				
Aldar Investment Properties - 4.88%/ 24.05.2033	800,000	791,662	777,136	2.78
Majid Al Futtaim Holding - 5.00%/ 01.06.2033	800,000	793,146	789,308	2.82
<u> </u>	1,600,000	1,584,808	1,566,444	5.60
Total Sukuk	14,900,000	14,562,303	14,273,991	51.03
Total FVTPL investments	15,028,283	25,808,090	26,062,879	93.17
Unrealised gain on FVTPL investments *			254,789	

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

# 31.12.2023

(a) Shariah-compliant quoted equities	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
Australia				
BHP Group Ltd	800	24,551	27,504	0.08
CSL Ltd	300	53,669	58,649	0.18
	1,100	78,220	86,153	0.26
Canada				
Canadian Pacific Kansas City Ltd	900	64,814	71,280	0.22
China				
Cie Financiere Richemont	200	33,168	27,507	0.08
News Contemporary Amperex Technology Co. Ltd	2,300	72,823	52,874	0.16
Novartis	600	59,199	60,506	0.19
	3,100	165,190	140,887	0.43
Denmark				
Novo Nordisk A/S	2,200	180,197	227,624	0.70
Vestas Wind Systems A/S	2,520	73,301	80,039	0.25
	4,720	253,498	307,663	0.95
France				
Essilor Luxottica SA	100	16,937	20,061	0.06
Schneider Electric SE	860	146,559	172,699	0.53
	960	163,496	192,760	0.59

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	Germany				
	Brenntag SE	400	30,338	36,773	0.11
	SAP SE	600	79,400	92,450	0.28
	<u> </u>	1,000	109,738	129,223	0.39
	Great Britain				
	AstraZaneca PLC	310	41,922	41,870	0.13
	Bunzl PLC	1,160	40,595	47,151	0.14
	GSK PLC	4,100	71,142	75,762	0.23
	iShares MSCI EM Islamic ETF	17,084	299,101	320,240	0.98
	iShares Physical Gold ETC	15,300	572,616	615,213	1.89
	Linde PLC	100	34,765	41,071	0.13
	Relx PLC	4,150	131,100	164,455	0.50
	Rio Tinto PLC	700	42,498	52,107	0.16
	Unilever PLC	3,000	151,562	145,259	0.45
		45,904	1,385,301	1,503,128	4.61
	Hong Kong				
	Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	2,800	29,822	27,106	0.08
	Byd Co Ltd-H	1,000	28,509	27,454	0.08

# 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	Hong Kong (cont'd)				
	Techtronic Industries Co Ltd	1,500	15,493	17,873	0.05
	Tencent Holdings Ltd	200	8,812	7,519	0.02
		5,500	82,636	79,952	0.23
	Ireland				
	Kingspan Group Plc	400	32,703	34,643	0.11
	Italy				
	Ferrari NV	160	49,451	53,945	0.17
	Japan				
	Bridgestone Corp	1,400	54,083	57,960	0.18
	Daikin Industries Ltd	400	71,736	65,176	0.20
	Lasertec Corp	100	24,188	26,350	0.08
	SMC Corp	300	153,880	161,119	0.49
	Terumo Corp	600	18,387	19,659	0.06
		2,800	322,274	330,264	1.01
	Netherlands				
	ASML Holding NV	170	110,582	128,023	0.39
	South Korea				
	Samsung Electronics Co Ltd	2,920	158,963	177,416	0.54

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	Spain				
	Industria De Diseno Textil	3,020	106,300	131,546	0.40
	Sweden				
	Sandvik AB	1,300	25,994	28,133	0.09
	Taiwan				
	Mediatek Inc	2,000	43,095	66,338	0.20
	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co Ltd	10,000	168,486	193,786	0.59
	- -	12,000	211,581	260,124	0.79
	United States of America				
	Adobe Inc	200	89,219	119,320	0.37
	Advanced Micro Devices Inc	170	16,335	25,060	0.08
	Alphabet Inc	2,200	242,674	307,318	0.94
	Amazon.com Inc	1,500	178,550	227,910	0.70
	Amphenol Corp	260	20,263	25,774	0.08
	Apple Inc	1,200	209,224	231,036	0.71
	Arista Networks Inc	100	19,672	23,551	0.07
	Booking Holdings Inc	40	109,084	141,889	0.44
	Boston Scientific Corp	1,430	73,778	82,668	0.25
	Conoco Phillops Corp	900	98,127	104,463	0.32

# 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a)	Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	United States of America (cont'd)				
	Coterra Energy Inc	700	17,057	17,864	0.05
	Danaher Corp	100	22,335	23,134	0.07
	Devon Energy Corp	900	45,095	40,770	0.13
	Ecolab Inc	550	98,658	109,093	0.33
	Eli Lilly and Co	400	167,253	233,168	0.72
	Equinix Inc	40	28,045	32,216	0.10
	First Solar Inc	530	107,656	91,308	0.28
	Gartner Inc	160	55,728	72,178	0.22
	Hubbel Inc	60	20,245	19,736	0.06
	Intel Corp	2,700	101,113	135,675	0.42
	Lululemon Athletica Inc	60	22,025	30,677	0.09
	Mastercard Inc	100	35,418	42,651	0.13
	Merck & Co Inc	1,860	203,903	202,777	0.62
	Meta Platforms Inc	300	88,374	106,188	0.33
	Microsoft Corp	1,180	364,073	443,727	1.36
	Moody's Corp	280	90,563	109,357	0.34
	Motorola Solutions Inc	370	105,591	115,843	0.36
	MSCI Inc	130	68,251	73,535	0.23
	Nike Inc	230	22,776	24,971	0.08

# 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

(a) Shariah-compliant quoted equities (cont'd)	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
United States of America (cont'd)				
NVIDIA Corp	370	155,245	183,231	0.56
O'Reilly Automotive Inc	20	18,470	19,002	0.06
Otis Worldwide Corp	290	23,800	25,946	0.08
Palo Alto Networks Inc	100	20,717	29,488	0.09
Pepsico Inc	600	106,956	101,904	0.31
Procter & Gamble Co	380	56,159	55,685	0.17
Salesforce Inc	100	18,139	26,314	0.08
Snowflake Inc - Class A	180	26,729	35,820	0.11
Synopsys Inc	30	11,230	15,447	0.05
Tesla Inc	200	49,254	49,696	0.15
Texas Instruments Inc	200	34,501	34,092	0.10
Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc	90	49,490	47,771	0.15
VISA Inc	850	197,320	221,298	0.68
	22,060	3,489,095	4,059,551	12.47
Total Shariah-compliant quoted equities	108,014	6,809,836	7,714,691	23.65

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

31	. 12.2023 (COIII a)				
(b)	Sukuk	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
	Cayman Islands				
	Al Rajhi Sukuk Ltd - 4.75%/ 05.04.2028	1,700,000	1,706,875	1,691,279	5.19
	DIB Sukuk Limited - 4.8%/ 16.08.2028	1,500,000	1,503,912	1,487,265	4.56
	KSA Sukuk Ltd - 3.63%/ 20.04.2027 - 2.25%/ 17.05.2031	1,000,000 1,200,000	968,337 1,030,993	972,320 1,030,176	2.98 3.16
	MAF Sukuk Ltd - 4.64%/ 28.02.2029 - 3.93%/ 28.02.2030	800,000 900,000	785,932 853,369	782,272 841,464	2.40 2.58
	Saudi Electricity Global Sukuk Company				
	- 4.47%/ 27.09.2028 - 4.63%/ 11.04.2033	1,200,000 1,200,000	1,216,482 1,199,921	1,201,428 1,179,432	3.68 3.62
	SNB Sukuk Ltd - 2.34%/ 19.01.2027	200,000	187,562	184,602	0.57
		9,700,000	9,453,383	9,370,238	28.74
	Indonesia				
	SBSN Indo III - 1.50%/ 09.06.2026 - 2.55%/ 09.06.2031 - 4.70%/ 06.06.2032	1,100,000 1,100,000 1,500,000 3,700,000	1,031,483 971,741 1,504,896 3,508,120	1,016,191 955,504 1,506,000 3,477,695	3.12 2.93 4.62
	Malaysia				
	Axiata SPV2 Berhad - 4.38%/ 24.06.2026 - 2.16%/ 19.08.2030  Khazanah Global Sukuk Berhad	1,000,000 1,200,000	990,793 1,034,925	984,210 1,016,856	3.02 3.12
	- 4.68%/ 01.06.2028	700,000	699,974	701,785	2.15

## 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONT'D)

Sukuk (cont'd)	Quantity Units	Aggregate cost USD	Market value USD	Percentage of NAV %
Malaysia (cont'd)				
MY Wakala Sukuk - 2.07%/ 28.04.2031	2,300,000	2,057,806	1,987,867	6.10
TNB Global Ventures Capital Bhd				
- 3.24%/ 19.10.2026 - 4.85%/ 01.11.2028	1,000,000 1,100,000	953,055 1,109,159	950,220 1,095,688	2.91 3.36
<u>-</u> -	7,300,000	6,845,712	6,736,626	20.66
Saudi Arabia				
Banque Saudi Fransi - 4.75%/ 31.05.2028	1,100,000	1,095,013	1,086,096	3.33
United Arab Emirates				
Aldar Investment Properties - 4.88%/ 24.05.2033	800,000	790,885	775,544	2.38
Majid Al Futtaim Holding - 5.00%/ 01.06.2033	1,100,000	1,089,701	1,071,232	3.28
, <u> </u>	1,900,000	1,880,586	1,846,776	5.66
Total Sukuk	23,700,000	22,782,814	22,517,431	69.06
Total FVTPL investments	23,808,014	29,592,650	30,232,122	92.71
Unrealised gain on FVTPL investments *			639,472	

<sup>\*</sup> The unrealised gain on Shariah-compliant quoted equities and Sukuk comprises the amounts arising from changes in fair values and effects from foreign exchange.

On 18 April 2024 and 28 June 2024, the Fund disposed all 200 units of shares issued by Tencent Holdings Ltd and 500 units of shares issued by Howmet Aerospace Inc, respectively. This is due to reclassification of the shares from Shariah-compliant securities under Dow Jones Islamic Index. There is no purification action required due to no excess capital gain derived from the disposal of the shares.

## 9. SHARIAH-COMPLIANT DEPOSIT WITH A LICENSED ISLAMIC FINANCIAL INSTITUTION

	31.12.2024 USD	31.12.2023 USD
Shariah-compliant short-term placements with a licensed		
Islamic financial institution with maturity of:		
- Less than 3 months	509,997	316,349

The weighted average effective profit rates ("WAEPR") per annum and average maturity of deposit with a financial institution as at the reporting date were as follows:

	31.12.2024		31.12.2023	
	WAEPR % p.a.	Average Maturity Days	WAEPR % p.a.	Average Maturity Days
Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution	2.90	2	2.90	4

#### 10. DERIVATIVE ASSETS/ (LIABILITIES)

DENIVATIVE ASSETS, (EIABIETTES)	Notional principal	Fair V	alue
31.12.2024	amount USD	Assets USD	Liabilities USD
Currency forwards - less than 1 year	27,500,000	620	(711,311)
31.12.2023			
Currency forwards - less than 1 year	29,600,000	468,600	

As at the reporting date, there were 8 (31.12.2023: 8) forward exchange contracts outstanding.

As the Fund has not adopted hedge accounting during the financial year/ period, the change in the fair value of the forward currency contract is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income. The fair value changes arising from the specific contracts to hedge the foreign exposure of certain classes of units (i.e. MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class) as disclosed in the Fund's Prospectus, is borne solely by the unitholders of the respective classes.

#### 11. AMOUNT DUE FROM/ TO MANAGER

		31.12.2024	31.12.2023
		USD	USD
Amount due from Manager:			
Subscription of units	(i)	35	139,752

## 11. AMOUNT DUE FROM/ TO MANAGER (CONT'D)

Amount due to Manager:		31.12.2024 USD	31.12.2023 USD
Redemption of units	(ii)	13,789	311,180
Manager's fee	(iii)	43,625	47,340
		57,414	358,520

- (i) The amount represents amount receivable from the Manager for units subscribed.
- (ii) The amount represents amount payable to the Manager for units redeemed or cancelled.
- (iii) Amount due to Manager relates to the amount payable to the Fund Manager arising from the accruals for Manager's fee at the end of the financial year/ period. The normal credit term for Manager's fee is 15 days (31.12.2023: 15 days).

#### 12. CASH AT BANK

	31.12.2024 USD	31.12.2023 USD
	000	005
Chinese Yuan ("CNY")	25,603	14,562
Indian Rupee ("INR")	62,742	-
Malaysian Ringgit ("MYR")	47,806	801,589
Taiwan Dollar ("TWD")	88,473	70,193
USD	1,604,776	819,217
	1,829,400	1,705,561

#### 13. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

The amount due to Trustee relates to the amount payable to the Trustee arising from the accruals for Trustee's fee at the end of the financial year/ period. The normal credit term for Trustee's fee is 15 days (31.12.2023: 15 days).

#### 14. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND

	31.12.2024		31.12.2023
	Note	USD	USD
Unitholders' contribution	(a)	29,748,840	33,372,749
Accumulated realised losses	(b)	(1,330,690)	(1,870,717)
Accumulated unrealised (loss)/ income	(c)	(457,896)	1,108,688
		27,960,254	32,610,720

## 14. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

# (a) Unitholders' contribution

The units are distributed based on the following classes:

	31.12.2024		31.12.2023	
	No. of units	USD	No. of units	USD
MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class	258,734,461	29,258,434	291,109,152	32,734,898
USD (Decumulation) Class	998,166	490,406	1,274,976	637,851
	259,732,627	29,748,840	292,384,128	33,372,749

## (i) MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class

			13.02.2	2023
	01.01.2	2024	(date of I	aunch)
	to		to 31.12.2023	
	31.12.2	2024		
	No. of units	USD	No. of units	USD
At the beginning of year/				
date of launch	291,109,152	32,734,898	-	-
Creation of units	72,461,001	7,871,299	351,537,264	39,215,934
Reinvestment of units	108	12	(60,428,112)	(6,481,036)
Cancellation of units	(104,835,800)	(11,347,775)	<u> </u>	-
At the end of the				_
financial year/ period	258,734,461	29,258,434	291,109,152	32,734,898

## (ii) USD (Decumulation) Class

, ,	01.01.2024 to 31.12.2024		13.02.2 (date of la to 31.12.2	iunch)
	No. of units	USD	No. of units	USD
At the beginning of year/ date of launch	1,274,976	637,851	_	_
Creation of units Reinvestment of units Cancellation of units	594,120 79 (871,009)	294,186 39 (441,670)	1,274,976 - -	637,851 - -
At the end of the financial year/ period	998,166	490,406	1,274,976	637,851

## 14. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

## (a) Unitholders' contribution (cont'd)

As of end of the financial year/ period, the total number and value of units held legally or beneficially by the Manager and a related party are as follows:

	31.12.2024		31.12.2023	
	No of units	Valued at NAV	No of units	Valued at NAV
MYR (Hedged)				
(Decumulation) Class	2,108	RM 950	2,000	RM 1,010
USD (Decumulation) Class	2,159	USD 976	2,000	USD 1,015

The units are held beneficially by the Manager for booking purposes, and are within the prescribed limit allowed by the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds. Other than the above, there were no units held by the directors or parties related to the Manager.

## (b) Accumulated realised losses

	01.01.2024 to 31.12.2024 USD	13.02.2023 (date of launch) to 31.12.2023 USD
At the beginning of year/ date of launch	(1,870,717)	-
Net realised income/ (loss) for the financial year/ period	540,027	(1,870,717)
At the end of the financial year/ period	(1,330,690)	(1,870,717)
Accumulated unrealised (loss)/ income		13.02.2023
	01.01.2024	(date of launch)
	to	to
	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
	USD	USD
At the beginning of year/ date of launch	1,108,688	-
Net unrealised (loss)/ income for the financial year/ period	(1,566,584)	1,108,688
At the end of the financial year/ period	(457,896)	1,108,688
	Net realised income/ (loss) for the financial year/ period At the end of the financial year/ period  Accumulated unrealised (loss)/ income  At the beginning of year/ date of launch Net unrealised (loss)/ income for the financial year/ period	At the beginning of year/ date of launch Net realised income/ (loss) for the financial year/ period At the end of the financial year/ period Accumulated unrealised (loss)/ income  Accumulated unrealised (loss)/ income  O1.01.2024 to 31.12.2024 USD  At the beginning of year/ date of launch Net unrealised (loss)/ income for the financial year/ period  to 1,108,688 Net unrealised (loss)/ income for the financial year/ period  (1,566,584)

## (d) Classes of shares

## (i) Types of classes of units

Classes of units	<b>Currency Denomination</b>
MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class	RM
USD (Decumulation) Class	USD

#### 14. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS OF THE FUND (CONT'D)

#### (d) Classes of shares (cont'd)

#### (ii) NAV computation

The computation of NAV of the Fund is based on the Fund's functional currency, USD, irrespective of the multiple classes of units (denominated in other currencies). Due to multiple classes in this Fund, the non-class designated income and expenses incurred by the Fund are apportioned based on the multi-class ratio, which is the size of the respective class relative to the whole Fund. The Fund's NAV per unit of respective classes is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to members of respective classes with the total number of outstanding units of respective classes.

#### (iii) Redemption/ Cancellation of units by Unitholders

These units are redeemable at the unitholders' option. Redeemable units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's NAV of respective classes. The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the date of the statement of financial position if the unitholder exercises the right to put back the unit to the Fund.

#### 15. DISTRIBUTIONS

The sources of distributions to the unitholder are as follows:

#### (a) MYR (Hedged) (Decumulation) Class

, mint (nougou) (Documentument) endec	1	1.2024 to 2.2024
	Total distribution USD	Composition of distribution in percentage %
Source of distribution* - Income distribution - Capital distribution	2,007,393	100.00
	2,007,393	100.00
01.01.2024 to 31.12.2024  Distribution date (ex-date)		Gross/ Net distribution (RM sen)
26 March 2024 25 June 2024 26 September 2024 26 December 2024		0.90 0.64 1.10 0.90 3.54

## 15. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D)

(b) USD (Decumulation) Class		1.2024	
	to		
	31.12.2024		
		Composition	
	Total	of distribution	
	distribution	in percentage	
	USD	%	
Source of distribution*			
- Income distribution	21,051	100.00	
- Capital distribution	-	-	
	21,051	100.00	
01.01.2024 to 31.12.2024		Gross/ Net	
		distribution	
Distribution date (ex-date)		(USD cent)	
26 March 2024		0.90	
25 June 2024		1.00	
26 September 2024		2.00	
	•	3.90	

<sup>\*</sup> Effective from the 1 March 2022, the Securities Commission Guidelines permit a fund to distribute out of income (which includes current year's realised income) or out of capital (which includes prior year's realised income).

## 16. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS/ DEALERS/ FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Details of transactions with broker/ dealer are as follows:

		Percentage		Percentage
	Value of	of	Brokerage	of brokerage
	trade	total trade	Fees	fees
01.01.2024 to 31.12.2024	USD	%	USD	%
CLSA Ltd	8,906,991	22.65	1,700	8.50
KAF - Seagroatt & Campbell				
Securities Bhd	7,340,397	18.66	2,627	13.13
CGS-CIMB Securities Sdn Bhd	6,747,367	17.15	6,052	30.26
Maybank Investment Bank				
Bhd ("MIBB") *	5,534,291	14.07	9,083	45.42
MBB **	2,828,850	7.19	-	-
Standard Chartered Bank	2,710,760	6.89	-	-
CIMB Investment Bank Berhad	2,480,866	6.31	420	2.10
Jefferies International Ltd	2,409,198	6.12	-	-
Merrill Lynch US	301,950	0.77	-	-
Maybank Islamic Berhad				
("MIB") ***	74,389	0.19	119	0.59
	39,335,059	100.00	20,001	100.00

#### 16. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS/ DEALERS/ FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (CONT'D)

13.02.2023 (date of launch) to 31.12.2023	Value of trade USD	Percentage of total trade %	Brokerage Fees USD	Percentage of brokerage fees %
Standard Chartered Bank	15,055,824	36.78	-	-
MBB **	8,112,650	19.83	-	-
CLSA Ltd	6,468,196	15.81	1,760	12.55
CGS-CIMB Securities Sdn Bhd	3,861,886	9.44	5,685	40.54
CIMB Investment Bank Berhad	2,904,160	7.10	517	3.69
MIBB *	2,836,946	6.93	4,369	31.16
KAF - Seagroatt & Campbell				
Securities Bhd	1,680,944	4.11	1,691	12.06
	40,920,606	100.00	14,022	100.00

Details of transactions, primarily cash placements with financial institutions are as follows:

			13.02	.2023		
	01.01.	2024	(date of launch)			
	to		to	to		
	31.12.	2024	31.12	.2023		
		Percentage		Percentage		
	Value of	of total	Value of	of total		
	placements	placements	placements	placements		
	USD	%	USD	%		
Financial institutions						
MIB ***	107,025,390	100.00	302,257,488	91.50		
CIMB Islamic Bhd	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	28,080,140	8.50		
	107,025,390	100.00	330,337,628	100.00		

40 00 000

#### 17. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION AND BALANCES

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Fund or the Manager if the Fund or the Manager has the ability directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decision, or vice versa, or where the Fund or the Manager and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities. In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following is the significant related party transaction and balances of the Fund during the financial year/ period.

<sup>\*</sup> MIBB is a subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

<sup>\*\*</sup> MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> MIB is a subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

#### 17. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION AND BALANCES (CONT'D)

#### (i) Significant related party transaction

13.02.2023	('')	organicality related party transaction		
MIB*:       The state of the s				13.02.2023
MIB*:   Profit income from deposits   12,476   33,155			01.01.2024	(date of launch)
MIB*:         Tendit income from deposits         12,476         33,155           (ii) Significant related party balances         31.12.2024         31.12.2023           WIB*:         USD         USD           Deposit with a licensed financial institution         509,997         316,349			to	to
MIB*:         Profit income from deposits         12,476         33,155           (ii) Significant related party balances         31.12.2024         31.12.2023           USD         USD           MIB*:         Deposit with a licensed financial institution         509,997         316,349			31.12.2024	31.12.2023
Profit income from deposits         12,476         33,155           (ii) Significant related party balances         31.12.2024         31.12.2023           USD         USD           MIB*:         Deposit with a licensed financial institution         509,997         316,349			USD	USD
(ii) Significant related party balances  31.12.2024 USD USD  MIB*: Deposit with a licensed financial institution  509,997 316,349		MIB*:		
MIB*: Deposit with a licensed financial institution  USD USD  316,349		Profit income from deposits	12,476	33,155
MIB*: Deposit with a licensed financial institution 509,997 316,349	(ii)	Significant related party balances	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
Deposit with a licensed financial institution 509,997 316,349	` ,		USD	USD
Deposit with a licensed financial institution 509,997 316,349		MIB*:		
Profit income receivables 41 75			509,997	316,349
		Profit income receivables	41	75

<sup>\*</sup> MIB is a subsidiary of MBB, the ultimate holding company of the Manager.

#### 18. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. The fees and expenses include Manager's fee, Trustee's fee, auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee and other administrative expenses. For the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the TER of the Fund stood at 1.98% (13.02.2023 (date of launch) to 31.12.2023: 1.67%).

#### 19. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund is the ratio of average acquisitions and disposals of the Fund for the financial year/period to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis. For the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the PTR of the Fund stood at 0.69 times (13.02.2023 (date of launch) to 31.12.2023: 0.72 times).

#### 20. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Portfolio Management Committee (the "PMC") of the Manager, being the chief operating decision-maker, makes the strategic decisions on the resources allocation of the Fund. The decisions are based on an integrated investment strategy to ensure the Fund achieve its targeted return with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio.

The PMC is responsible for the performance of the Fund by investing between 10% to 60% of its NAV in global Shariah-compliant equities, global Shariah-compliant related equity related securities (including Shariah-compliant ADRs, Shariah-compliant GDRs and Shariah-compliant warrants). The Fund may also invest between 30% and 90% of the Fund's NAV in Sukuk and up to 20% of the Fund's NAV in Islamic collective investment schemes but are not limited to, Islamic REITs and Islamic ETFs which may be based on commodities such as gold.

#### 20. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

The Fund will invest in markets where the regulatory authorities are ordinary or associate members of the International Organisation of Securities Commissions ("IOSCO").

The internal reporting for the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS and IFRS.

There were no changes in the reportable operating segments during the financial year/ period.

#### 21. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### (a) Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities were measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classifications. The material accounting policy information in Note 2.3 to Note 2.16 to the financial statements describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured and how income and expenses are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities (excluding prepayment, tax-related matters and NAV attributable to unitholders) of the Fund in the statement of financial position as at the reporting date by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

31.12.2024	Financial instruments at FVTPL USD	Financial assets at amortised cost USD	Financial liabilities at amortised cost USD	Total USD
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic	26,062,879	-	-	26,062,879
financial institution	-	509,997	-	509,997
Derivative assets	620	-	-	620
Dividend receivables	-	9,269	-	9,269
Profit income receivables	-	213,284	-	213,284
Amount due from brokers	-	111,325	-	111,325
Amount due from Manager	-	35	-	35
Cash at bank		1,829,400		1,829,400
Total financial assets	26,063,499	2,673,310	-	28,736,809

## 21. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

## (a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd)

	Financial instruments at FVTPL	Financial assets at amortised cost	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total
31.12.2024 (cont'd)	USD	USD	USD	USD
Financial liabilities				
Derivative liabilities	711,311	-	_	711,311
Amount due to Manager	-	-	57,414	57,414
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	969	969
Distribution payable	-	-	4	4
Other payables and				
accruals		-	6,857	6,857
Total financial liabilities	711,311		65,244	776,555
31.12.2023				
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic	30,232,122	-	-	30,232,122
financial institution	_	316,349	_	316,349
Derivative assets	468,600	-	-	468,600
Dividend receivables	· -	5,746	-	5,746
Profit income receivables	-	171,429	-	171,429
Amount due from Manager	-	139,752	-	139,752
Cash at bank	<u> </u>	1,705,561	<u>-                                      </u>	1,705,561
Total financial assets	30,700,722	2,338,837	-	33,039,559
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	358,520	358,520
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	1,052	1,052
Other payables and				
accruals	-	-	2,964	2,964
Total financial liabilities	-	-	362,536	362,536

## (b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets at FVTPL and derivatives are carried at fair value.

#### 21. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value (cont'd)

#### Shariah-compliant quoted equities

The fair value of quoted investments in shares are determined by reference to the last bid price on Bursa Malaysia as at the statement of financial position date.

For equities quoted other than Bursa Malaysia, the market prices are determined by reference to the theoretical closing market price as quoted by the respective foreign stock exchanges of the respective countries.

#### Sukuk

Sukuk denominated in RM are revalued on a daily basis based on fair value prices quoted by Bond Pricing Agency ("BPA") as per SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

Sukuk denominated in foreign currencies are revalued on a daily basis using the Bloomberg Generic Price ("BGN"). In the case where the Manager are unable to obtain quotation from the BGN, such the Sukuk will be valued at fair value by reference to the average indicative yield quoted by 3 independent and reputable institutions. If both the BGN and quotation from 3 independent and reputable institutions are not available, the Sukuk will be valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Manager, on methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

#### **Derivative assets and liabilities**

The fair value of over-the-counter forward foreign exchange contracts are obtained by using valuation models which incorporate various observable market inputs such as changes in spot rate, and changes in the forward points. For these financial instruments, significant inputs into models are market observable and are included within Level 2.

#### (c) Fair value hierarchy

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

#### 21. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (c) Fair value hierarchy (cont'd)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

31.12.2024	Level 1 USD	Level 2 USD	Level 3 USD
Shariah-compliant quoted equities Sukuk Derivative assets	11,788,888 - - - 11,788,888	14,273,991 620 14,274,611	- - - -
Derivative liabilities		711,311	
31.12.2023	USD	USD	USD
Shariah-compliant quoted equities Sukuk Derivative assets	7,714,691 - - 7,714.691	22,517,431 468,600 22,986,031	- - -

# (d) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

Other than its investments, the Fund's financial instruments are not carried at fair value but their carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value due to their short term maturity.

There were no financial instruments which are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximations of their respective fair values.

#### 22. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

#### (a) Introduction

The Fund's objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of unitholders' value. Risk is inherent in the Fund's activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring of risks. Financial risk management is also carried out through sound internal control systems and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Deeds, the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds and CMSA.

#### (b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as equity prices. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments equals their fair value. The market risk is managed through consistent monitoring and swift response to various factors that may adversely affect the Fund.

#### 22. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (b) Market risk (cont'd)

#### (i) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk of unfavourable changes in the fair values of equities as the result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual shares. The equity price risk exposure arises from the Fund's investments in quoted equities. This risk can be minimised through investing in a wide range of companies in different sectors, which function independently from one another.

Management's best estimate of the effect on the Fund's NAV due to a reasonably possible change in price, with all other variables held constant is indicated in the table below. The impact to loss after taxation and NAV is expected to be the same.

	31.12.2	024	31.12.2023		
		Effects on		Effects on	
		NAV		NAV	
	Changes	Increase/	Changes	Increase/	
	in price	(Decrease)	in price	(Decrease)	
	%	USD	%	USD	
Shariah-compliant	+5	589,444	+5	385,735	
quoted equities	-5	(589,444)	-5	(385,735)	

#### (ii) Profit rate risk

Sukuk are particularly sensitive to movements in market profit rates. When profit rates rise, the value of Sukuk will fall and vice versa, thus affecting the NAV of the Fund. The sensitivity to market profit rate changes are normally greater for longer tenured securities when compared to shorter tenured securities.

#### (iii) Profit rate risk sensitivity

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit/ loss for the period and NAV to movements in prices of Sukuk securities held by the Fund as a result of movements in market profit rates. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the profit rates increased and decreased by 1% (100 basis points) with all other variables held constant.

	31.12.2	024	31.12.2023		
		Effects on		Effects on	
		NAV		NAV	
	Changes in profit rates %	Increase/ (Decrease) USD	Changes in profit rates %	Increase/ (Decrease) USD	
Sukuk	+1 -1	(581,790) 616,435	+1 -1	(1,094,955) 1,169,307	
Sukuk		616,435	<u>-1</u>	1,169,307	

The impact to the Fund's NAV and net loss after taxation is expected to be the same.

#### 22. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (b) Market risk (cont'd)

#### (iii) Profit rate risk sensitivity(cont'd)

The Fund's Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution carry a fixed rate and therefore is not affected by movements in market profit rates.

## (iv) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The base currency of the Fund is USD. As the investments of the Fund may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency, any fluctuation in the exchange rate between USD and the currencies in which the Fund's assets are denominated in may have an impact on the fair value of the Fund's assets. If the currencies in which the assets are denominated depreciate against the base currency, this will have an adverse effect on the NAV of the Fund in the base currency and vice versa. Any gains or losses arising from the fluctuation in the exchange rate may further increase or decrease the returns of the investment and of the Fund.

The Fund is a multi-class Fund. The impact of the exchange rate movement between USD and the foreign currency of MYR Class may result in a depreciation of the unitholders' investment in the Fund as expressed in USD.

#### 22. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

## (b) Market risk (cont'd)

## (iv) Currency risk (cont'd)

The table below analyses the net positions of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative assets and liabilities) in foreign currencies such as Euro ("EUR"), Great British Pound ("GBP"), MYR, TWD, Swiss Franc ("CHF"), Japanese Yen ("JPY") and Korean Won ("KRW"), which are exposed to foreign exchange risk as at reporting date:

31.12.2024	EUR USD	GBP USD	MYR USD	TWD USD	CHF USD	JPY USD	KRW USD	TOTAL USD
Financial assets								
Financial assets at FVTPL	1,007,345	600,343	-	451,009	358,740	335,304	149,983	2,902,724
Dividend receivables	-	1,150	-	1,252	-	1,301	702	4,405
Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed								
Islamic financial institution	-	-	509,997	-	-	-	-	509,997
Amount due from brokers	-	-	-	-	-	-	111,325	111,325
Amount due from Manager	-	-	35	-	-	-	-	35
Cash at bank	-	-	47,806	88,473	-	-	-	136,279
Total financial assets	1,007,345	601,493	557,838	540,734	358,740	336,605	262,010	3,664,765
Financial liabilities Amount due to Manager Distribution payable Other payables and accruals Total financial liabilities excluding NAV attributable to unitholders	- - -	- - -	13,789 4 6,884 20,677	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	13,789 6,884 20,673
Net on-balance sheet open position	1,007,345	601,493	537,161	540,734	358,740	336,605	262,010	3,644,092

The Fund's exposures to fluctuations in the Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD"), Australian Dollar ("AUD"), Canadian Dollar ("CAD"), Norweign Krone ("NOK"), Danish Krone ("DKK"), Brazilian Real ("BRL"), INR and CNY, exchange rates are not significant for the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

## 21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

## (b) Market risk (cont'd)

## (iv) Currency risk (cont'd)

The table below analyses the net positions of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities in foreign currencies suc as MYR, Euro, GBP, JPY, TWD, DKK, and KRW, which are exposed to foreign exchange risk as at reporting date:

31.12.2023	MYR USD	EUR USD	GBP USD	JPY USD	TWD USD	DKK USD	KRW USD	TOTAL USD
Financial assets								
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	670,140	526,603	330,264	260,125	307,663	177,416	2,272,211
Dividend receivables	-	-	1,000	884	774	-	-	2,658
Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed								
Islamic financial institution	316,349	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amount due from Manager	21,525	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash at bank	801,589	-	-	-	70,193	-	-	70,193
Total financial assets	1,139,463	670,140	527,603	331,148	331,092	307,663	177,416	2,345,062
Financial liabilities Amount due to Manager Other payables and accruals Total financial liabilities excluding NAV attributable to unitholders	311,180 2,956 314,136		- - -		- - -		- - -	- - -
Net on-balance sheet open position	825,327	670,140	527,603	331,148	331,092	307,663	177,416	2,345,062

The Fund's exposures to fluctuations in the HKD, AUD, CHF, CAD, Swedish Krona ("SEK") and CNY, exchange rates are not significant for the financial period ended from 13 February 2023 (date of launch) to 31 December 2023.

## 22. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

## (b) Market risk (cont'd)

## (iv) Currency risk (cont'd)

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net on-balance sheet open position to movements in the exchange rates. The analysis calculated the effect of a reasonably possible movement of the currency rate against USD on the Fund's NAV with all other variables held constant.

	31.12.	2024	31.12.2023			
	Change in exchange rates	Effects on NAV Increase/ (decrease)	Change in exchange rates	Effects on NAV Increase/ (decrease)		
Currencies	%	USD	%	USD		
EUR	+5%	50,367	+5%	33,507		
	-5%	(50,367)	-5%	(33,507)		
GBP	+5%	30,075	+5%	26,380		
	-5%	(30,075)	-5%	(26,380)		
MYR	+5%	26,858	+5%	41,266		
	-5%	(26,858)	-5%	(41,266)		
	1					
TWD	+5%	27,037	+5%	16,555		
	-5%	(27,037)	-5%	(16,555)		
CHF	+5%	17,937	+5%	-		
	-5%	(17,937)	-5%	-		
JPY	+5%	16,830	+5%	16,557		
• •	-5%	(16,830)	-5%	(16,557)		
				, , ,		
KRW	+5%	13,101	+5%	8,871		
	-5%	(13,101)	-5%	(8,871)		
<b>-</b> 1/1/			<b>F</b> 2.	45.000		
DKK	+5%	-	+5%	15,383		
	-5%	-	-5%	(15,383)		

#### 22. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer/ counterparty to a financial instrument will default on its contractual obligation resulting in a financial loss to the Fund. The Fund is exposed to the risk of credit-related losses that can occur as a result of an issuer/ counterparty's inability or unwillingness to honour its contractual obligations to make timely payments of profit, principal and proceeds from realisation of investments. These credit exposures exist within financing relationships and other transactions.

The Manager manages the Fund's credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation and close monitoring of any changes to the issuer/ counterparty's credit profile to minimise such risk. It is the Fund's policy to enter into financial instruments with reputable counterparties. The Manager also closely monitors the creditworthiness of the Fund's other counterparties (e.g. brokers, custodian, banks, etc.) by reviewing their credit ratings and credit profile on a regular basis.

#### (i) Credit risk exposure

At the reporting date, the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position. None of the Fund's financial assets were past due or impaired as at the reporting date.

#### (ii) Credit risk concentration

The following table analyses the Fund's investments in Sukuk, profit income receivables and cash and cash equivalents by rating categories. The ratings for the Fund's investments in Sukuk and profit receivable on Sukuk were obtained from S&P or its equivalent rating by Moody's and/ or Fitch, while the ratings for cash at bank and Shariah-compliant deposit with a licensed Islamic financial institution were obtained from RAM's official website.

	31.12.	2024	31.12.2023		
		As a		As a	
		percentage		percentage	
		of NAV		of NAV	
	USD	%	USD	%	
Financial assets					
AAA	2,552,681	9.13	2,193,339	6.73	
A+	2,163,267	7.74	3,353,180	10.28	
Α	2,722,235	9.74	4,305,322	13.20	
A-	2,846,998	10.18	5,909,656	18.12	
BBB	3,704,623	13.25	4,696,037	14.40	
BBB-	777,136	2.78	775,544	2.38	
BB	1,158,612	4.14	1,505,997	4.62	
Unrated	901,120	3.22	1,971,695	6.05	
	16,826,672	60.18	24,710,770	75.78	

#### 22. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or other financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. The Fund is exposed to cash redemptions of its units on a regular basis. Units sold to unitholders by the Manager are redeemable at the unitholder's option based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of redemption calculated in accordance with the Fund's Trust Deeds. It is the Fund's policy that the Manager monitors the Fund's liquidity position on a daily basis. The Fund also manages its obligation to redeem units when required to do so.

The Manager's policy is to always maintain a prudent and sufficient level of liquid assets so as to meet normal operating requirements and expected redemption requests by unitholders. Liquid assets comprise of cash at bank, deposit with a financial institution and other instruments which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The following table summarises the maturity profile of the Fund's financial liabilities and unitholders' contribution to provide a complete view of the Fund's contractual commitments and liquidity. Balances due within twelve months equal their carrying amounts, as the impact of discounting is insignificant.

31.12.2024	Less than 1 month USD	More than 1 month USD	Total USD
Financial liabilities			
Derivative liabilities	617,301	94,010	711,311
Amount due to Manager	57,414	-	57,414
Amount due to Trustee	969	-	969
Distribution payable	4	-	4
Other payables and accruals	6,857	-	6,857
NAV attributable to unitholders	27,960,254	-	27,960,254
Total undiscounted financial liabilities			
and net assets attributable to unitholders	28,642,799		28,736,809
31.12.2023			
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to Manager	358,520	-	358,520
Amount due to Trustee	1,052	-	1,052
Other payables and accruals	2,964	-	2,964
NAV attributable to unitholders	32,610,720	-	32,610,720
Total undiscounted financial liabilities			
and net assets attributable to unitholders	32,973,256	-	32,973,256

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. When a counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Fund are required to pay.

Financial liabilities exclude tax-related matters such as provision of tax, if any.

#### 23. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Fund's objectives for managing the unitholders' contribution are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its prospectus;
- (b) To achieve consistent returns while safeguarding capital by using various investment strategies;
- (c) To maintain sufficient liquidity to provide unitholders with regular and stable distributions and to meet the expenses of the Fund and other obligations as they arise; and
- (d) To maintain sufficient fund size to ensure that the operations of the Fund are cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current financial year/ period.